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MARINES MAKE HEADWAY IN DRIVE ON SEOUL

S. Koreans land at Samchok

Washington, September 20. South Korean Marines have landed and established a beachhead at Samchok, 105 miles North of Pohang on the Korean East coast, a military spokesman said today.

General MacArthur's Headquarters so far have not sent any details of the landing, the spokesman told reporters at a Press briefing.

Samchok is across the Korean peninsula from Inchon where the U.S. First Marine and the Seventh Army divisions landed and are pounding to Seoul, South Korean capital.

Samchok is connected with both Seoul and Pohang by highways and with Seoul by railway.—United Press.

British repel Red attack

Tokyo, September 20. British units operating with the American First Corps repulsed a Communist attack without loss of ground on Tuesday, General MacArthur's headquarters announced today.

A British military spokesman with General MacArthur's Headquarters said today the British brigade was holding firmly the section of their line covering the left flank of the American First Cavalry Division in their advance on Wonsan.

The British were also containing the Communist breakthrough in their sector and, with a South Korean police force, had successfully eliminated a number of Communist groups.

On the Inchon-Seoul front, 14 British Commandos were ready for a special assignment.

Vice-Admiral Arthur Dewey Struble, commander of the joint task force Seven today announced the names of the British ships who "participated significantly" in the early phases of the amphibious operation at Inchon.

Long range batteries of the cruiser Kenya and Jamaica were used effectively to silence Communist shore batteries on Wolmido and Communist artillery in Inchon.

The light aircraft carrier, Triumph also performed a number of important missions in supporting the amphibious operation. Admiral Struble declared.—Reuter.

GBS: LESS BATHS MORE PORRIDGE

Luton, September 20. Mr. George Bernard Shaw, whose only previous complaint since his operation 10 days ago was that he got too many baths, declared today he does not get enough porridge with his breakfast. He asked for a double helping tomorrow.

The hospital said the 94-year-old playwright, who broke his left thigh bone in a fall, was resting comfortably. He is expected to be in the hospital for four or five days more.—United Press.

DIES AFTER WINNING FROM KING FAROUK

Cannes, September 20. Mr. Myers Hyman, 53, a British textile manufacturer, died early today a few minutes after winning 400,000 francs (US\$1,100) from King Farouk of Egypt at cards.—Associated Press.

The weather

At 0900 GMT (8 p.m. HKST) a wide diffuse trough of low pressure extends Eastwards across the China Sea to a shallow depression E. of Luzon; thence NEwards to a deepening depression which has developed SE of Tokyo. Pressure is relatively high over S. China.

Today's Forecast—Moderate N.E. winds. Cloudy.

Yesterday's Weather—
Maximum 84.1 deg. F.,
Minimum 74.9 deg. F.,
Rainfall 0.2 in.
Rainfall 0.2 in. Total since 740.—1011.7 mm. (43.7 in.)
Rainfall on average of 1949, mm.—17.1 in.

Readings at 10 a.m. 1007.9 mm.
Bar. at sea level 1007.9 mm.
Rel. Humidity 74%
Dew Point 74° F.
Wind Direction 040
Wind Force 14 knots

Han River crossed in force; Red defenders in flight

S. KOREANS RECAPTURE POHANG

Tokyo, September 20.

Victorious tank led United States Marines drove four miles beyond their Han River crossing to within four miles of Seoul today with disorganised Communist defenders fleeing before them.

Scores of North Koreans surrendered at the sight of the long columns of Marine amphibious tanks and ducks pouring across the Han delta from the crossing eight miles North West of the former South Korean capital.

Marines cut the main railway running between Seoul and Pyongyang, capital of Communist North Korea, only half an hour after crossing the Han. They also seized several commanding heights, then swung South East toward Seoul itself.

At midday they still were advancing steadily, delayed only by the necessity of testing roads ahead for mines.

General Douglas MacArthur visited the front as the Marines swarmed across the Han.

Some officers predicted the Marines would enter Seoul late today while others said the city would be in American hands before the week-end.

An underground agent who left Seoul yesterday told the Americans that the South Korean underground in the former capital had begun a revolt but this was not supported by any source.

Carrier planes strafed and bombed enemy columns fleeing North and East out of the capital. But reconnaissance pilots reported other Red troops were moving into Seoul from the South along secondary roads.

Men of the United States Seventh Division were striking South East along the Inchon side of the Han in an attempt to cut off Seoul from South. Other Marine units mopping up the river bank opposite Seoul, captured Yangwangri, only two miles from the wrecked main bridge into the capital.

As the Marines closed in on Seoul reconnaissance pilots reported the Communists were retreating all around the 130-mile perimeter of the Allied beachhead based on Pusan in the South East corner of Korea.

The enemy left rearguards behind at the key places around the beachhead while they tried to pull their main forces out from between the closing jaws of the massive United Nations offensive.

Fifth Nakdong bridgehead

The U.S. Second Division irreversibly shattered the enemy's Nakdong River line in the South East beachhead by seizing a fifth American bridgehead on the West bank within two days. Men of the Second are now across the river at three places along a nine-mile front. South West of Taegu. Advance Second Division units, including tanks, had driven five miles West of the river.

Farther up the river, victorious First Cavalry Division troops and tanks poured through newly captured Waegwan on the main Taegu-Seoul highway in hot pursuit of the retreating enemy. Front reports said the Americans had driven three miles North of Waegwan on the East bank of the Nakdong.

Infantry of the 24th Division points South of Waegwan yesterday crossed the Nakdong at two day advanced four miles up the West bank to within two miles of Waegwan. In a drive to cut across the Communists route of retreat to the West.

Troops of the South Korean Third Division recaptured Pohang today but another division trying to retake Kigye was meeting intense enemy opposition. United Press correspondent Robert Bennett reported from the Northern front.

Third Division troops drove the remaining Reds out of the Northern outskirts of Pohang early this afternoon and then moved into high ground about one mile North of the city. Other Third Division forces were fighting their way slowly on ridges which dominate Pohang to the North and North West.

AT GATEWAYS OF SEOUL

Tokyo, September 20. General MacArthur's Headquarters announced late tonight that American armoured columns in strength are at the gateways of Seoul.

Marines in force have moved steadily South East astride the Han river, and on the South bank have entered the suburb of Yongsongpo, which had previously been occupied by advance units.

The advance is being made against stiffening resistance, the communiqué said.—Associated Press.

Reds holding at Kigye

The South Korean Capital Division advanced only 1,000 yards today to reach a position about one and a half miles South and South East of Kigye. Red troops entrenched on top of high ridges just South of Kigye were staying there despite repeated air strikes and heavy shelling by South Korean artillery.

Spotter planes were looking this afternoon for two Red tanks which the South Koreans claimed they had sighted in the Kigye area.

The South Korean Eighth Division pushed Northward to the town of Kijon, 18 miles North of Yongchun and about half way to Andong, a vital point along the Red supply line from Seoul to the North front.

Other Eighth Division troops fighting to the South East had been slowed almost to a standstill by heavy enemy firing between the towns of Chunggho-dong and Susong-dong. An enemy regiment of unknown size was believed opposing the South Koreans in this sector.

Heavy fighting between Angang-ni and Pohang troops of the South Korean Third Division were halted by an estimated 1,000 Reds. The Communist counter-attack had gone nearly 2,000 yards before HOK troops managed to hold it.

Han crossing described

Reuters Correspondent with the U. S. First Marine Division reported that this morning's Han River crossing operation went without a hitch. As dawn broke, American and British naval vessels in Inchon harbor poured a deadly 15-minute barrage into the 1,000 yard stretch of the river's Northern bank where the Marines were to land.

Marine artillery on the Southern side of the Han followed up with a further 18-minute barrage and when the smoke and dust from explosions cleared, Marine assault waves started over the river in their versatile amphibious tracks.

As the first wave of five amphibious tanks carrying more than 20 men climbed out of the river, on to the muddy shores on the Northern bank, only sporadic fire greeted them.

They moved to their first objective—the town of Haengju, situated on end-around a small hill—with speed and sureness. Their mottled green jungle fatigues blending with the rippling rice in the paddies.

The beachhead had been won and as wave after wave of amphibious tanks poured their way across muddy waters of the Han the beachhead rapidly widened in width and depth. By 8 a.m. the battalion was across the river and the second battalion was moving to the river with the objective of reaching the main road and railway running North from Seoul, preparatory to an advance on the city.

Another battalion of Marines was also to make a crossing this morning to go in as reserve. South Korean Marines who have been given the task of holding the "Leathernecks" left flank and preventing Communist reinforcement breaking through from the North were also assembled to go across the river.

Dressed in American Marine uniforms and carrying American equipment, they were in great spirit. For many of them, Seoul is home and they are eager to get there.—United Press and Reuter.

Two U.S. Navy planes crash killing 33

Pearl Harbour, September 20. A U.S. Navy four-engine transport plane plunged into the sea off Kwajalein Island yesterday and exploded, killing all 20 Navy personnel aboard, the U.S. Navy announced.

Rescue planes and boats sent from Kwajalein reported that no survivors were picked up. Four bodies were found in the water.

A patrol bomber, a crash boat and patrol craft reached the scene minutes after the explosion. A Navy spokesman said, adding, "All we found were two empty life rafts and debris, drifting nearby."

Privateer crash

A Navy four-engine Privateer plane with seven aboard crashed into Puget Sound, off Waldbey Island near Seattle yesterday, and searchers found no survivors.

The Navy reported that searching boats found an oil patch littered with wreckage two miles offshore in Saratoga Passage.

The Privateer was on a training mission.—Associated Press.

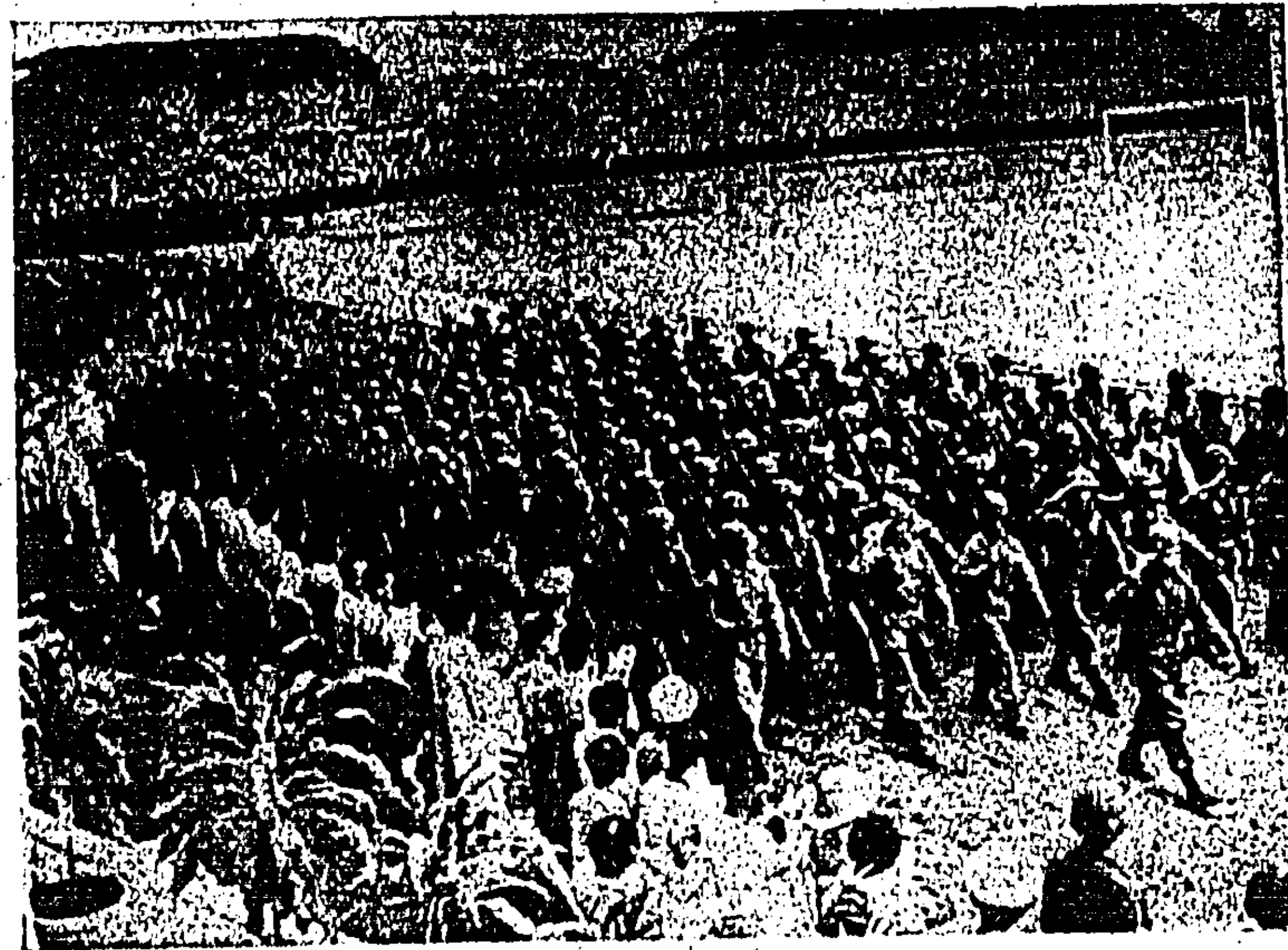
"MIGHTY MO" OFF INCHON

Aboard Flagship of Joint Task Force 7, September 20. The battleship Missouri, only United States warship of its size in active service, went into action off Inchon today.

Vice-Admiral Arthur Dewey Struble announced the arrival of "Mighty Mo."

Her 16-inch guns will continue support of troops attacking Seoul. The Missouri bombarded the East coast of Samchok last week.—Associated Press.

Filipino troops for Korea



The 10th Battalion combat team infantry of the Philippine Commonwealth Army, destined for service with United Nations forces in Korea, march in review before some 50,000 persons in Rizal football stadium in Manila. The troops have now arrived in Korea. (AP Photo).

Caduceus returns after seven months' detention

With an incomplete crew of 57, including four British officers, the 4,445-ton British freighter Caduceus returned to port yesterday after being under Nationalist detention at Takao, Formosa, for seven months since February 16. The 10 crew members who failed to return with the ship included the cargo supervisor Ying Yen-ming, 38, who was executed on July 27 on a charge of being a Communist attempting to infiltrate into Formosa.

The other nine crew members were sentenced to imprisonment ranging from one to 10 years on charges of affiliation with the Chinese Communists or of being engaged in smuggling for the Chinese Communists.

"There was absolutely no legal reason to justify the detention of the ship for seven months and it was a glaring case of flagrant international law," declared Captain Ronald Hay Conway of Hursville, New South Wales, Australia, when interviewed by the Press on board his vessel yesterday.

The Nationalists were never able to produce any evidence to support the charges against his vessel, Captain Conway said. For instance, he added, the ship was alleged to be engaged in smuggling for the Chinese Communists, but no accusation had been made against him, no contraband goods had been shown to him and no fine had been imposed on the vessel.

On the fate of the 10 crew members failing to return with the vessel, Captain Conway complained that neither he nor British Consular officials at Taipei were represented at the trial. Nor had the British authorities been notified of the Court's finding, he added.

Executed man

Saying that he learned of the trial and the sentences afterwards only from the local Press in Formosa, Captain Conway added that Ying Yen-ming, the executed man, was supposed to have been smuggled into Formosa but this was not the case. The man had been legally signed on with his name plainly featured on the ship's articles of agreement, Captain Conway said.

As to the other "converted men" who were alleged to have been in Chinese Communist territory, he has been a well-known fact that at least 50 per cent of the Chinese seamen engaged on ships from Hong Kong had been during the past year in Chinese ports, the Australian master said. As far as the Caduceus was concerned, Keelung and Takao were the first Chinese ports ever called upon by the ship which paid its first visit to the Far East when it left Hong Kong for Europe on December 27, 1949, Captain Conway said.

Relating his "tough and uncomfortable experience" during the past seven months, Captain Conway said the Caduceus sailed from Hong Kong on January 31 with 2,800 tons of cargo, mostly soybean cakes, for Keelung and another 1,100 tons of cargo for the ECA in Takao under assignment of Jardine Matheson and Company.

After the last cargo had been discharged in Takao, and the ship cleared for its return voyage to Hong Kong on February 15, a party of Nationalist soldiers boarded the vessel at 9 a.m. the next day.

rest were "indoctrinated" in a so-called reformatory school. Captain Conway continued.

Conditions in the camp were as dreadful as one could imagine, one crew member told the "China Mail" reporter. "In this concentration camp where several hundred inmates were interned and indoctrinated on Sun Min Chu Yi and other anti-Communist doctrine, food was so scarce that it was almost insufficient for a man's subsistence," he said. "With their heads shaved, a procedure which was the first action to be taken when one was sent into the camp, the inmates were just 'walking skeletons'."

The imprisoned or detained men were successively released after several months, with 12 released on May 28, 23 on August 9, 16 on September 12 and two on September 15.

Well guarded

During the first two weeks after the seizure of the ship, the Nationalists mobilised 20 armed soldiers to guard the four Europeans on board the vessel. During the subsequent four months, guards for the Europeans were reduced to two gendarmes and two members of the Peace Preservation Corps. Seven weeks after the arrest of the vessel, the Europeans were allowed to go ashore under armed escort.

The Nationalists tried to justify the arrest of the vessel by saying that the ship was not British-registered. Captain Conway retorted, "But we had every document to prove that the ship had been registered in Newcastle since 1927, and the vessel has been travelling all around the world under this registration for the past 23 years," the master said.

Officers of the Caduceus had been held incommunicado with the outside world until March 14 and Captain Conway made his first trip to Taipei to see the British Consul there on March 20 under armed escort.

After the entire Chinese crew had been taken ashore on March 5, the European officers had to do everything by themselves until they were allowed to employ a cook.

Life on board the ship for the Europeans was tough, but it was even tougher for the Chinese crew, half of whom had spent most of the time in jail, while the

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French rout Reds in Indo-China

Saigon, September 20. French troops, battling what may be a large scale Communist attempt to seize control of Indo-China, cut down a battalion of Communist troops today in a "slaughter-house" attack and sent enemy units fleeing toward the nearby Communist border.

The fighting took place near Communist-held Dongha on the border between Indo-China and Communist China. French sources said the fortress town will probably be recaptured tonight or tomorrow.

Officials said a French column of unaided strength caught a Vietminh battalion by surprise between Langson and Dongha, riddling it with artillery fire and inflicting "severe losses."

French reconnaissance pilots who flew over Dongha said the fortress appeared abandoned by the rebels in face of the French counter-attack.

Their reports said the Communists had fled with the arms which they had captured. There was no mention of the fate of the French garrison which was captured by the Communists when they staged a sudden attack on the town. French sources feared they were killed.—United Press.

Students taken to border

One hundred and eleven Chinese students returning from the United States by the ship President Wilson left the ship by launchers and boarded a train at Taipei Station yesterday afternoon for the border on their way to China.

Three special carriages were prepared by the Kowloon-Canton Railway for the students who travelled the whole way to the border under Police escort.

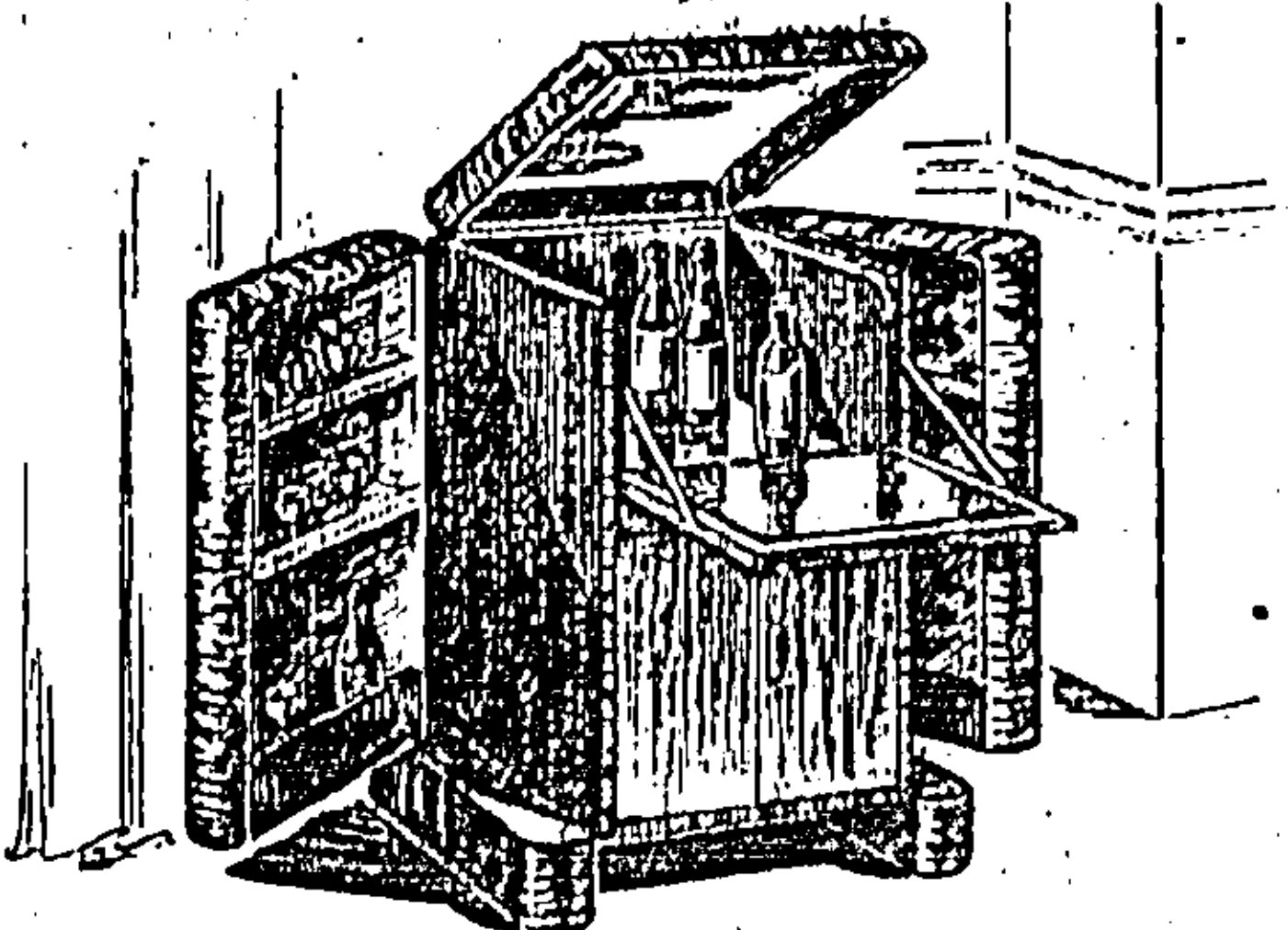
When they arrived in Lo Wu, the area was temporarily cordoned off for the students to pass to Chinese territory, where a representative of the Kuangtung Educational Department and other Communist officials were present to meet the students.

When these students arrived by the ss. President Wilson on Wednesday, they were not allowed to land in Hong Kong in accordance with immigration regulations.

The American liner sailed last night for Manila. Mr. J. T. Roussell, Mr. G. W. Mallory, United States Vice-Consul in Hong Kong, and Mrs. Mallory, were among the 290 passengers embarking here.

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Stone-laying ceremony for new Anti-TB Ass'n building

The Acting Chief Justice, Mr. E. H. Williams, yesterday laid the cornerstone of a three-story Headquarters and Follow-Up Clinic of the Anti-TB Association on the site in the Kowloon Hospital grounds. This new building will house the organisational "nerve centre" of the Association and their new auditorium.

It was pointed out at the cornerstone ceremonies yesterday that the Association's work, in addition to concentrating on curing the disease, will also now expand into "preventive" work.

This will involve public campaigns advising early treatment for those with TB symptoms, public showings of educational movies on the disease and an increased watch over patients who have been cured to prevent relapses.

More than 100 guests, including Sir Arthur and Lady Morse, Sir Man-kam Lo and Lady Lo, and the Honourable T. N. Chiu, attended the ceremonies yesterday. Chairman of the Anti-TB Association, Dr. S. N. Chiu, read a letter to the gathering from Dr. L. O. Roberts, a Tuberculosis Adviser to the World Health Organisation, who is now in London.

Dr. Roberts sent his good wishes and congratulations. He pointed out that the tuberculosis situation in Hong Kong was already better than in many Asian countries, and he commended the setting-up of a preventive organisation.

Dr. Chiu explained what type of building was to be constructed, and gave his thanks to the War Memorial Fund Association, who contributed the HK\$350,000 for the building's construction. He said:

Proud day

"Today, then, is one of the proudest days of the Association. For today in the laying of this foundation stone we see the fulfilment of our years of hopes and planning. There is something exciting about a Foundation Stone, and this one has a particular significance. We have for the first time a building which we can watch grow from start to finish, and from the laying of this stone today to the completion of the building, the Association will have the satisfaction of seeing it built to its purpose. It is a privilege for us to be able to contribute a still greater service to the Community.

"Today begins a new chapter in the history of the Association, and I might also say, of the Colony, for the Health Education schemes which will be put into operation when we are able to occupy the building, are more ambitious than any ever attempted before in Hong Kong.

"This project has been made possible by the decision of the Hong Kong War Memorial Fund Committee to defray out of their funds by way of grants to the Association, the whole of the cost of the erection and equipment of



The Acting Chief Justice, Mr. E. H. Williams, is shown laying the foundation stone for the new headquarters building of the Anti-Tuberculosis Association yesterday. ("China Mail" photo).

the building, the estimated total of which is \$350,000. This magnificent gesture on the part of the War Memorial Fund Committee will prove an essential contribution to the health and welfare of the Colony as a whole, and is directly attributable to that Committee's clear evaluation of the menace of Tuberculosis in Hong Kong, and the most effective way it can be controlled and combated.

"I should, here and now, like to take this opportunity to express the Association's everlasting gratitude to the War Memorial Fund Committee for its sympathetic understanding of our problems and requirements, and for substantiating that sympathy in the most tangible of terms.

"The building itself is dedicated to the memory of those members of the Community who gave their lives in the defence of Hong Kong in the Second World War, and I am of the opinion that it is a most serviceable memorial."

War Memorial Fund

Mr. Justice Williams explained the purpose of the War Memorial Fund to the guests after performing the stone-laying ceremony. He said in part: "The Hong Kong War Memorial Fund Committee, as you are aware, commenced its work in 1947 but it was not until this year that we felt able to devote some of our funds to worthy causes such as that which is being initiated here to-day. The Committee, of course, is bound by the terms of the Ordinance and the primary object of the Fund is to render assistance to the dependants of the members of the Colony's Defence services who died in action or captivity and also to members of those services who by reason of wounds or injuries received in the fighting or in captivity are themselves in need of such assistance.

"When these debts of honour have been satisfied, but not before, the Fund is to be available to provide for the good of the community generally, and, in particular, for the amelioration of the condition of the poorer class—I might call this the secondary object of the Fund.

Naturally we could not consider giving assistance to any secondary scheme until we were

able to see what was required for our primary object. It was only this year that we felt we were in a position to devote part of our funds to assisting the community. The Recreational Centre in the Southern Playground which was opened a few months ago is the result of such a grant.

"The erection of the Headquarters Building of the Tuberculosis Sanatorium, as you, Mr. Chairman, have stated, has been made possible by contributions from the Fund. When the Committee was first approached with a request to help you, it readily agreed to do so. We knew that few causes in the Colony were more deserving of assistance and our one regret was that our limited resources prevented us from making a more substantial grant to this very worthy cause."

Boy Scouts present "Gang Show"

An enterprising theatrical performance was presented by the Boy Scouts of Hong Kong at the European YMCA last night.

Dubbed "Gang Show of 1950," it was produced by Captain J. Hendlam, and played to a full house, made up mostly of Scouts, Wolf Cubs, their parents and Servicemen.

The programme will be repeated tonight, when many official guests are expected to attend, including Mr. J. F. Nicoll, the Officer Administering the Government, Sir Arthur Morse, President of the Boy Scouts Association, will also be present.

Divided into two parts with a short interval, the show featured 18 short skits. It began with a chorus singing the Hong Kong Boy Scouts Song, after which the show was introduced by the District Commissioner, Mr. F. Quail.

An amusing item enabled a few Scouts to show their swiftness and prowess, and the audience was greatly amused by the barber service purported to be available at Sweeney Todd's.

In the second part of the programme, some members of the "gang" went to great expense to show the life being led in a Malayan bandit camp.

"Home Sweet Home" recapitulated some nostalgic songs which showed how pleasant home life may sometimes be.

The show concluded with a camp-fire session, when the audience, as well as the cast, mingled their voices in a series of songs filled with the spirit of Scouting.

Tickets, priced at \$4, are still available for tonight's performance.

The proceeds will go to the Anti-Tuberculosis Fund.

New Chinese Emblem

Photographs and details of the National Emblem of the People's Republic of China were published yesterday in two Peking Government vernaculars, "Ta Kung Pao" and "Wen Wei Pao."

The Emblem has been approved by the People's Central Government at Peking. The emblem is a circular design.

Five stars occupy the upper part of the circle and the stars in the front gate of the palace in Peking.

The Emblem is supposed to symbolise new China ruled by workers and farmers under the guidance of the Chinese Communist Party.

QUEEN'S ROAD ROBBERY

A Chinese woman was held up by three men in Queen's Road East, near Kennedy Road shortly after 9 p.m. yesterday.

The men, who were armed with daggers, robbed the woman of her handbag and escaped.

Correspondence

The Editor takes no responsibility for views expressed in letters by correspondents, and by no means necessarily agrees with them.

COMPENSATION FOR INTERNEES

Sir—For those of us who suffered imprisonment and torture during the enemy occupation, and are now left to be tossed over by some of those who based on under the Kempeitai terrorism, it is indeed gratifying to read sometimes in your Correspondence columns letters from such persons as "W." who wrote on September 19 on compensation to internees; otherwise we might have thought that we are always wrong, whether under the Mikado or under a world safe for democracy.

Although theoretically internees and ex-political prisoners have every right to demand and receive compensation for their losses, post-war legislation has been aimed at protecting and legalising the ill-gotten gains of enemy collaborators and war profiteers.

We saw the order to make Dures Notes good money. Who had the Dures Notes? Not the internees or political prisoners. We read the Land Transaction (Enemy) Ordinance of 1948, to grant all facilities to those who owned huge fortunes under the enemy. The internees and ex-political prisoners did not, generally speaking, have any chance to amass big profits for real estate investment.

Our conclusion is therefore that injustice done to internees and other sufferers in enemy hands has been augmented by the excessive tolerance and inequitable protection extended to the enemy's friends.

In times like these, when loyalty should be encouraged, let us review the whole situation. Not only the enemy property under custody should be allocated for compensation, but also the ill-gotten gains of the enemy's friends should also be taxed.

That is the sound theory of patriotism. The Home Government may, however, think it is a problem of the local Government, and who controls the local Government? Who passed the Dures Note Order and the Land Transaction (Enemy) Ordinance of 1948?

So long as the Home Government refuse to intervene in the internees and political prisoners, and the Home Government are too busy with other affairs.

History is full of cases of inequity and injustice. I hope that "W." realises that he is fighting a losing battle.

Yours, etc.,
A PERPETUAL LOSEK.

Resolution on pensions approved

A resolution regarding payment of ex gratia pensions to widows and children of certain officers in the service of Hong Kong who were detained during the Japanese invasion, was approved by Legislative Council yesterday.

The Attorney General, Mr. J. B. Griffin, who introduced the resolution, said the resolution adopted by Council on March 8 this year referred to section 17 of the Pensions Ordinance 1949, but that section relates only to officers in receipt of revised salaries derived from the Salaries Commission of 1947.

No provision was made in that resolution for widows and children of officers who retired from the service on unrevised salaries and who died before August 31, 1952. Award in such cases would be considered under the Pensions Ordinance 1932 or in the case of police officers, under the Pensions Regulations made under the Police Force Ordinance 1932. Neither of these ordinances makes provision for any award to the widow and children of an officer who dies as a result of injuries sustained during internment, unless he has died whilst still in the service.

The purpose of the resolution, said Mr. Griffin, is to provide that pension as authorised in the Pensions Ordinance 1949, is applicable, may similarly be awarded ex gratia in the case of officers affected, being officers to whom the ordinances of 1932 apply.

The motion, was seconded by the Acting Colonial Secretary, Mr. R. H. Todd, and carried unanimously.

Committal proceedings open against three men charged with murder

Committal proceedings were started yesterday against three men at Central yesterday on a charge of murder. After the prosecution chief witness had given evidence, hearing of the case was adjourned till tomorrow.

Before Mr. J. Reynolds, the three accused, Yu Yau, aged 40, Yu Muk, aged 29, and Leung Chi, aged 40, faced a charge of murdering Leung Chui-fong at Water Street.

Detective Inspector G. A. A. Nicol of the Homicide Squad conducted the case for the prosecution.

The chief witness for the prosecution, Li King, in evidence said that between July 30 and August 8 he was working at a building (construction site at 20 Water Street).

"I slept on the first floor and had meals together with five others. The party included the first two accused, Wong Sam and a carpenter.

"I only knew the third accused through buying cigarettes from him. Leung was seldom seen at the building site.

Shortly after 7 p.m. on the night of August 4, I saw the accused and I slept on the first floor. I slept on top of a pile of bricks and the first accused did the same. On the same floor there were two other workers. Deceased had a special bed on the first floor.

"When I went to bed, deceased was not on the floor. First accused walked past me and I awoke. I saw first accused going down the steps. I saw him come back again and go up to the second floor.

"I saw deceased sleeping at the same place. I saw accused coming down from the second floor with two other men, that is the second and third accused.

"They walked towards the bed of the deceased. At that time deceased appeared to be sleeping. I saw first accused lift up an axe and hack at deceased's head. Third accused with something

CADUCEUS RETURNS TO HK

(Continued from page 1)
Yesterday's scene on board the Caduceus was a touching one. When the wife of the radio operator, Mr. Ho, who is British subject and who had also spent several months in the reformatory school, went on board to meet her husband, for many minutes she could not utter a word as tears poured out from her eyes.

The Caduceus is owned by Wallen and Company. The other European officers are First Officer W. M. Layfield, Chief Engineer N. S. Halliday and Second Engineer G. J. Cressop. The ship is to enter Tientsin Docks this afternoon for overhaul.

Select Committee report on Jury Ordinance

The previously proposed Bill to amend the Jury Ordinance, 1887, should be re-cast to effect material amendment of the Ordinance, said the report of a Select Committee released yesterday.

The Committee was appointed following criticisms of the proposed Bill by Sir Man-kam Lo at a Council meeting on August 29.

The Committee included the Attorney General, Mr. J. B. Griffin (Chairman), Mr. P. S. Cassidy, Mr. M. W. Lo and Mr. L. Kadoorie. It was to consider the Bill in view of the criticisms.

Sir Man-kam Lo had said that Clause 1 of the Bill did not afford sufficient machinery to enable the Registrar of the Supreme Court to obtain for the purposes of the Jury List the names and particulars of all persons within the Colony liable and qualified to serve as jurors.

The Committee's report said it is necessary to re-cast the Bill to achieve the following objectives:

(a) That, so far as is practicable, description, by definition, should be embodied in the law of the extent of knowledge of the English language regarded as sufficient to qualify a person for inclusion in the Jury list; (b) That, in so far as is practicable, provision should be included whereby a person being a potential member of the Jury list, or the employer of such a person, can have any doubt resolved regarding the sufficiency of knowledge of the English language before incurring any liability to prosecution for failure to make a return to the Registrar of the Supreme Court.

Recommendations of committee

The Committee recommended that the Bill before Council be amended as follows:

(a) by the addition of a clause to be numbered clause 1 for the purpose of amending section 3 of the principal Ordinance; and (b) by the deletion of clause 4 of the Bill before Council and the substitution of a clause numbered clause 4 which will embody provision whereby a person probably eligible

Personalia

Messrs. Tran Linh, Truong Kiet, Chau Han and Lam Que left for Saigon yesterday by Air France.

Mr. L. Tomkinson will be the speaker at the European YMCA Armchair Group meeting on Sunday night. His subject will be "Diversity and unity of Chinese thought or the essentials of heresies."

Mr. C. W. Lee, Secretary of the World YMCA Committee, will speak on "Report from the West" at today's luncheon of the Y's Men's Club. The lunch will be held at 12.45 p.m. at the Roof Garden, Hong Kong Hotel.

Civil Aviation Ordinance

The Civil Aviation (Births, Deaths and Missing Persons) Ordinance 1950, had its first reading in the Legislative Council yesterday.

The full title of the Bill is "an ordinance to provide for the keeping of records of births and deaths, and records of persons missing and believed to have died in consequence of an accident, occurring in any part of the world in, or during, a journey in any aircraft registered in Hong Kong, and to provide for the preservation of such records by the Registrar of Births and Deaths."

The Attorney General, Mr. J. B. Griffin, explaining the purpose of the Bill, said it is designed to amend the making of regulations for the purpose of registration of births and deaths occurring in relation to aircraft registered in Hong Kong. The Acting Colonial Secretary, Mr. R. R. Todd, seconded.

Two Premieres this evening

Two Gala Premieres will be held today in the Theatre Royal, with the Lee Theatre presenting "State Secret" and the Hoxby Theatre showing "Black Rose."

The Premieres at the Lee Theatre sponsored by the Royal Air Force Association and the proceeds will go to the RAF Benevolent Fund. The picture, a British mystery thriller in the vein of "The Third Man," will open to the public on Friday.

Safe, Soft, Relief—All Ages
COUGHS & COLDS
Indigestion and Stomach disorders
WOODS' Great PEPPERMINT CURE

Kennedy-Skipton's action is dismissed by Court

Reminders

Today

Kowloon Rotary Club, luncheon, Peninsula Hotel, 12.30 p.m.
Y's Men's Club of HK, lunch, Roof Garden, HK Hotel, 12.45 p.m.
Concert of recorded music, Diocesan Boys' School, 8.15 p.m.
NAAFI Club, Kowloon, snooker tournament, 7 p.m.; whist-drive, 7.30 p.m.
Union Jack Club, tombola, 7.30 p.m.
Nine Dragons Services Club, tennis - darts competition (second round), 7 p.m.
HK Women's International Club, whist drive, 7.30 p.m.
HK Boy Scouts present "Gang-show of 1950" at European YMCA, Kowloon, 8.30 p.m. (in aid of Anti-TB Fund).

Coming events

TOMORROW

Nine Dragons Services Club, tombola, 7.30 p.m.
Union Jack Club, dance, 8 p.m.
Cheong Services Club, amateur night, 7.30 p.m.

SATURDAY

Cheong Services Club, Tombola, 7.30 p.m.
Nine Dragons Services Club, tombola (Snowball), 7.30 p.m.
Exhibition of Chinese paintings by Professor Chao Shao-an, Hotel Cecil, 10 a.m. to 7 p.m.

SUNDAY

The H. classical concert, 50, Macdonnell Road, 8.30 p.m.
Armenian Group, European YMCA, talk on "Diversity and Unity of Chinese Thought and the Essentials of Heresies", 8.45 p.m.
NAAFI Club, Kowloon, snooker tournament, 7 p.m.
Nine Dragons Services Club, gramophone record, 7 p.m.; film show "Pan-American", 8 p.m.
Exhibition of Chinese paintings by Prof. Chao Shao-an, Hotel Cecil, 10 a.m. to 7 p.m.

Shipping figures for past year

Shipping figures for the year 1949-50 showed an improvement, according to the annual report of the Director of Marine.

The report said that the figures were impressive when compared with those for the year following the end of the last war.

Progress has been overshadowed to some extent by the accumulation of about 96 laid-up foreign ships in Hong Kong's waters. It could not be foreseen when these vessels would resume operation in view of the present instability in the Far East.

Storage space

The same disturbed conditions, with the attendant restrictions on the free movement of goods, have caused serious congestion in storage space, a situation which is requiring the closest co-operation of all concerned in the entrepot business and the general well-being of the Port.

Some 63,267 vessels totalling 27,350,520 net tons entered and cleared during the year; this was a decrease of 3,528 vessels but an increase of 4,310,394 net tons.

This is explained by the fact that, although the wine and increase of 1,082 ocean-going vessels of 3,610,004 net tons, 734 river steamers of 1,349,211 net tons and 7,175 Internal Trade junks of 260,688 net tons, there was a corresponding decrease of 8,855 Foreign Trade junks of 22,318 net tons, 1,562 Foreign Trade power-driven vessels of 40 tons and under, and their tows, of 22,269 net tons, and 2,968 similar vessels and their tows of 64,817 tons engaged in Internal Trade.

A total of 1,021,166 passengers were declared as disembarking, which is an increase of 29,871 over the previous year, while 1,039,734 passengers were declared as having embarked in vessels leaving the port, indicating a decrease of 32,934. The total of 2,060,900 passengers shows a decrease of 2,476 when compared with 1948-49.

ADVANTAGES

These are your ADVANTAGES when you ship with THE EVERGREEN.

1. Fresh Merchandise every 2 weeks - never after you and home no other store carries.
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4. Services from 10 a.m. to 8.30 p.m.

THE EVERGREEN
809-8109 Ng. Kowloon, Tel. 8109

The action brought by Mr. G. S. Kennedy-Skipton, former Hong Kong civil servant, against the Hong Kong Government for alleged arrears of salary and alleged wrongful dismissal, was dismissed by Mr. T. J. Gould, Senior Puisne Judge, yesterday.

The Court upheld the submission of the Crown on a preliminary point of law that the plaintiff has no right to remuneration which can be enforced against the Crown by the Court and that he may look to the bounty of the Crown only.

Hearing of the action was confined to this preliminary point of law, but by mutual agreement between counsel, it was agreed that in the event of the defendant being successful, the action itself would be dismissed, on the ground that the declaration asked for in plaintiff's statement of claim is not one which the Court has power to make or in the alternative is one the Court ought not to make.

As a result of the dismissal of the action yesterday the Court also ruled that the statement of claim was also to be struck out.

The action was brought by plaintiff against the Attorney General. The claim in its original form was for arrears of salary alleged to be owing by the Hong Kong Government to plaintiff, but it was amended to include a claim for a declaration that the Governor was ultra vires in purporting to dismiss the plaintiff as from February 11, 1942.

Plaintiff, according to the statement of claim, was employed in the Hong Kong Government as a colonial administrative officer, class I. On February 11, 1942, Mr. (now Sir) Franklin Gimson, Colonial Secretary, Hong Kong, but then a captive under enemy detention, purported to suspend the plaintiff.

Findings of committee

On April 24, 1943, at Chungking, by letter signed by one P. C. M. Sedgwick, and purporting to be under the direction of H. M. Ambassador at Chungking, the plaintiff was informed that the Secretary of State for the Colonies purported to confirm the suspension of plaintiff from his appointment, until such time as sufficient information was available as would enable the Secretary of State to advise the King in the matter.

In January 1948, a committee of enquiry to consider charges of improper behaviour and disloyalty against plaintiff, found him guilty of improper behaviour, and in particular disloyalty, not to the Crown but to the Service with which he was a member. In September that year plaintiff was dismissed from his employment as from February 11, 1942. Plaintiff had received full salary up to and including November 30, 1941.

He replied for his claim on the Colonial Regulations Part I, Public Officers.

Court's judgment

In a 19-page judgment Mr. Justice Gould dealt extensively with the point of law raised by defendants and quoted from numerous authorities on the subject.

He said the courts have frequently had occasion to consider the peculiar relationship between the Crown and Crown servants, naval, military and civil. From the authorities it is clear that in the ordinary way a civil servant is employed during the pleasure of the Crown and is dismissible at will; therefore he can maintain no action for damages for wrongful dismissal.

Many of the cases quoted dealt with military or naval personnel, but said Mr. Justice Gould, the cases mentioned establish certain propositions of law quite clearly. Firstly that for reasons of public policy a military or naval servant of the Crown cannot enforce by process of law any right to remuneration or pension and cannot be heard to say he has been wrongfully dismissed.

A civil servant is in the same position as regards dismissal; he holds his position during the pleasure of the Crown and his employment is subject to the Crown's pleasure. The rule has its origin in considerations of public interest.

A civil servant in the position of plaintiff could not have action of right, and the plaintiff therefore must fail in this action in so far as the claim for salary and allowances is concerned.

Not without doubt

On plaintiff's claim for a declaration that the Governor was ultra vires in purporting to dismiss the plaintiff as from February 11, 1942, Mr. Justice Gould said the question at this stage is whether the Court could have jurisdiction to make the declaration.

ENGINEER ACQUITTED

Bernard Talbot, aged 40, engineer, residing at 2 Castle Street, was acquitted by Mr. J. Reynolds at Central yesterday on a charge of importing ammunition (empty shell cases) without a licence from the Commissioner of Police. It was stated that the empty shell cases amounted to 13 tons and valued at HK\$10,000 were found on board a motor junk. Talbot was represented by Mr. P. J. Grimshaw.

Control of petrol imports in Macao

Macao has announced a further tightening of the control of petrol imports, said the Vernacular "Wah Kiu Men Pau" yesterday in a report from the Portuguese Colony.

The report said that the Macao authorities have decided to penalise smugglers caught in importing petrol and other liquid fuel.

The penalty will be 10 times the tax that would have been imposed if the fuel were imported through proper channels.

Imports of liquid fuel must be accompanied by permits from the exporting State.

Court Brevities

A Chinese police constable was remanded for three days by Mr. J. Reynolds at Central yesterday on a charge of larceny.

The defendant, Yip Chuen, Police Constable 1737, of the Western Police Station, was charged with stealing \$17.00 and various articles from Chan San.

Described as a case of celebrating the Moon Festival too early, Inspector J. Orem informed Mr. Reynolds at Kowloon yesterday that an 18-year-old girl, Pang Lai-wah, of 273 Shanghai Street, had failed to come to court to answer a charge of being drunk in a public place.

Defendant's \$30 bill was estimated.

The \$30 bill put up by Wong Gie-fan, married woman, of 9 Granville Road, for a similar offence was also estimated when she failed to answer a charge of being drunk and disorderly.

A fine of \$100 or two months' imprisonment was imposed on Cheung Hing-kiu, aged 19, married woman, by Mr. R. W. S. Winter at Kowloon yesterday for the larceny of three small gold rings and two gold bangles, valued at \$24.50, from her husband's employer Tam Ho, quarry foreman.

Inspector J. Hill stated that defendant stole the articles from a hut at the Kin Fat Quarry, Hungnam, on various dates.

Defendant's husband, a coolie at the quarry, told the Court that he wanted a separation from his wife and that if a fine was imposed on his wife, he was not prepared to pay it.

Ignazio Galiffi, aged 22, seaman, was ordered to the House of Detention by Mr. Hin-shing Lo at Central yesterday pending arrangements for sending him away.

Defendant was charged with remaining in the Colony without the permission of the Immigration Officer.

Defendant was a member of the crew of the ss. Danholm, which arrived on June 18. When the ship left on July 14, defendant failed to sail with her and was later arrested.

Defendant said that he was married to a Chinese woman and intended to take his wife to Italy.

Edward David Sykes, aged 56, was found not guilty by Mr. Hin-shing Lo at Central yesterday on a charge of obtaining \$410 by false pretences from Ng Lum in July this year.

Sykes pleaded not guilty and in his defence said that the money was a loan. He said that he had helped Ng before and that when he needed money he went to him on different occasions for loans. The first time he borrowed \$300.

Mr. Lo told Sykes to pay Ng the \$410.

Charged with armed robbery, Lai Keung, aged 20, unemployed, was remanded two days by Mr. R. W. S. Winter at Kowloon yesterday for further inquiries.

Lai, with others, had robbed a couple of their wrist watches at Sung Wong Tai Road, Kowloon City, last Monday.

For having had in his possession the carcass of a dead pig, a 40-year-old coolie, Soon Lit, was fined \$50 by Mr. James Wickes at Kowloon yesterday.

Soon, who was seen carrying the dead animal in a back lane of Fa Yuen Street, near Argyle Street, on Tuesday morning, said he picked up the pig in the vicinity but police inquiries showed that no one there had disposed of the carcass.

Two British soldiers, Sidney George Thornton, Harrison and Joseph Harrington, brought before Mr. A. D. Scholes, Puisne Judge, yesterday on a robbery charge, were granted an adjournment when they asked for time to enable them to engage counsel for their defence.

Mr. A. Lonsdale, Crown Counsel, said the Crown had no objection to the adjournment, applied for, though it would mean that trial would have to stand over until the next Criminal Sessions.

Reaction in Red China to war in Korea

Communist reaction in Shanghai to the Korean War is one of support for the North Koreans, and official opinion in both Shanghai and Tientsin, according to late arrivals, is that while the United Nations may win the military war, politically "they have no ground on which to stand."

Editorials on the Korean war published in the Communist Press, according to recent arrivals from Tientsin who were approached on the subject yesterday, have invariably justified North Korea's attack as a final attempt to unify two parts of an artificially-divided country.

No trace of eventual Chinese participation in the war on the side of the North Koreans has been evident in these comments, but a growing tendency has been to gloat over North Korean victories as victories for Communism as a whole.

The arrivals said the papers in Shanghai and Tientsin recently were full of reports of the early American retreats. When the North Korean advance was stopped at the Nakdong river, the papers suddenly lost interest and Korea was shunted to a position of secondary importance.

Official Communist opinion, as reflected in the tone of the party organ, "Liberation Daily," has tended to regard United Nations intervention in Korea as open aggression against an Asiatic State.

The term United Nations was never used, the arrivals said. The United States has been frequently described as the imperialist power which "bull-dozes" the rest of the Western World into supporting its own war in Korea.

India popular

The Korean war, and President Truman's attitude on Formosa, these arrivals added, have been taken as justification for renewed journalistic hostility towards the United States.

India's championship of Communist China's admission into the United Nations has received constant publicity in the Press, and Indian-Chinese relations have never been better than at present.

The Indian Ambassador, Sardar Panikar's recent arrival in Shanghai, on a shopping expedition touched off a wave of editorial comment on the growing prestige of India in world affairs.

Britain's attitude towards Communist China on the other hand has been constantly taken to task. All the Chinese papers in Shanghai, the arrivals recalled, condemned Sir Gladwyn Jebb's negative vote on the admission of Communist China when Russia's M. Jacob Malik made the proposal during his term as President of the Security Council.

Sitting on fence

The "Liberation Daily" said the negative vote was the best indication of Britain's duplicity in recognising the Peking regime on the one hand, then refusing to collaborate with India in expediting its admission into the United Nations.

Communist propaganda, said these arrivals, has never been so volatile on the question of Korea.

"There is an opportunist type of propaganda," one businessman said.

"Nobody knows what line of action Communists will finally take to save the North Koreans from defeat, but it is an inescapable fact that so far, their Press in Shanghai has been sitting on the fence."

Seaman fined for damage to Star Ferry

On a charge of malicious damage, Nillo Haukkinen, a Finnish seaman, was fined \$20 and ordered to pay \$20 compensation to the Star Ferry by Mr. James Wickes at Kowloon yesterday.

Inspector J. Orem informed the Court that early yesterday defendant was crossing the harbour on the Golden Star. On arrival at the Hong Kong side defendant was found asleep, and seamen on board the ferry found him too heavy to remove. Consequently Haukkinen was left on the ferry when the latter returned to the mainland side where the assistance of the police was requested.

Haukkinen refused to leave the ferry, holding on to the back of a seat, and in doing so broke the back of the seat.

Inspector Orem further informed the Court that defendant was only recently fined for a similar offence.

Defendant said that he was waiting for a ship to return to Finland.

Mr. Wickes, you have nothing to do with this, he said. "I just broke down a hotel and now you break up a ferry. This sort of thing must stop."

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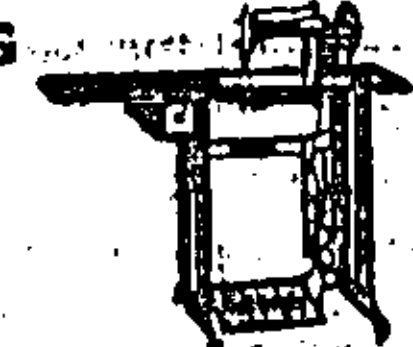
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MURRAY'S REACHES HONG KONG

IMPORTANT STATEMENT

Murray's Scottish Beer is now on sale in Hong Kong. At long last you are getting the chance to taste this world-famous beer, shipped direct to you for your enjoyment. Ask for a bottle to-day and taste the goodness of a good beer.

BEER AT ITS BEST

is right at any time

Here is a beer in its prime, a glass of beer that gives you a long satisfying drink that refreshes, it is at its best when slightly chilled with an ice-cube tinkling on the rim.

The rich, strong, zesty flavour of this beer will tell you at once that this is a real beer, brewed where they understand that beer is a man's drink.

Now available in Hong Kong, it is a delight for the cultured drinker of beer. To be fully appreciated it must be considered as an experience of a lifetime and not just another drink. Good beer is right in any time of the day, and is just as right at the party where you can gain the admiration of your guests by offering them Murray's Scottish Beer.

ASK FOR THIS



A BOTTLE OF
MURRAY'S SCOTCH BEER

BREWED IN SCOTLAND

Murray's Scottish Beer is brewed with surpassing skill within the boundaries of the historic capital of Scotland, not a stone's throw from the Castle of Craigmillar, the once famous retreat of the ill-fated Mary Queen of Scots. In keeping with the historic tradition of the capital, Murray's have made the name of good Scottish Beer known throughout the world. It is a beer brewed under modern conditions with centuries of experience behind it.

PREFERRED BY THE DISCRIMINATING

This beer is brewed with you in mind - the discriminating drinker of beer, the man who prefers the little extra that denotes quality and knows the best when he drinks it. From now on your preference should be Murray's Scottish Beer.

IMPORTERS

For those in the trade who wish to get in touch with the importers of Murray's Scottish Beer - the name and address appear below.

W. R. LOXLEY & Co. (CHINA) LTD.
YORK BUILDING, HATER ROAD
HONG KONG

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20 Words \$2 for 1 insertion
\$1 for every additional insertion
10 cents every additional word per insertion
(Alternate Insertions 10% Extra)

BIRTHS, DEATHS, MARRIAGES, PERSONAL \$5 per insertion
25 words, 25 cents every additional word per insertion.

Classified Advertisements, accepted up to 5 p.m. for publication
the following days paper.

Replies for the following Box Nos. are awaiting collection.

No. 513.

Replies will be forwarded to the Advertiser if requested on
the original form which should bear their names and addresses.

A suitable announcement will be inserted Free of Charge if
Advertisers' requirements are satisfactorily answered.

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SEE RENOMEE DRESSES show
window Edinburgh House (ice-
house Street 81d) for attractive
suits, slacks and hats, all
reasonably priced. Room 104 Vic-
tory House, Wyndham Street. Tel.
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RADIO REPAIRS performed by
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Agencies, 52nd Building, 14
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LADIES, we have at your service
all specialized operations for
Helene Curtille cool waves,
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manicures—ROBE MARIE Beauty
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PEKING ART RUG CO., 221A
Nathan Rd., Kowloon, sell ex-
clusively carpets and rugs. Please
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Hotel now showing collection of
gowning dresses and suits, cor-
dureys, etc., also autumn cocktail
dresses. Prices reasonable, open
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MAY BE BOOKED AT THE
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NATHAN ROAD, TEL. 59327.

DANCING LESSONS

BALLROOM DANCING—"Made-
Easy." Beginners, Advanced
Variations taught. Specialities:
Rhumba, Bamba, Tango, Jitterbug.
Enquiries: (6-7 p.m.) TONY
WONG, 69 Wongsheichong Road.

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THE HONGKONG HOTEL
GARAGE, LTD. (Tel. 27775) will
check and grease your car, their
Shell lubrication service will give
it free running and longer life
on Shell X-100 Motor Oil.

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FIVE ROOMS Semi-Furnished
flat near Deep Water Bay, big
balcony garden, garage, two bath-
rooms, servants' quarters, kitchen,
Telephone. No key money. Box
620 "China Mail".

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MODERN RESIDENTIAL FLAT
—3 spacious rooms, 2 toilet-rooms
complete with electrical fittings,
cookers, hot/cold water system,
and garage. Airy and ideal sur-
roundings. Blue Pool Road, Happy
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OLD country House at Bellincho
(Near Ashford Kent) 5 bedrooms,
large sitting room, dining room,
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garden out houses, etc. all modern
conveniences. Lovely countryside,
one hour train London. For
further details apply Nicholson,
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by cable.

CONVENIENT EASY Way to own
a New Pilot Radio—Whether you
need a bedside midget, large table
model, or luxury radiogram—we
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low as only \$20 per month. Colonial
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Queen's Road, Phone 26310.

CHINA MAIL PICTORIAL (Re-
vised edition) at \$3.00 per copy.
Obtainable at all Leading Book
Stores and "China Mail" Office.

SALE OF MOTOR CAR-ETC.

Tenders are invited for the
purchase of Motor Car, Motor
Fishing Vessels, Sea-plane
Tenders, Power Boats, Old
Furniture, Peg Top Buoy,
Cable Old Electric, Chain Rig-
ging, Cordage Old, Ferrous &
Non-Ferrous Scrap, Hooks,
Mandrills, Hoses Bronze etc.

Tender Forms & permission
to view will only be issued
from Section 1. A of the Naval
Store Dept., H. M. Dockyard,
Hong Kong, on the payment
of a deposit of H.K.\$500.00
in Cash from 0930 to 1130
A.M. and 1400 to 1530 P.M.,
Tuesday to Thursday, 19th to
21st September, 1950. The
deposit will be returned to
unsuccessful tenderers.

Successful Tenderers of Motor
Fishing Vessels & Sea-
plane Tenders are required to
furnish certificates stating that
the M.F.V.'s & Sea-plane Ten-
ders purchased by them will
not be re-sold within two
years from the date of the ac-
ceptance of tender, and the
same will be operated as Hong
Kong registered vessels.

Completed Tender Form
should be returned by hand,
not later than NOON, 22nd
September, 1950.

SALE OF CROWN LAND

An auction sale of Crown
Land will be held at P.W.D.
Headquarters on Monday, the
25th day of September, 1950,
at 3 p.m.

The area which comprises
10,000 square feet is situated
at Sam Yee Tsai Village be-
low Tai Po Road and is suit-
able for residential purposes.

Further particulars are
available from the Govern-
ment Gazette of 15th Septem-
ber, 1950 or from the Crown
Lands & Survey Office.

A. P. WEIR,
Acting Director of
Public Works.

September 11, 1950.

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that
MR. WONG PING KWAN
alias REITON WONG (黃秉寬)
is no longer employed by
this Company.

THE EAST ASIATIC
CO., LTD.

Hong Kong, Sept. 15, 1950.

NOTICE

JACK CONDER seeks part-
ner/partners with premises
suitable for Bar and Snack
business preferably in Kow-
loon.

Replies Box 610 "China
Mail"

NOTICE

DOLLAR DIRECTORY
(1951 EDITION)

WILL ALL FIRMS, GOVERN-
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ETC., KINDLY REVISIT
THEIR COPIES AND
RETURN TO THE NEWS-
PAPER ENTERPRISE LTD.,
WINDSOR HOUSE, WITH-
OUT FURTHER DELAY.

NOTICE HONGKONG TRAMWAYS LIMITED

Notice is hereby given that
an Interim Dividend of 60
cents per share less tax has
been declared in respect of
the year ending 31st Decem-
ber, 1950.

This dividend will be pay-
able on or after Thursday, 21st
September, 1950, at the Re-
gistered Office of the Company,
where Shareholders are re-
quested to apply for warrants.

Notice is hereby also given
that the Register of Members
of the Company will be closed
from the 7th day of Sep-
tember to the 21st day of Sep-
tember, 1950, both days inclu-
sive.

By Order of the Board,
W. H. PATERSON,
Secretary.
Hong Kong, August 18, 1950.

POLICE NOTICE

On Tuesday, 1st August,
1950, at 9.20 a.m. at junction
of Sai Yee Street and Prince
Edward Road, a Chinese male,
Wong Tai, aged 30 years, fell
off from a moving lorry No.
6811 and received fatal in-
juries.

Any persons witnessing the
accident, or who can give
information regarding the ac-
cident are asked to communicate
with Traffic Office, Kowloon,
Telephone Numbers 50735,
58629 and 58114, or with any
other Police Stations.

COMMISSIONER OF POLICE.

September 15, 1950.

NOTICE TO TRADERS NO. 13

JAPAN TRADE

By a Directive dated August
26th, 1950, to the Japanese
Ministry of International
Trade and Industry, the
Supreme Commander for the
Allied Powers in Japan has
ruled that there will be no
further export shipments from
Japan to Hong Kong after
September 30th, 1950, under
the old Hong Kong Two-way
Account, i.e., those covered by
Hong Kong Special Authorities
taken out prior to the new
system of Letters of Authority
instituted on April 7th, 1950.

All imports from Japan
covered by S/J.P. and H.K./J.P.
Licences must therefore be
shipped from Japan on or
before September 30th, 1950,
irrespective of the expiry date
of the licences concerned. If
they are not so shipped, it will
be necessary for the importer
to apply for a new Import
licence and open a new Letter
of Authority in respect of any
goods still to come forward.

A. G. CLARKE,
Director,
Commerce & Industry.
September 18, 1950.

THE ROYAL HONG KONG YACHT CLUB

NOTICE

Is hereby given that
THE FORTY-THIRD
Annual General Meeting
of MEMBERS

will be held at the Club House,
Kellett Island,

on
FRIDAY, 20th SEPTEMBER,
1950,
at 6.30 p.m.

BUSINESS:

- (1) To receive the Report and
Accounts for the period
ended 30th June, 1950.
- (2) To elect Officers for the
ensuing year and other
General Business.

JAMES BOYLE,
Hon. Secretary.
Hong Kong, Sept. 20, 1950.

HK trade statistics

Imports of merchandise into Hong Kong during
August amounted to a declared value of
\$255,961,557 as compared with \$228,684,
930 in the month of August, 1949. The
figures include Government sponsored cargoes.
Exports of merchandise totalled \$348,237,262 as
compared with \$195,157,295 in August,
1949.

Imports during the first eight months of 1950 amount-
ed to \$2,100,962,820 as compared with \$1,640,513,772 in the
first eight months of 1949.

Exports totalled \$2,003,003,100 as compared with \$1,372,-
068,971.

Total values of imports and exports of merchandise by
countries:

	IMPORTS FROM August 1949	August 1950	EXPORTS TO August 1949	August 1950
United Kingdom	27,850,002	20,064,491	12,064,872	8,694,680
Australia	2,638,447	4,152,320	2,792,430	4,599,591
Canada	3,016,638	6,783,976	948,474	696,201
Ceylon	119,237	256,189	1,206,102	209,876
East Africa	99,307	77,445	837,881	699,147
India	8,836,271	9,366,491	1,921,441	4,302,744
Malaya (British)	10,076,734	11,201,230	40,392,771	25,970,610
New Zealand	2,169	36,308	41,850	314,702
North Borneo	831,628	409,321	2,611,096	2,734,507
Pakistan	11,864,510	7,186,976	25,109,691	1,330,214
South Africa	1,230,609	2,006,480	1,460,183	960,278
West Africa	—	—	1,059,655	477,028
West India	6,154	—	877,642	595,750
U. Commonwealth	4,166,650	1,117,361	1,358,816	1,027,812
Austria	531,000	584,370	—	—
Belgium	1,409,737	261,730	624,842	459,863
Burma	48,013	3,903,269	6,466,223	2,847,347
Central America	2,760,821	380,273	1,067,117	913,035
China, North	22,379,742	24,220,321	45,801,250	22,761,799
China, Middle	11,394,196	3,014,427	28,278,504	17,669,466
China, South	42,811,238	18,616,547	39,418,679	11,706,231
Czechoslovakia	1,039,367	1,364,367	—	—
Denmark	319,201	602,390	237,106	170,607
Egypt	67,913	766,872	739,917	111,646
Finland	78,609	498,740	2,640	—
France	2,844,202	3,109,740	1,472,665	855,362
French Indo-China	6,791,703	1,066,819	3,108,914	2,928,705
Germany	2,042,257	911,367	3,307,094	249,187
Holland	3,170,247	4,222,423	2,046,983	632,271
Iraq	—	—	13,522	28,206
Italy	4,381,327	1,709,366	3,847,424	313,643
Japan	10,004,452	6,670,465	6,370,939	4,494,495
Korea, North	—	—	—	—
Korea, South	507,339	4,749,906	126,000	10,188,197
Macau	10,003,640	6,156,141	13,456,428	20,224,440
Norway	763,801	2,318,228	842,871	672,519
Oman	—	—	32,290	139,616
Peru	—	—	16,600	14,163
Philippines	928,667	1,116,214	10,132,351	9,041,031
Poland	143,367	200,890	—	—
Portugal	81,148	67,111	2,712	270,231
Portuguese Africa	—	—	12,621	600,005
South America	8,903	232,056	1,704,220	—
Spain	23,667	60,074	65,400	—
Sweden	1,627,290	2,137,342	1,251,095	133,996
Switzerland	4,750,126	4,180,260	306,243	246,102
Thailand	10,051,105	10,458,816	18,458,816	33,000
Turkey	1,635,116	2,548,848	2,548,848	81,736
U. S. A.	47,750,810	47,130,444	42,345,495	17,957,810
United States of Indonesia	7,207,252	1,075,050	11,024,091	1,008,006
Others	4,645,149	158,744	3,103,710	1,698,052
Total	295,961,557	238,684,930	348,237,262	195,157,295
Total Ex. Commonwealth	86,941,190	74,783,040	103,135,435	60,560,103
Total Foreign	210,020,367	158,901,890	245,098,827	141,577,192

Record trade figures for HK

Trade figures for 1949-50 were records, said the annual report of the Department of Commerce and Industry released yesterday.

Total trade for the year under review was HK\$5,068,040—a 30.5 per cent increase on the 1948 figure of HK\$3,887,025.

Although China's share in Hong Kong's imports increased only from 20.7 per cent to 21.6 per cent, she took 25.2 per cent of the Colony's exports as against only 17.7 per cent in 1948.

In actual figures, imports from China increased from \$431 millions in 1948 to \$593 millions in 1949; and exports to China increased from \$290 millions to \$505 millions.

Exports to Macao almost exactly doubled and this country took 11.6 per cent of the Colony's exports in 1949.

Trade with India and Pakistan shows a steady improvement. Until recently, these two countries were joined as one, and in 1948 India, as it then was, took 19.48 per cent of Hong Kong goods to the value of \$48 millions, being 3.0 per cent of total exports.

In 1949, India and Pakistan together took 3.0 per cent of our exports, valued at \$82 millions. These figures are worthy of comparison with 1938, when India took only 1.0 per cent of the Colony's exports, valued at \$5 millions.

A similar story can be told regarding our imports from the same countries.

According to the 1949 figures, Hong Kong's principal sources of supply in order of importance are, China, U.S.A. (a very close second), United Kingdom, Thailand and Malaya. Her chief markets, also in order of importance,

KWANGSI-IC ECONOMIC BLOCKADE

An economic blockade by the Chinese and French authorities has been in force along the Kwangsi-Indo-China frontier since August 22.

This was reported in yesterday's "Ta Kung Pao" quoting a message from the Kwangsi border town of Lungchow.

The report said that the Chinese authorities, closed the Chennankwan Pass to all out-ward goods traffic following the alleged French refusal to allow Chinese to cross into Indo-China territory to make purchases.

The Chinese also charged the French with buying up goods on the Chinese side in Indo-China currency which tended to disturb the money market in Southern Kwangsi.

INDIAN JUTE FOR CHINA

More than 6,000 tons of Indian jute goods have so far reached the Chinese port of Tientsin since August.

Another shipment of 400 tons is due to sail for Tientsin in September 25—Reuters.

THE HONG KONG JOCKEY CLUB

NOTICE TO MEMBERS

SEVENTH RACE MEETING

Saturday, 23rd September, 1950.

There are ten races, the First Race will be rung at 1.30 p.m. and the First Race will be run at 2.00 p.m.

Through Tickets (10 Races — \$20) may be obtained at the Comptroller's Office of the Club, 1st Floor, Telephone House, also tickets for the Cash Sweep on the last race as well as the Special Cash Sweep for the "Kwangtung Handicap" scheduled to be run on 7th October, 1950.

To avoid congestion at the Club's Offices at Telephone House, non-members are requested to purchase their sweep tickets at the Club's Branch Offices at—

5, D'Aguiar Street, Hong Kong

382, Nathan Road, Kowloon.

MEMBERS' BADGES AND ENCLOSURE

Members and guests are reminded that they and their ladies MUST wear their badges prominently displayed throughout the Meeting.

THE ONE WITHOUT A BADGE WILL BE ADMITTED TO THE MEMBERS' ENCLOSURE

Badges admitting ladies not in possession of Brooches or Season tickets and gentlemen, non-members of the Club, to the Members' Enclosure and Club Rooms at \$10.00 including tax, for ladies or gentlemen are obtainable through the Secretary on the written or personal introduction of a member, such member to be responsible for all visitors introduced by him, and for payment of all bills etc.

Badges admitting to Members Enclosure will NOT be on sale at the RACE COURSE.

The Branch Offices and the Treasurers' Comptroller's Office will close at 11.00 a.m. and the Secretary's Office at 11.45 a.m. The Treasurers' Comptroller's Office and the Secretary's Office are situated at 1st Floor, Telephone House.

A limited number of tickets will be obtainable at the Club House provided they are ordered in advance from the No. 1 Boy (Tel. 27818).

NO CHILDREN WILL BE ADMITTED TO THE CLUB'S PREMISES DURING THE MEETING

PUBLIC ENCLOSURE

The price of admission to the Public Enclosure is \$3.00 including tax for all persons including ladies, and is payable at the Gate. BOOKMAKERS, JIG TAG MEN ETC. WILL NOT BE PERMITTED TO OPERATE WITHIN THE PREMISES OF THE HONG KONG JOCKEY CLUB DURING THE RACE MEETING.

MEALS AND REFRESHMENTS WILL BE OBTAINABLE IN THE RESTAURANT IN THE PUBLIC ENCLOSURE.

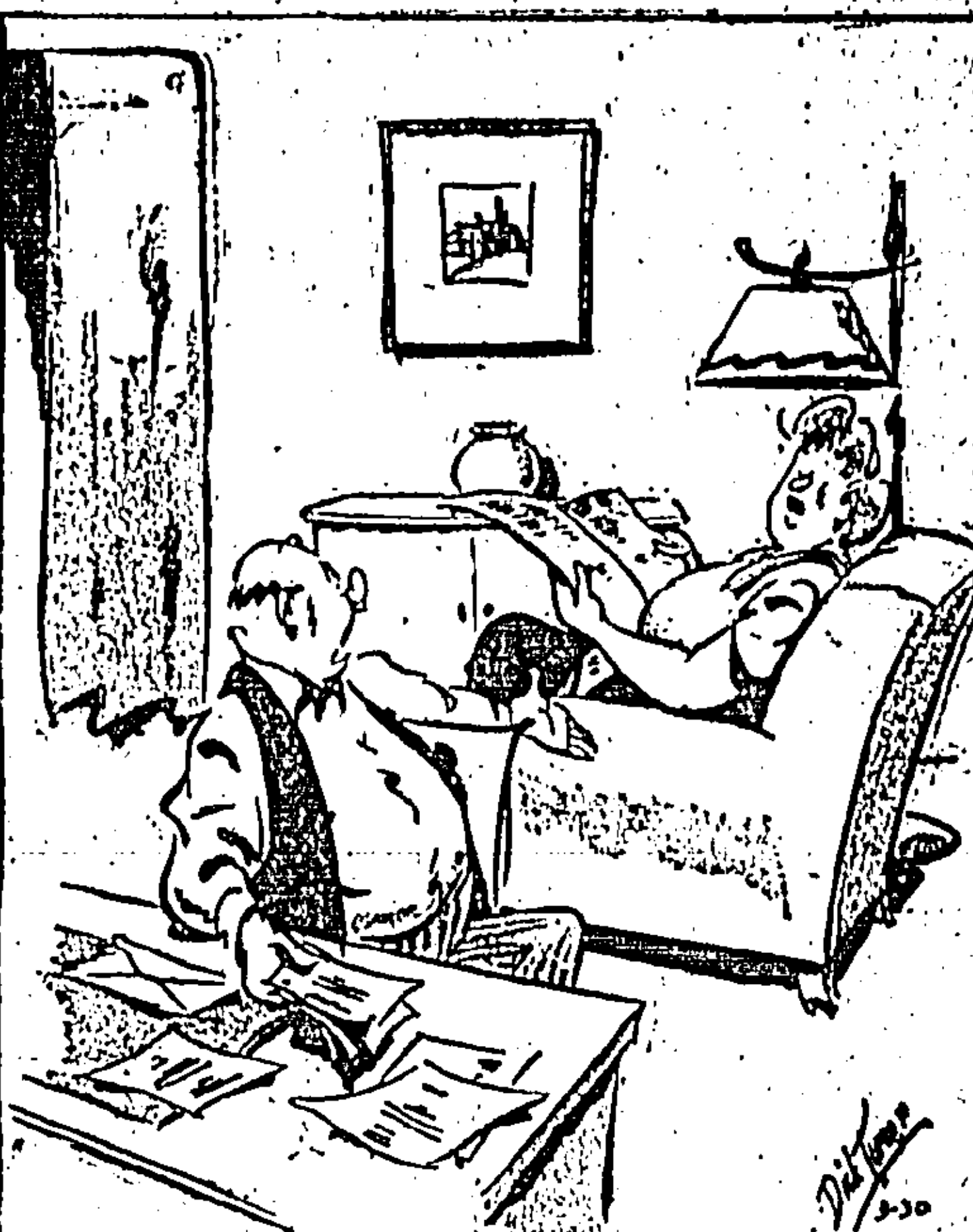
SERVANTS' PASSES

Servants' passes will be issued to private box holders only, who are requested to distribute them with discrimination and to endorse their names on the passes. Holders of such passes are not permitted in the Members' Enclosure except for passing through on their duties and must remain in their employers' stands.

BY ORDER,
S. A. BLAIR,
Secretary.

CARNIVAL

By Dick Turner



"It's a shame the way Junior disregards us while he's in college—not even as much as a hello on any of his endorsed checks this month!"

BARCLAY ON BRIDGE

By Shepard Barclay

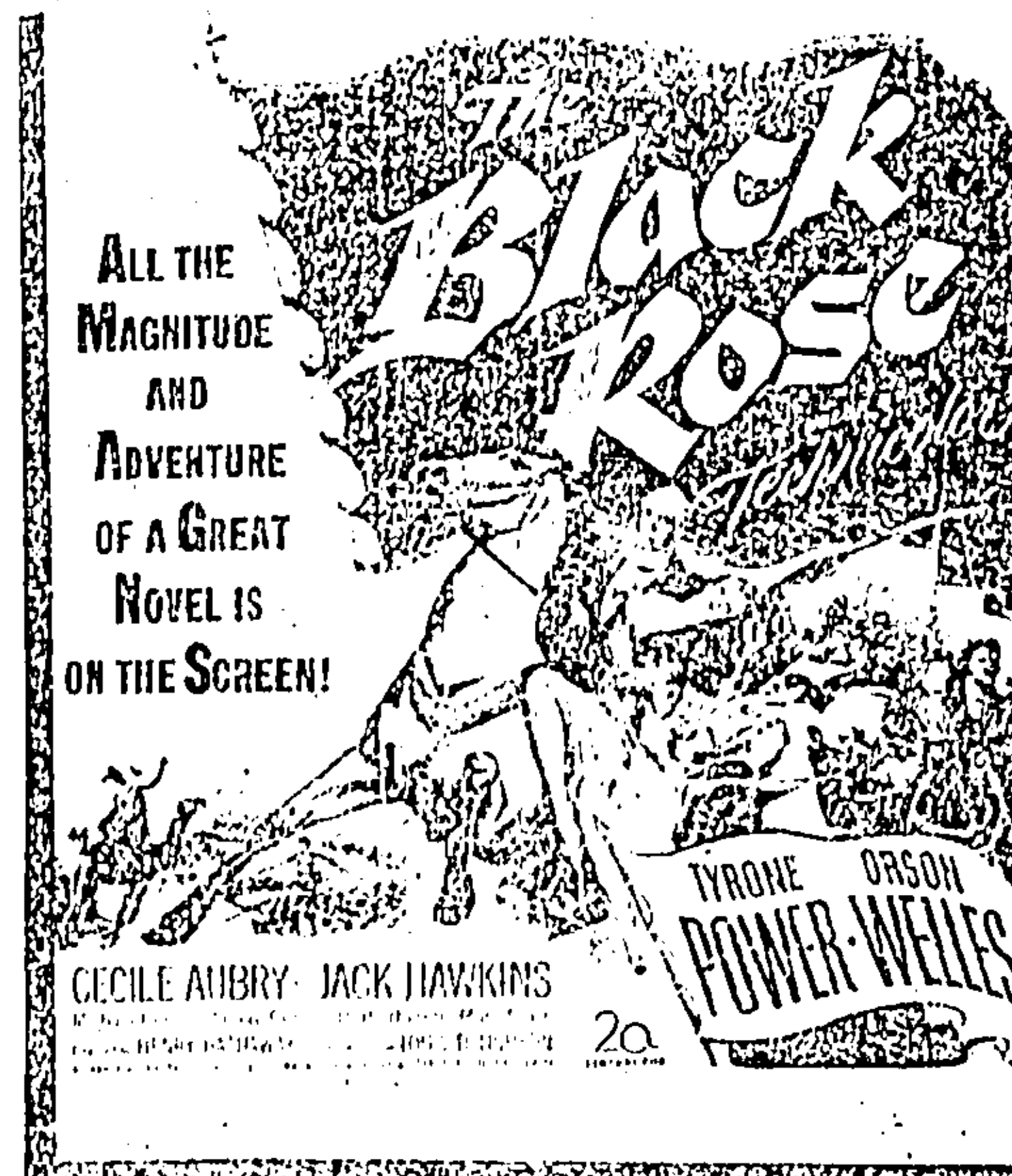
THE HONG KONG JOCKE

ROXY BROADWAY

Movies Are **BETTER** Than Ever
THE Houses of **BEST** Pictures

ROXY
GALA PREMIERE
TONIGHT
AT 9.30 P.M.

BROADWAY
COMMENCING
TOMORROW
A WORLD AFIRE WITH ADVENTURE!
A MOVIE SCALES EPIC HEIGHTS!



NO INCREASE IN PRICES!
BE SURE TO BOOK AT ONCE!
NO COMPLIMENTARY TICKETS AVAILABLE!

REPEATING TODAY
3 SHOWS ONLY
BY SPECIAL REQUEST

AT 2.30, 5.30 & 7.30 P.M.
COLUMBIA PICTURES PRESENTS
LUCILLE PAUL
WILLIAM HOLDEN

"MISS GRANT TAKES RICHMOND"
DIRECTED BY LLOYD BACON

FINAL
SHOWING
TODAY

AT 2.30, 5.30,
7.30 & 9.30 P.M.

OCTOPUS VS. GIANT EEL. TIGER VS. TIGER.
MAN VS. JUNGLE KILLER. STRANGE ADVENTURE!



Commencing Tomorrow (4 Shows)

TECHNICOLOR
CECIL AUBREY-JACK HAWKINS

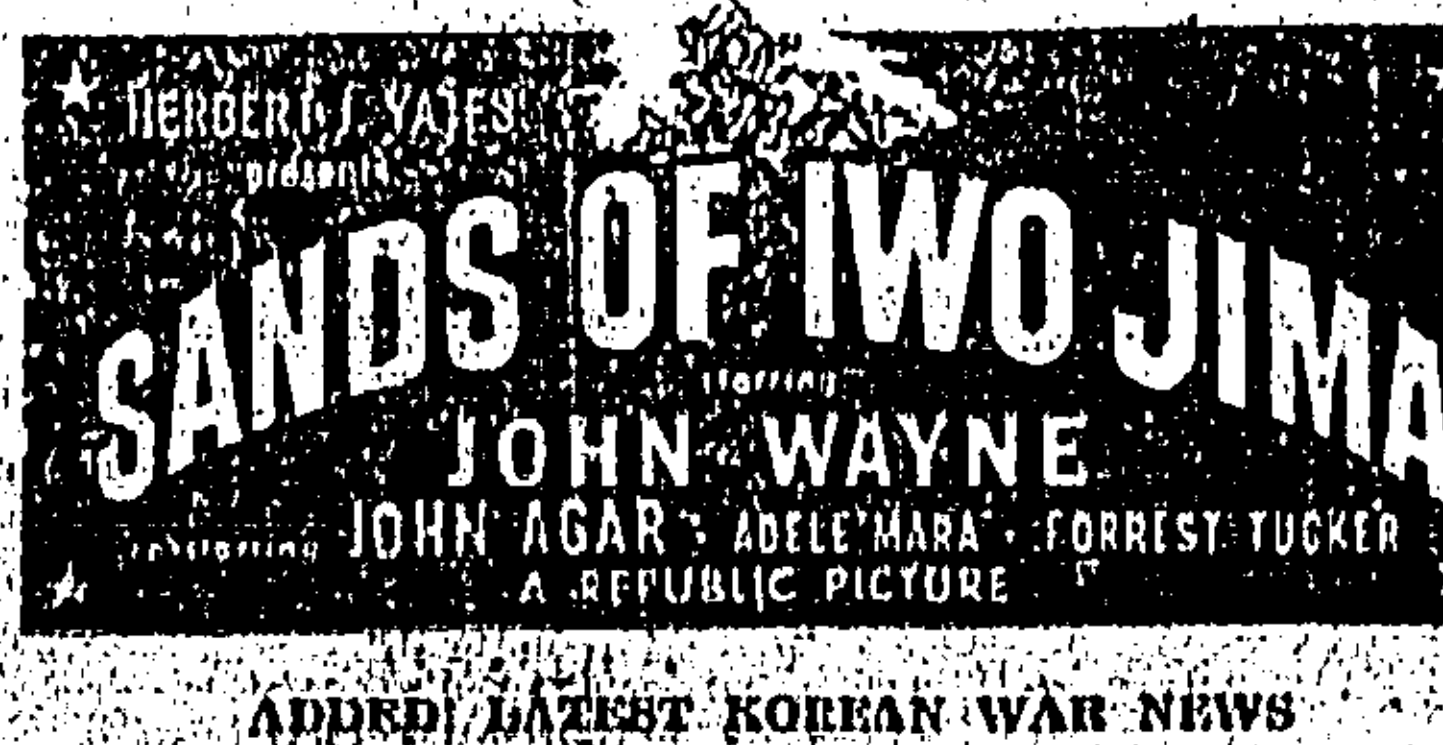
SATURDAY-SUNDAY-MONDAY & TUESDAY
5 Shows Daily: 12 Noon, 2.30, 5.00, 7.15 & 9.30 p.m.

SHOWING
TODAY

AT 2.30, 5.30,
7.30 & 9.30 P.M.

IN ITS SECOND SUCCESSFUL WEEK!
STILL GOING STRONG!
HAVE YOU SEEN IT YET?
DON'T MISS THIS THRILLING WAR FILM!

THE YEAR'S GREAT SCREEN ENTERTAINMENT!



ADDED! LATEST KOREAN WAR NEWS



The Countess of Harwood at the reception to La Scala Opera Company in the Italian Embassy in London. She had been to the Royal Opera House, Covent Garden, where the company had opened their London season with "Otello." The Prime Minister and Mrs. Attlee were also at the Embassy reception. (AP Photo).

Russia working for peace

New York, September 19.
The Soviet Foreign Minister, Mr. Andrei Vyshinsky, said today that the Soviet delegation to the United Nations General Assembly would work for strengthening of peace and of co-operation and friendship among people.

Mr. Vyshinsky, who arrived on the liner Queen Elizabeth, said today that the Soviet delegation to the United Nations General Assembly would work for strengthening of peace and of co-operation and friendship among people. It is said that the Soviet delegation will also work for the strengthening of peace and of co-operation and friendship among people.

"In its work at the General Assembly, that is to open today, the delegation of the USSR invariably will be guided by the principles of Soviet foreign policy aimed at the strengthening of peace and of co-operation and friendship among people."

"May I take this occasion to convey my greetings to the people of America."

Mr. Vyshinsky read his prepared statement before newscasters. When reporters asked if he would answer questions, he first replied: "No questions, no answers."

Pressed by reporters, he said he might answer some questions. Replying to the first question: "Do you think the Korean war will be contained in Asia?" he replied: "I do not direct wars."

Asked if he had visited Peking as reported recently, Mr. Vyshinsky said: "I recall that it was reported I recently visited the moon too. But those reports are slightly exaggerated."—Reuter.

CEYLON HQ IN LONDON SOLD

London, September 20.
The former London headquarters of the Government of Ceylon at 25 Grosvenor Square have been sold.

The United States Government was bought the premises for £200,000.

During September the Ceylon Government transferred its headquarters here to 13 Hyde Park Gardens.—Reuter.



SHOWING TODAY
SPECIAL TIMES: 12 NOON, 3.00, 6.00
AND 9.00 P.M.

LONDON FILMS PRESENT
ALASTAIR SIM • MARGARET RUTHERFORD

"THE HAPPIEST DAYS
OF YOUR LIFE"

ADDED ATTRACTION

"INTERNATIONAL
BURLESQUE"

WEST GERMAN DECISION TO SACK REDS

Bonn, September 19.
Dr. Konrad Adenauer, the West German Federal Chancellor, announced tonight that all West German Government officials who support Communism or extreme right wing parties will be dismissed.

The West German Government, at its meeting today, declared 13 political organisations, two of which have members in the Federal Parliament, as "out of bounds" for Federal civil servants.

They are the German Communist Party, which has 15 members in Parliament, the Socialist Reich Party, which has one member, Dr. Fritz Doris, the Free German Youth, the Committee of the Fighters of Peace, the Committee of Young Peace Fighters, the Association of the Victims of the Nazi Regime, Otto Strasser's "Black Front," the East German "National Front" and the Social Democratic Action Party, the Association of Friends of the Soviet Union, Cultural Association for the Democratic Renewal of Germany, the All-German Labour Club for Agriculture and Forestry and the Society for the Culture of the Soviet Union.

Persons found guilty will be removed immediately from the service of the Federation.

The Federal Government recommends the State Governments to take corresponding steps immediately.

The Interior Minister said not only civil servants but also postal and railway workers would be dismissed if they supported Communism.—Reuter.

U.S. ARMS AID FOR THAILAND

Bangkok, September 19.
The United States will give \$85,000,000 worth of arms to Thailand, the Premier, Phibul Songkram, told the "Bangkok Tribune" in an exclusive interview today.

The "Tribune" is the fourth English daily in Bangkok, with its first edition being published today.

The Prime Minister said the Army would receive arms sufficient to equip nine battalions, plus 70 combat planes of all types for the Air Force and amphibious equipment for the Navy, according to the "Tribune". He said the decision to render arms assistance to Thailand was the result of the United States military mission's recent visit.

In answer to an urgent request from the United Nations, Premier Phibul said, Thailand decided to send an advance column of approximately 1,000 troops, already on active service, for training in Japan before joining the UN forces in Korea, the "Tribune" reported. There was no information on how or when the troops would be transported.—United Press.

Disciplinary action

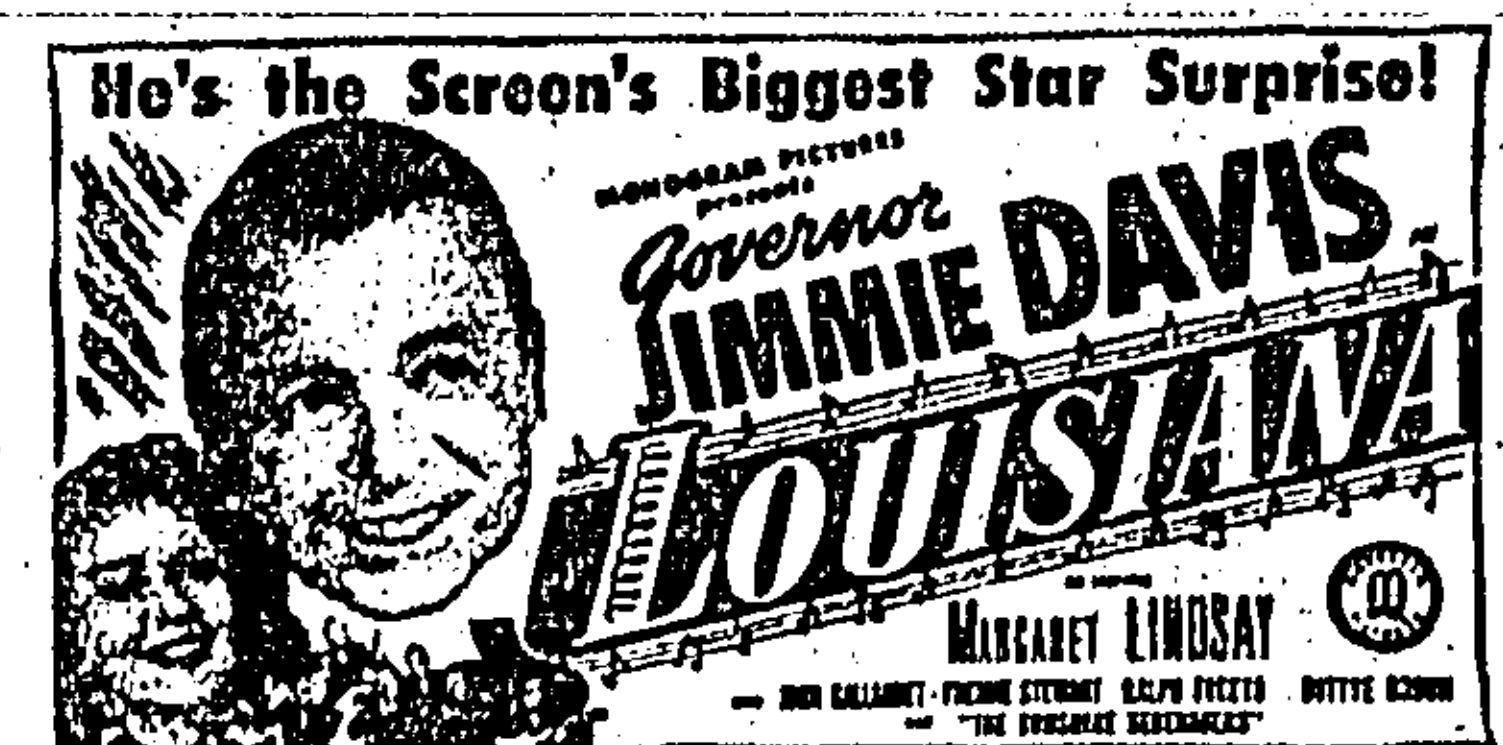
Herr Heinemann, the Minister of the Interior, then read a Government declaration which was approved at today's Cabinet meeting:

"The opponents of the Federal Republic are increasing their efforts to undermine the free democratic basis of our State. Participation in such efforts cannot be reconciled with the duties of the public service."

The Government requests senior officials to take disciplinary measures against officials, employers and labourers who violate their duty of loyalty to the Republic by participating in such organisations or activities.



3 SHOWS TODAY ONLY
AT 2.30, 5.20 & 7.30 P.M.



ALSO: LATEST GAUMONT BRITISH NEWS

ROYAL AIR FORCE ASSOCIATION
IN CELEBRATION OF BATTLE
OF BRITAIN WEEK

GALA PREMIERE
TONIGHT AT 9.30 p.m.

What was his secret P... Why had he to be silenced P

LONDON FILMS PRESENT
A FRANK LAUNDER—SIDNEY GILLIAT PRODUCTION

DOUGLAS FAIRBANKS
GLYNIS JOHNS
JACK HAWKINS

STATE SECRET

Herbert Rom • Karel Stepanek • Walter Rilla
Written and Directed by SIDNEY GILLIAT

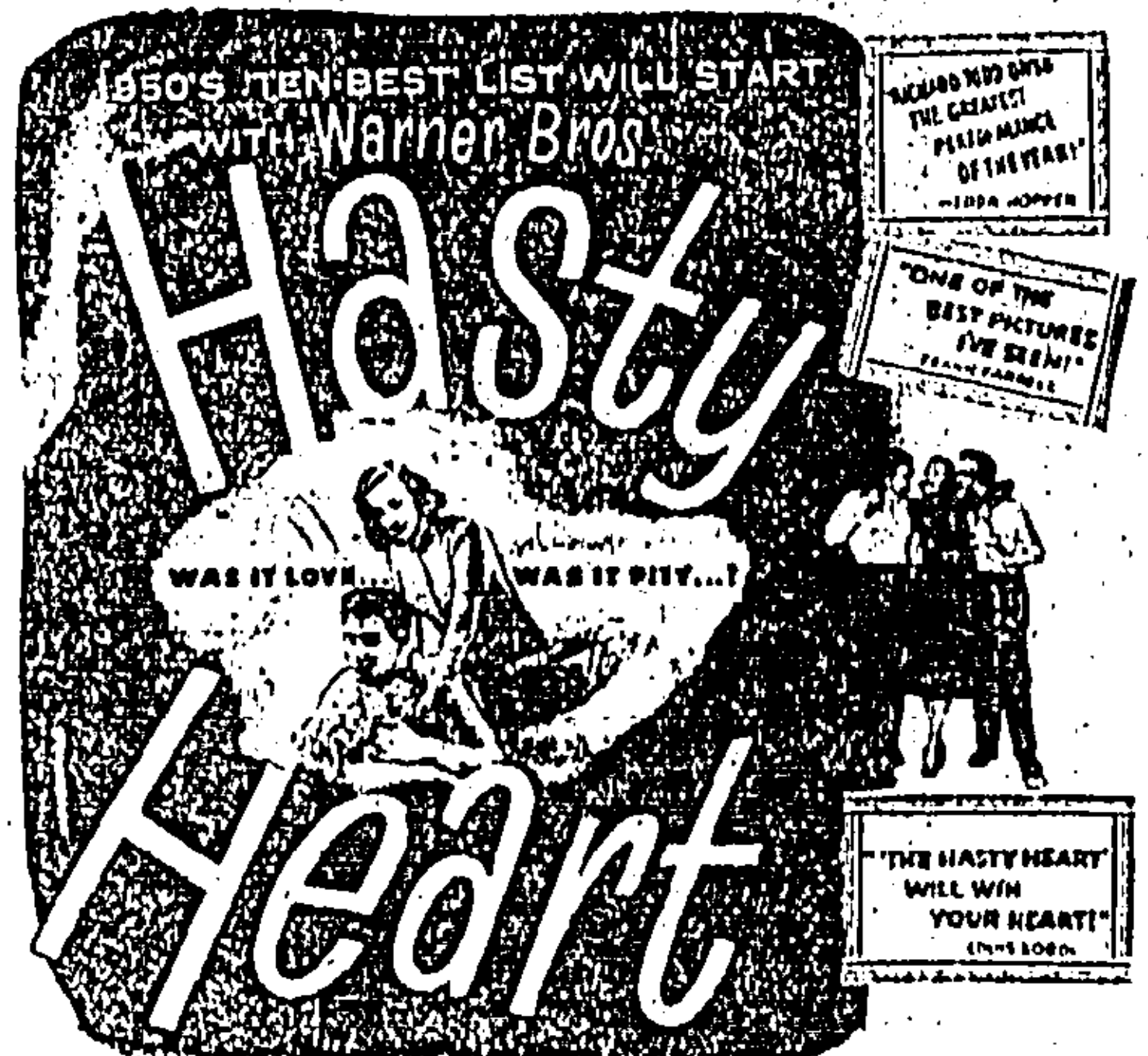
ADDED: SPECIAL FEATURE SUPPLIED BY R.A.F.
"SHIPBUSTERS"

OVERTURE PLAYED BY
Band of Shropshire Light Infantry
by Courtesy of
Lt. Col. A. S. Shaw-Ball, D.S.O.
IN AID OF R.A.F. BENEVOLENT FUND

QUEENS & ALHAMBRA

AIR-CONDITIONED AIR-CONDITIONED

OPENS TODAY AT 2.30, 5.15, 7.20 & 9.30 P.M.

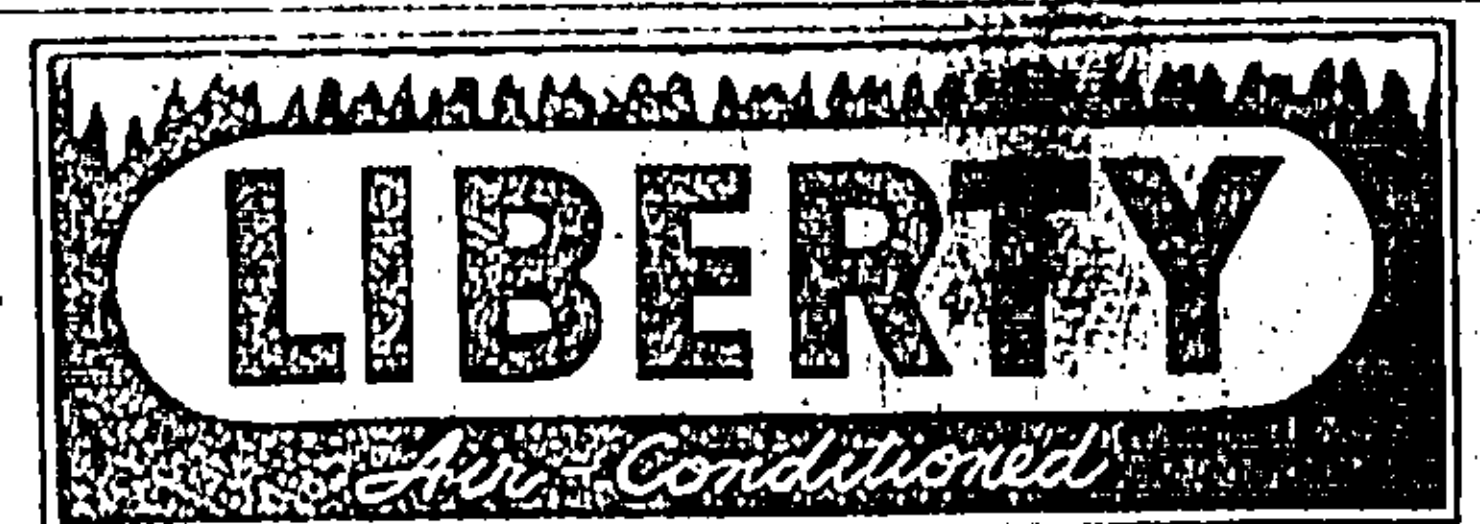


MOST TALKED-ABOUT, HAYED-ABOUT
PICTURE SINCE "JOHNNY BELINDA"

RONALD REAGAN-PATRICIA NEAL-RICHARD TODD

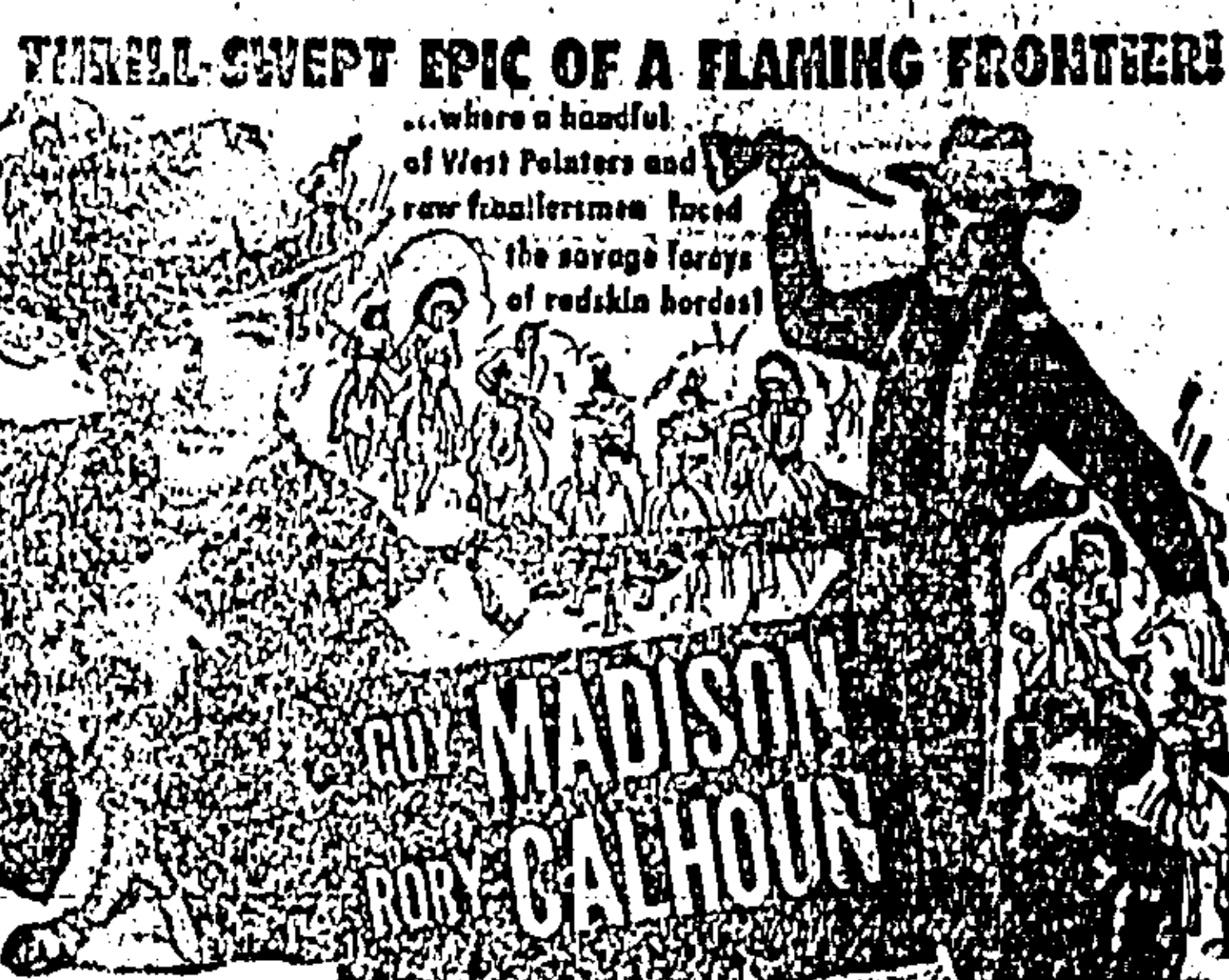
ADDED AT THE QUEEN'S

Latest News of the Day: BRITISH TROOPS
FROM HONGKONG ARRIVES IN KOREA—FOREST
HILLS TENNIS FINALS—MISS AMERICA 1950
BEAUTY CONTEST—FILM REPORTS FROM KOREA!



COMMENCING TODAY

at 2.30, 5.30, 7.30 & 9.30 p.m.



MASSACRE RIVER

SHOWING
TODAY

AT 2.30, 5.30,
7.30 & 9.30 P.M.



NEXT
CHANGE

Barbara STANWYCK—Burt LANCASTER in
"SORRY, WRONG NUMBER"

ORIENTAL
AIR-CONDITIONED

TAKE ANY EASTERN TRAM CAR OR HAPPY VALLEY BUS
Showing Today: 2.30, 5.30, 7.30 & 9.30 p.m.
THE STORY OF THE GREAT HATFIELD-MCCOY FEUD!





**NOW DRESS
YOUR WINDOWS
FOR AUTUMN!**

SINCERE'S PRESENTS A TRULY UNUSUAL COLLECTION OF CURTAINS AND DRAPERY FABRICS... EVERYTHING THAT IS NEW, SMART AND CHEERFUL FOR YOUR HOME DECORATION.

TORY CENSURE MOTION DEFEATED IN COMMONS

Labour's majority of six

London, September 19.

The Labour government tonight defeated an attempt by the Opposition to force a new election.

The vote came on a motion by the Conservative leader, Winston Churchill, to put the House of Commons on record against placing the steel industry under State control next January 1. The Labour Party had brought some supporters from sick-beds to help defeat it. The vote was 306 to 300.

MALAYS CHIDED

London, September 19.

Lord Mancroft said today that the Malays were making no attempt to prepare for self-government.

Lord Mancroft, Chairman of the Conservative Speakers Association, made the comment when he arrived by plane from Singapore after a tour of Malaya.

"The Malays are making no attempt to equip themselves for the difficult and responsible task of self-government. Britain is doing everything to fulfil her side of the bargain, but all the Malays are doing is talking." Lord Mancroft said he could not find people who would be able to run the country when independence was achieved.

Referring to the drive against guerrillas, he said: "We are well on the way in this job." Malaya had great confidence in the Briggs plan to drive out guerrillas, he added: "It is a very long road and all sorts of things may happen."—United Press.

Earlier, Mr. Churchill had announced in Parliament that if the Conservatives won back power they would repeal the Steel Nationalisation Act whether or not the industry had already been taken over.

Mr. Churchill said this in the course of opening his attempt to unseat the Government on the steel nationalisation issue. A crowded Parliament heard his words.

Government leaders were confident that when the vote was taken they would win by a margin of four or five. Mr. Churchill said that Mr. Clement Attlee, the Prime Minister, had not only fomented na-

Padre braves penalty to sit in House

The Rev. J. G. MacManaway, a North of Ireland M. P., braved a possible penalty of £500 to attend today's Commons session and vote for Mr. Churchill's motion.

An act of 1801 bars clergies, priests and monks from sitting in the Commons. Whether it applies to Church of Ireland clergymen like the Rev. MacManaway has never been definitely tested in the courts.

The law provides a £500 penalty for each day a clergyman violates the law by taking a seat in the House. The Rev. MacManaway has already attended three sessions. F. L. MacGee, a Labourite former M. P., said him yesterday for a total penalty of £1,500.—Associated Press.

national discord for party purposes but was placing an obstacle in the whole steel organisation which might be very serious in the swift re-equipment of the defence services.

Conservatives. Mr. Churchill said, still thought that Britain could perfectly well have taken part in the Schuman Plan talks in Paris on the understanding that she could break off at any moment.

An advantage. He added, "It would have been an advantage not only to Europe, but to our own steel

industry to have been present at the meetings on a project which carried with it many hopes for the ending of the Franco-German quarrel which have wrecked Europe in our lifetime."

Mr. Churchill criticised the Iron and Steel Corporation, which the Government has appointed to take over the industry, saying that hardly any of its members had the slightest knowledge of steel.

Mr. Churchill, whose speech was interrupted many times by hissed and booed comments from the Labour benches said, "The small number of Communists in our midst cannot at present injure our defence effort so much as steel nationalisation—this act of party sabotage."

Mr. Churchill promised a Trades Union Congress plan to bring the steel industry under a central authority of employers, workers and Government representatives.

If the Conservatives got back to power they would set up such a board, he said.

He offered to withdraw his motion of censure if the Government would agree to this solution.

Offer rejected

But the Deputy Prime Minister, Mr. Herbert Morrison, the main Government speaker, rejected this offer immediately he started to speak.

Mr. Morrison set Parliament in an uproar by calling the Conservative leaders "the new Molotovs" and declaring that Mr. Churchill was Parliament's "biggest expert in upsetting national unity."

The Conservatives were Molotovs, Mr. Morrison said, because they were trying to exercise a new form of veto on an act already passed by Parliament.

The Conservatives shouted "Withdraw" as Mr. Morrison attacked Mr. Churchill. When he could be heard again he declared that at the beginning of the last war British iron and steel capacity was much below what it should have been.

Schuman plan decision

He said that the Government refused to take part in the Schuman talks because a supranational authority was insisted upon.

The Conservatives had challenged this. Therefore while they were willing to put British iron, steel and coal under an international authority they were not willing that Britain should own its own steel industry.

Amid Government cheers Mr. Morrison ended by saying, "The consequences of tonight's vote have been made clear."

"We shall not be afraid to fight an election if it comes on the whole of our policy, with all the vigour at our command."—Reuter.

KING FAROUK IN CANNES

Cannes, September 19.

King Farouk of Egypt arrived at the Carlton Hotel at 4.30 p.m. GMT here today. The King's yacht, Fakh El Bihar, which he boarded at Toulon this morning after his trip journey from Biarritz, entered Cannes Harbour at 2.00 p.m.

King Farouk will occupy at the Carlton the suite used previously by the Duke and Duchess of Windsor and the Duke of Edinburgh.—Reuter.

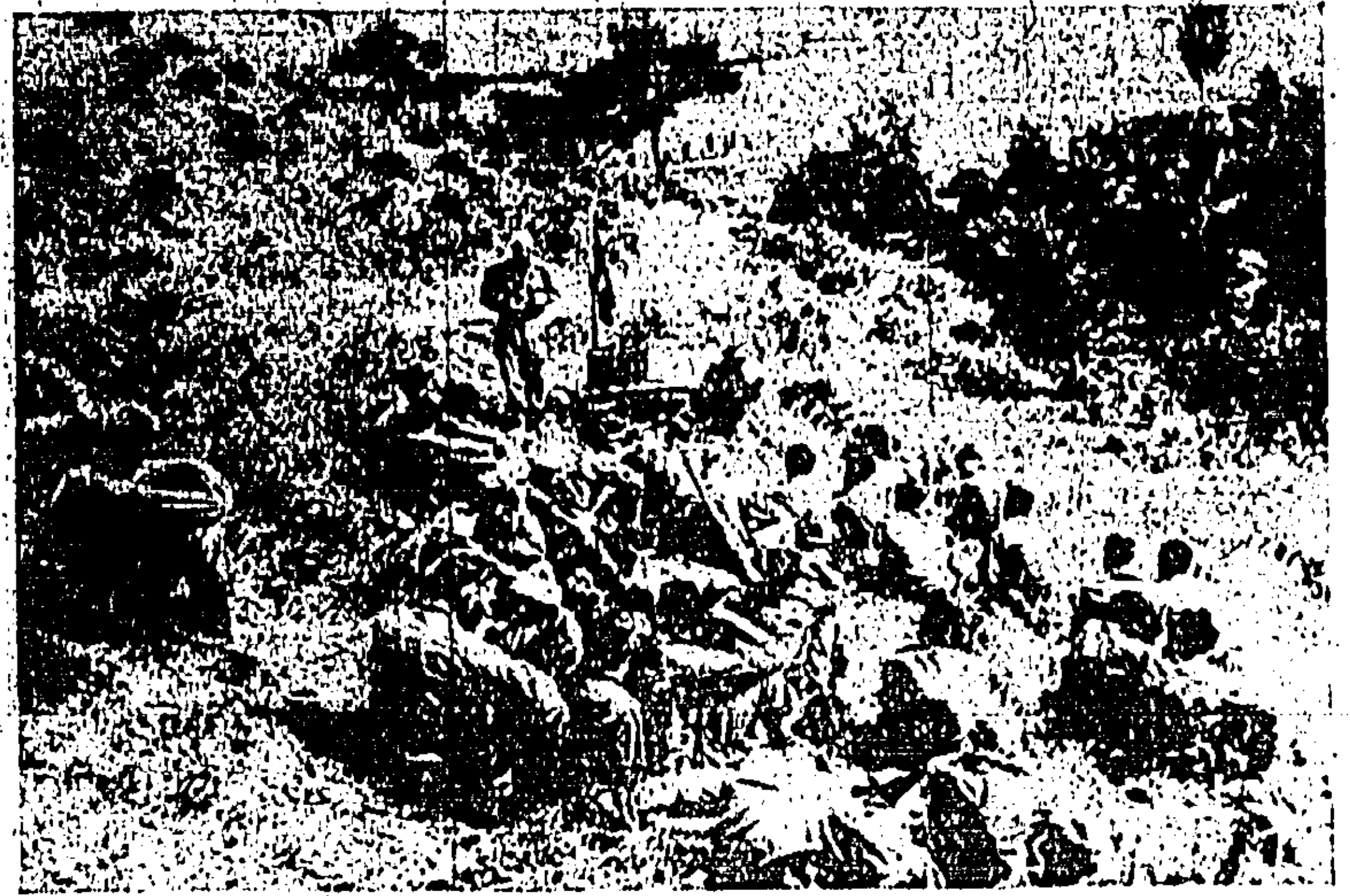
TRAWLER MISSING

The Hague, September 19.

According to a radio message received here tonight the Spanish trawler, Irene Alvarez, is missing. The ship was last seen near Bull Rock, on the South West coast of Eire.

It is painted white, and the funnel is painted blue-white-blue.—Reuter.

FRONT LINE SERVICE



Captain Emanuel Carlsen, Chaplain of the U.S. 1st Cavalry Division's 7th Regiment, holds Church Services for U.S. troops within sight of the front line. Smoke rises from a burning town (upper right) at the end of the road in the background. (AP Photo).

Economic charter for the people of India

Nasik, Bombay Province, September 19.

The Working Committee of the Indian National Congress—executive of the ruling party—today laid down an economic charter for the Indian people.

It declared its aim to establish "a welfare State" in a resolution on the country's economic programme.

The resolution will now be considered by the All-India Congress Committee—the Central Council of the Congress—and later by the 55th general session of the party here tomorrow and on Thursday.

The resolution, when passed, is expected to be the guide to the Indian Government's economic policy.

It explains the "welfare State" as one in which there is:

Economic democracy and a national minimum standard in respect of essentials of physical and social well-being; a rise in the standard of living of the people; and progressive narrowing down of the disparities in income and wealth so that there may be equality of opportunity to all for self-development and growth of the personality.

The resolution called for measures "to secure increased production" and said, "Every factor militating against this aim should be discouraged."

Controls needed

Capital formation, it said, should be increasingly shouldered by the common man, and small savings of large numbers of people will have to be an essential feature of the country's development programmes.

Striking the need for controls "so long as there are conditions of scarcity", the resolution urged that anti-social elements seeking to exploit controls to their advantage should be drastically dealt with.

The resolution also pointed out the necessity "to evoke public enthusiasm and harness it for the promotion of nation-building activities, to raise the low productivity in industry and agriculture."

For achieving the objective of a "welfare State", the Working Committee outlined the following six-point programme:

Price reduction

(1) Development of basic and essential industries, such as power and irrigation and prior allocation of available resources for this purpose.

(2) Early realisation of self-sufficiency in food.

(3) Adequate supply of essential raw materials for industry.

(4) Orderly and progressive reduction in the general level of prices.

(5) Full and efficient utilisation of installed capacity in industries, reducing costs of pro-

duction to a reasonable level and, at the same time, providing conditions in which workers can put forth their best efforts.

(6) Expansion of opportunities for gainful employment by planned development of villages and small-scale industries on co-operative lines as far as possible and on the basis of the highest attainable technical efficiency.

"Priority should be given in this respect to khadi (hand-spun and hand-woven cloth) and the handloom industry," the resolution declared.—Reuter.

U.S. ECONOMIC AID TO BURMA

Rangoon, September 19.

Mr. Abbott L. Moffat, chief of the Economic Co-operation Administration mission to Burma, today placed responsibility for success of American-aided reconstruction plans upon the Burmese Government and people.

He said the programme contemplated recognising that individual liberty and free institutions and independence depend largely upon sound economic conditions and stable international relationships.

Mr. Moffat told the Associated Press he noted especially Burmese aspirations for security, peace and well-being.

This programme, he said, "can be significant if we continue in the spirit with which we have begun."

The United States mission Mr. Moffat is establishing here will co-operate with the Burmese in reconstructing the country with the American gift of US\$10,000,000.—Associated Press.

DAVIES MISSION TO BALKANS

London, September 20.

The Foreign Under-Secretary, Mr. Ernest Davies, said today that no specific conclusions were reached in the talks he had with Marshal Tito, the Yugoslav leader, last month.

Mr. Davies visited Italy, Greece, Yugoslavia and Austria in a "holiday" mission which diplomatic quarters earlier this month said was aimed at eliminating the causes of local friction between these countries.—Reuter.

NO USE WAITING LONGER

Melbourne, September 19.

The "Herald", in a leading article on American efforts for an early peace settlement with Japan, said that the new strains imposed by Communism on East Asia show how pointless it is for the Western allies to wait any longer for Soviet co-operation in drafting a Pacific peace treaty.

The paper said that as the Americans see it, there is not only urgent need for the democracies to fix relationships with Japan, but need for a peace treaty to allow Japanese rearmament. The opponents of Japanese rearmament must be prepared to deal with strong American arguments and may be asked what contribution they themselves are prepared to make towards the defence of Japan in the event of a sudden attack from the Asian mainland, the paper said.

It added: "It is not enough to say the United Nations would be responsible for dealing with such a situation, as an open Communist attack on Japan would mean a large-scale war."

The paper said a Japanese peace treaty would have to be drawn up, or all security in the Pacific would go overboard. It said the viewpoint of a large section of American opinion that Japan must bear some share of the defence burden can without doubt be reconciled to a large extent with Australia's demand for complete assurance against future Japanese aggression.

The "Herald" concluded: "Any suggestions Australia may have to offer need to be backed by evidence that we are carrying out our full share of preparedness for defence."—United Press.

FRANCO-BELGIAN SECURITY TALK

Brussels, September 19.

The Belgian Minister of the Interior, M. Brasseur, left Brussels today for Paris for security talks with the French Government.

A Belgian spokesman said M. Brasseur would have similar discussions in the near future with members of certain foreign governments.—Reuter.

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GENERAL ASSEMBLY REJECTS MOTION TO SEAT PEKING

Clash between American and Russian delegates

New York, September 19.

The United Nations General Assembly refused tonight to give China's United Nations seat to the Communist regime of Mao Tse-tung. The vote on an Indian proposal which would have given the Chinese Reds UN membership was 16 in favour, 33 against and 10 abstentions. The voting came after a clash between the U.S. Secretary of State, Mr. Dean Acheson, and the Soviet Foreign Minister, Mr. Andrei Y. Vyshinsky. Mr. Acheson called for defeat of the Indian proposal which Russia supported with a companion resolution calling for the immediate expulsion of the Chinese Nationalists.

Mr. Acheson said in reference to the Indian move: "Vote on it now and vote it down." There was loud applause from the galleries.

Mr. Vyshinsky was leading the fight to expel the Chinese Nationalists and give their seats to the Chinese Communists. The Indian resolution, asking for the seating of the Chinese Reds, beat the Soviet Union to the punch on the explosive issue but won the backing of Mr. Vyshinsky.

Galleries were packed as the Assembly's fifth session convened. The delegates of the 59 nations observed a minute of silent prayer before they began their task.

The Assembly adopted a Canadian proposal to set up a seven-nation committee to study the question of Chinese representation and report back to the Assembly with its recommendations.

The Soviet Foreign Minister, Andrei Y. Vyshinsky, declared the Assembly's action was illegal and incorrect, but he did not walk out of the jammed and tense chamber.

After the Assembly adjourned last December, the Soviet delegation boycotted meetings of other UN groups for seven months rather than sit with Chinese Nationalist representatives.

Russian moves defeated

The U.S. Secretary of State, Mr. Dean Acheson, led the opposition to the plan submitted by India's Sir Benegal Rau.

"Vote on it now and vote it down," he urged the delegates from 59 nations a few minutes after the session opened.

After almost three hours of debate, the Assembly defeated the resolution. The Assembly also voted down two Russian resolutions, one calling for the expulsion of the Chinese Nationalists and the other for the seating of the Chinese Communists. The votes were 38 to 10 with eight abstentions on the first, and 37 to 11 with eight abstentions on the second.

The vote on the Canadian proposal was 42 for, nine against and six abstentions.

More words not enough

The General Assembly met for its fifth annual session and immediately plunged into the controversial question of Chinese representation.

Sir Benegal Rau (India) introduced a resolution, soon as the Chinese had opened the session calling for a decision on who was to represent China.

Mr. Vyshinsky then jumped up and challenged the right of Nationalist China to sit in the Assembly and asked it to throw out Chiang Kai-shek's representative.

The Philippine Foreign Minister, General Carlos Romulo, the outgoing President, opened the session in the great, grey and blue hall here.

The United States Secretary of State, Mr. Dean Acheson, opposed the Indian proposal for a vote on the question of Chinese representation.

Sir Benegal asked the Assembly to deal with the question of Chinese representation not later than after the report of the Credentials Committee.

General Romulo, opening the session, told the delegates from 59 nations that "mere words" were not enough when "men are dying for the sake of peace and the United Nations".

He termed the present Assembly session "the political equivalent to the military action which the United Nations forces are carrying out in Korea".

"Men will hang upon the words we speak here," he continued. "Yet experience will have taught them that mere words are a cruel mockery while men are dying for the sake of peace and the United Nations."

Right to expect more. "They have a right to expect more, much more than words. Not by what we say but by what we do, here shall their anxiety be allayed and their faith restored."

"The present session is the political equivalent of the military action which the United Nations forces are carrying out in Korea."

"The victory of those forces will eliminate the gravest challenge yet hurled against the authority of the United Nations. In anticipation of victory, the General Assembly is now called upon to establish that authority on the solid foundation of the moral force of world opinion backed by adequate military power. We have the means to do so."

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Big London wharf fire



Looming from out of a dense pall of smoke, a partly wrecked crane leans over two firemen as they play their hoses on to two burning barges, at the big fire at Convoys Wharf, Townsend Road, London. Over a 100 firemen and more than 20 pumps were called to the scene. (Associated Press Photo).

"KOREAN REDS LICKED BUT WILL NOT QUIT"

(EDITOR'S NOTE: Hugh Latimer, president of the United Press, and the first major press association executive to cover the Korean fighting, has just completed a tour of the fighting front in the South Eastern beachhead. He travelled four days by jeep and plane from Pohang, in the North East, to Masan, on the South Western edge of the line. In the following despatch he sums up the strategic position of the United Nations troops.)

In Korea, September 19. The Korean Communists are licked but won't quit. That is the Korea story today. During the last four days I have toured the Southern front from the Masan sector to the Pohang area, from the East flank to the West flank, by plane and jeep.

In most places the United Nations now have the initiative, but on the front of Major-General William B. Kean's 25th Division beyond Masan, one regiment was repulsing repeated banzai charges of the most ferocious nature. The Reds attacked again and again, fanatically screaming, yelling, throwing hand grenades and firing burp guns. Colonel Mike Michaelis' troops threw back the suicide rushes which once had him fighting on three sides at once.

North of Taegu the United Nations picked in artillery four rows deep. I visited one battery of 155-millimetre howitzers which while I was there, fired 60

carefully, since action would set a precedent for the future.

The Secretary of State did not discuss the merits of the case one way or another, but confined himself to the procedural aspect.

Mr. Vyshinsky, full of high good humour, returned to the attack with a quiet speech unlike his usual vituperative harangues.

"U.S. wrong" He quoted from Mr. Acheson's White Paper on China which, he said, proved that the U.S. also thought the "Kuomintang group does not represent the people of China."

"Mr. Acheson," the Soviet delegate declared, "you were right then and wrong today."

Dr. T. F. Tsiang, Chief Chinese Nationalist Delegate, delivered a slashing attack on the proposal to unseat him. It drew thunderous applause.

"Mine is the only legal government in China," he said, "legally elected by the people—both the executives and the legislature."

Dr. Tsiang denounced the "puppet regime in Peking" for being under Kromlin control and said "It has never departed from the line dictated by Moscow."

In scathing tones he said that only Russian help had put into power what he called the "Chinese Quislings."—Associated Press and Reuters.

rounds, constantly raising their ranges as the Reds fell back. It is a sight to see these kids serving these howitzers. When battery fire is laid on, they resemble rugby players engaged in a complicated play, and when the gun commander's hand slashed down the "banners" are pulled. Then, amid ear-splitting noise, the shells go screaming away. If you get in front of the guns when they are really working, the sky is filled with obscene whistlings as the shells slither on their way.

In Taegu the windows rattle frequently during the night. The front is 30 minutes by jeep from Taegu, and if you take a plane you can reach in 30 minutes the extreme rear at Pusan. From Taegu to Masan takes about 40 minutes by plane. That gives an idea of the size of the bridgehead in terms of travel.

Upon arriving at the First Cavalry front above Taegu we parked our jeep on a high ridge from which there was an excellent panoramic view of the battle field. Plenty of smoke was showing where the Communists were catching hell, but presently a GI poked his head out of a fox-hole and drawled: "Say, that's a poor place to park. We are getting mortar fire around here." So we left.

We saw many tanks going up, grim grimy faces above the hatches.

Flying artillery When B-29's, acting as flying artillery, concentrate on an area in front of the infantry, the detonations create the feeling that you are experiencing an earthquake and how any Communist survives after he has been on the receiving end of one of these visitations seems rather baffling.

Many commanders give credit to the First East Air Force, commanded by Lieutenant-General George Stratemeyer, and the Fifth Air Force, commanded by Major-General Earl Partridge, saying if it were not for air support the United Nations would not be in Korea.

Everybody is waiting eagerly for the day when the Reds are pushed into the open and can be

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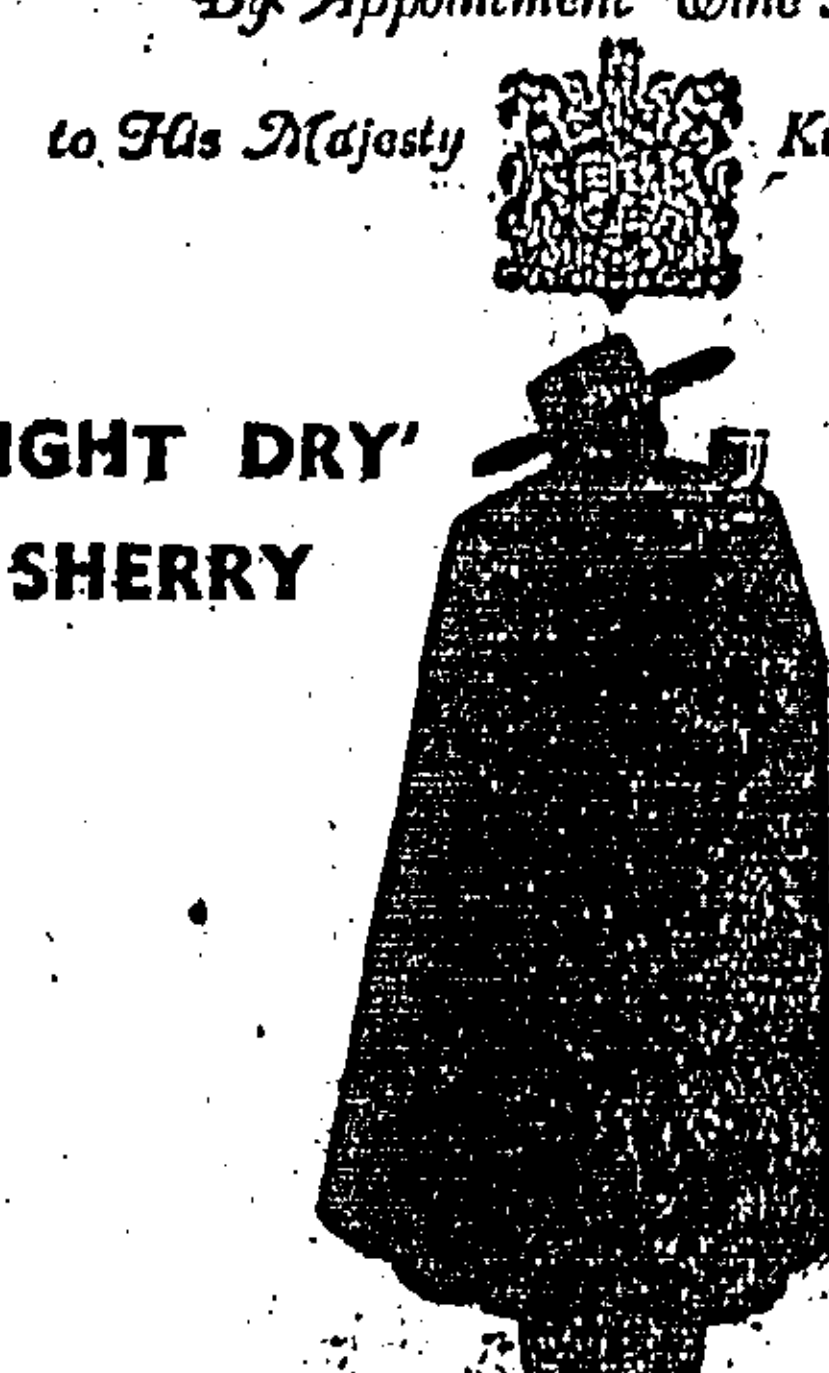
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ASSEMBLY FOR ACTION

The United Nations Organisation is being transformed from a mere talking-shop to an instrument of action in a world now being dominated by action rather than words. Now that the Russians are back in the Security Council and trying to tie it up in knots, the General Assembly is assuming a new significance. The American delegation expects it to adopt a bold programme to suppress aggression wherever it develops.

The events in Korea set the tone of the entire conference. The great majority of the member-states have supported the reply to aggression in Korea, and will back similar action in any future instances. In the Security Council, the veto applies. It does not apply in the Assembly, which has the additional advantage of being far more representative than the Council.

There are, of course, innumerable issues to come up apart from this. Some of them are delicate and difficult, notably the question of Chinese representation. The Indian resolution for Peking's immediate admission has been defeated and the issue passed to Committee. Some want to see the Nationalist delegates supplanted before the Korean and Formosan problems are settled. Others prefer to leave this as part of an overall settlement, on the ground that the urgency with which it is being pressed by Peking and its sympathisers masks a disposition to sabotage rather than to co-operate, to back the Kremlin in all things rather than—as in India's case—to act with complete independence.

Such an inference may be taken from the strong line adopted by the Peking Foreign Minister against any discussion of the Nationalist charges against the Russians of violation of the Sino-Soviet Pact of 1945. That is perhaps dictated as much by self-protection as by excessive tenderness for the Kremlin. But the exposure of skeletons in the cupboard will do little to advance the cause of human progress and a more peaceful world. So far as Britain is concerned, this question of China's representation is not a Party issue in the sense that it is in the United States. The results of the next elections there may be decisive in the bitter controversy that has arisen over Washington's China policy. The United States' delegation is reluctant to commit itself to any change of present policy until the electoral results are known.

A week or two ago the Secretary-General of the United Nations pointed out that the Korean question does not stand alone. A permanent solution would require more than the freely-given consent of the Korean people. It would be necessary, he said, for Korea to have good and peaceful relations with China and the Soviet Union, as well as with Japan and the rest of the Powers of the Pacific area. That is a large order and will take quite a lot of time. Moreover, the final liquidation of the armed conflict may yet take some weeks or, at the worst, months. Hence the question of Chinese participation in these discussions is not quite so urgent as Peking makes out. On the other hand, realism has to be observed: when overall discussions for the Far Eastern

She was a puny, plain girl whom I had never seen before; but she deliberately slatterned in way which she was dressed and her provocative air in walking in, betrayed her at once as a comrade. She had come to ask me to accept the job of responsible editor of a newly founded press agency.

I asked Miss Meyer to explain the aim, background, etc. of this press agency of which I had never heard. She shrugged impatiently. But don't you understand—I have been sent by our mutual friends, and it's merely a formality for you to sign. What mutual friends? I asked with conspiratorial wariness. She became even more impatient, almost rude. She was the neurotic Cinderella type, the frustrated bourgeois girl turned voluntary proletarian, which I had known in the German Party. I asked her to mention the names of the friends who sent her. 'Well, George, of course,' she said reluctantly, scrutinising my office as if looking for hidden microphones.

My Party contacts at that time were Ernst Edgar and Paula. I knew of no George and told her so. Miss Meyer was furious. 'How dare they make me waste my time with a character like you!' she hissed, and walked out.

Puzzled

The next time I saw Paula, (Edgar's collaborator), I mentioned the incident to her. She looked puzzled and promised to find out about Miss Meyer. But when we met again she said she had as yet had no time to inquire, and the time after that she shrugged my question off ill-humouredly and said there must have been some mix-up and I had better forget about it.

There were more such queer incidents, and all of them were neither here nor there. Maybe Edgar's Tokyo proposition was merely meant as a psychological test: maybe he really wanted to send me to Tokyo, but his superiors did not trust me.

Maybe Miss Meyer had really come on behalf of Edgar, who was known to her as George (these hyper-conspiratorial hitches occurred constantly); maybe she came from one of the rival Party organs or Apparats which tried to trespass in Edgar's hunting-ground.

On this and on many other occasions in Germany and Russia, I found Communist apparatus work much less efficient than its scared opponents presume; and the means at their disposal much more restricted. At the same time there are three factors of a psychological nature which are usually underestimated: the idealism, naivety and unscrupulousness of the legions of voluntary helpers of the SSS—the Silent Soviet Services.

My contact with Ernst Schneller, member of the Central Committee and head of Agitprop (Department of Agitation and Propaganda) Apparatus lasted only two or three months. It was a peripheral contact; but the fact that it ended there and that I was not drawn into the vortex between

settlement are held. They cannot be safely disposed of by dealing with a shadow Government.

The most important part of the agenda will be the measures to meet and repel aggression without delay, and without the perilous if resourceful improvisation which reliance had to be placed in the Korean crisis. The Assembly will consider what can be done to forward action if the Soviet veto paralyses the Security Council. A permanent United Nations military force is one of the next measures, once a more or less foolproof procedure is devised. Mr. Vishinsky will have to put up a stronger fight to prevent this than he did to secure the execution of Bukharin and all the other members of the Communist hierarchy.

The United States' delegation will go all out to ensure complete preparedness for the next time. Kremlinism bursts its borders. Mr. Acheson will ask member-states to earmark armed forces for the specific purpose of combatting aggression, so as to reduce delay in counter-action. This will back up similar changes to speed-up procedure. In June action was a matter of days. Next time it is to be a matter of hours. A further proposal is that an observation team, described as a "fire brigade," be created capable of rushing off at once to any part of the world where trouble is threatened, and present the United Nations and public opinion, with a neutral report on how it developed. The reports of the Korean Commission were invaluable in this respect, especially in India's decision to accept the findings and recommendations of the Council.

The GOD That failed

No. 3--Making contacts

By Arthur Koestler

This is the third in a series of articles by two internationally-famed writers of their journey into Communism and their eventual return.

came a full-fledged "apparatchik" (the homely euphemism used in the Party for agents and spies) was due to no merit of mine. As far as I was concerned, I was quite prepared to become one; I was one of those half-virgins of the Revolution who could be had by the SSS, body and soul, for the asking.

I mention this, not out of any confession of guilt, but because a young man of average Central European background endowed with the average amount of idealism, and more than average experience, I consider my case as fairly typical. The Communist and OGPU went on a wholesale traffic whose victims were young idealists flirting with violence.

I was saved from the clutches of the Apparatus not, I repeat, by my own insight, but by the innocence of young von E. son of a German Ambassador to Turkey.

I have mentioned that he was only 21 and that he had for me the affection which one develops at that age for a person who acts both as professional tutor and as Marxist Guru. All went well for a few weeks; then I noticed a certain cooling off in von E.'s attitude to me, but did not give the matter much thought.

Mild panic

One day, while I was dictating letters to a typist, von E. burst into the room and asked to talk to me alone at once. He was unshaven, had red, swollen eyes and looked so dramatic that the typist fled in mild panic.

"What's the matter?" I asked, with unpleasant forebodings. "I have come to the conclusion," said von E., "that I have either to shoot myself or to denounce our

activities. The decision rests with you."

"What activities are you talking about?" I asked.

"Activities which are called High Treason," young von E. said dramatically. Then he blurted out his story.

A week before he had been suddenly assailed by doubts about the propriety of what I had induced him to do. During the previous, sleepless night these doubts had become a certainty: he was a traitor and a spy.

The choice before him, he repeated, was either to shoot himself or to make a full confession and take the consequences.

I told him that he was talking nonsense; that a spy was a man who stole military documents or sold secrets of State to a foreign power; that all he had done was to pass on some parlour-gossip to a friend.

"And what did you do with the information I gave you?" asked von E. with a new, fierce aggressiveness.

"I told it to my friends, for what it was worth."

"Friends? You mean foreign agents?"

I told him that the KPD working class, as German as were the Nazis or the Catholic Centre. No said von E. hotly; everybody knew that they were tools of Russia.

I wondered what had come over him. Had he turned Nazi overnight? But it transpired that he had not changed his political sympathies. He had merely discovered that to be a Socialist or Marxist, was one thing, and to pass information to a foreign power another.

He admitted with a shrug that technically we were probably not spies; but that he said did not alter the fact that we had acted dishonestly and treacherously.

It was impossible for him to live on unless he made a full confession. He had actually written it last night. But he would only hand it in with my consent.

With that, he placed a long, handwritten letter on my desk. There were eight pages of it. It was addressed to the Verlagsdirektor, the Managing Director of the firm. He asked me to read it.

I read the first two or three lines—I, the under-signed, hold it to be my duty to bring the following facts to your knowledge, etc., etc.—and then I felt such a reluctance to read on that I stopped.

Ghastly

The boy, standing in front of the desk—he had refused to sit down—looked ghastly, with the black stubble on his white face and the swollen, bloodshot eyes.

No doubt, he was unconsciously dramatising the situation and getting an adolescent kick out of it; but few suicides are committed for adult motives, and, for all I knew, he was capable of carrying his self-dramatisation to the point of really shooting himself.

The situation struck me as half comic, half disgusting. It was comic, because young von E. seemed to me vastly exaggerating his own importance and what he had done; I still felt that it merely amounted to half-serious, political busy-bodiness.

And yet I felt incapable of arguing with him, or even of reading the letter which, after all, directly involved my future. Later on, when I reported the matter to Edgar, I was unable to explain why I had not read on. This was probably why the Apparatus dropped me as a hopeless case.

(To be continued)

THE FORMOSA ISSUE

By "Windrush,"
Special Correspondent

The Formosa firework has been spluttering for several weeks in English domestic politics. Several times it has threatened to cause a major explosion. It has done a little damage—not as much as is sometimes said—to Anglo-American relations. But somehow the greater part of the British public has not been really interested.

Excitement over Formosa was a monopoly of the more radical left-wing groups. It reflected as much their distrust of what America was doing in Korea—about which for tactical reasons they judged it best to keep more or less silent—as their dislike of its Formosan policy.

It is recognised widely enough that the Formosan question is a profoundly difficult one of politics and political morality. What light has discussion thrown upon it?

There are plenty of people in England who defend the American action whole-heartedly. Of course they recognise that the move over Formosa—an act unilaterally decided only by America—is distinct from the move over Korea—an act authorised by, or even demanded by, the Security Council.

Military logic
But they argue that America's decision over Formosa followed by a kind of military logic from the Security Council's decision over Korea. By sending troops to Korea, America was clearly running the danger of starting off the third world war. It was therefore, say the champions of this thesis, no more than prudent for America to reinforce against this danger by putting itself in the best position to fight a war in case war resulted.

It was indispensable, according to this argument, for America to prevent Formosa from falling into the hands of a possible enemy. This does not mean that America has too much to lose in the danger of putting itself in the best position to fight a war in case war resulted. It was indispensable, according to this argument, for America to prevent Formosa from falling into the hands of a possible enemy. This does not mean that America has too much to lose in the danger of putting itself in the best position to fight a war in case war resulted.

Still further
Those who argue in this way go still further. They say that, not only is there much to be gained by screening Formosa, but also that there is really nothing to be lost. There are no real dangers. Formosa will not start a war. There will be general war this year only if Russia, after cool calculation of its military strength, has decided that war this year will best suit its interests.

If it does this then there will be war in any case, and the general war will be fought whether the Formosa issue is raised or not.

where in Asia, or in Europe, will be only of incidental interest.

If, on the other hand, Russia does not want war, then, even if the Chinese Communists invade Formosa and collide with the Americans, war will not happen. Even under the Sino-Russian alliance, there is no provision for an automatic involvement of China in any hostilities between America and Formosa. The alliance is operative at least formally only if there is war against Japan or an ally of Japan.

These are the arguments of those who support the American action. What are the arguments of those who oppose? They are partly military, partly political.

Strategic analysis
The military arguments turn upon the strategic analysis of the position in the Pacific. The case for the military importance of Formosa is challenged. It is argued that its value, either to America or to our adversary, has been grossly exaggerated. Formosa is only just some 100 miles from the Chinese mainland. Everything which an enemy of America would do from there it could do from the coasts of Chekiang, Fukien and Kwangtung. America won the last war without holding Formosa.

It is self-evident nonsense when General MacArthur says that the loss of Formosa would transfer the probable theatre of war from the China coast thousands of miles across the Pacific to the coast of America.

The political arguments are roughly these. The only way to keep Formosa out of the hands of the Communists is to back Chiang Kai-shek. The Kuomintang is completely discredited. To be in any kind of alliance with it is to play into the hands of the Communist propagandists.

Furthermore, as long as America is "protecting" Formosa, few people in Asia really believe that this action is really in support of the United Nations action in Korea. They can point to countless statements, from that of General MacArthur downwards, saying that America must hold Formosa in defence of America's own national interests. Where else will these interests lead America in Asia? General MacArthur's statement said that from Formosa America could dominate every port in South East Asia. But South East Asia may not wish to have its ports dominated. So, in this also America is playing into the hands of the Communists.

SCAP's statement
There are the arguments which have been thrashed out in the newspapers in the past six weeks. General MacArthur's notorious statement brought the debate to a head; but nothing new was said, though most people in England were glad to see the solitary spectacle of a general being called to order by his political chief. The tradition that generals should not make foreign policy is still a cherished one in England.



I suppose it hasn't occurred to the Socialists that one way out of their troubles would be to nationalise the Conservative Party.

"Anyalls repulse Red raid." "Kill own men by mistake." That wasn't the way I heard it.

This fellow given four years for having arms was caught by the limb of the law before he had a chance to leg it.

"Your dainty finger should be laundered carefully. Shake garments gently through warm water with plenty thuds." Make up your mind, please.

If there is Struble in Korea, the Northern types have only themselves to blame.

"Wine profit 300 per cent." "I sometimes thought that British Railways have been unfairly nagged at but I begin to wonder." Have another tot. Might clear your head.

American detectives, we read, alternate between wheedling and threatening in order to extract the truth from suspects. This is known as a mixed grill.

"The students were extremely interested in Mr.—'s talk on 'Local insect pests.' Thirty-five were present." Big ones?

Explorers aren't the only people who hear the call of the wild. I've had bridge partners like that.

According to reports from Korea, this General Partridge is a broth of a boy.

In England a Roman skeleton was found in a sitting position with the head held in the hands. But the list of runners in the churist race had long since crumbled away.

Myrtle thinks a tea-caddy is the chap who carries the clevences around in the office.



"And in future, young lady, you'll wear nylons—and like it."

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WEST GUARANTEES GERMANY: ENDING OF STATE OF WAR

ADENAUER WELCOMES DECISION

Bonn, September 19.
The West German Chancellor, Dr. Konrad Adenauer, tonight described the three Western Foreign Ministers' communiqué as a "very substantial progress in the relations between us and the Western Allies."

A note explaining the decision of the New York conference was sent to Dr. Adenauer by the High Commissioner earlier today. He made this statement before a Press conference in the Upper House of Parliament.

"There is a new tone in this note, a tone which was absent in similar communications in the past," Dr. Adenauer said.

The Minister of the Interior, Herr Gustav Heinemann, the Justice Minister, Herr Thomas Dehler, and the Minister for All-German Affairs, Herr Jakob Kaiser, sat at the Press conference table with Dr. Adenauer.

The Federal Chancellor said he would not comment on the communiqué in detail until after it was published.

Dr. Adenauer added that "a very earnest wish had been fulfilled and will be greatly welcomed by all the German people."

"In settling the relations between ourselves and the Western Allies it is impossible to arrange everything in one document," he said, adding that "time and patience are necessary for this development."

The communiqué will be supplemented by conversations with the High Commissioners. The Cabinet will discuss the document at a special sitting tomorrow, he said.

Shinwell for U.S.

London, September 19.
The British and French Defence Ministers, Mr. Emmanuel Shinwell and Mr. Jules Moch, have been called to New York to discuss the problem of Germany with the Foreign Ministers of the Western occupation powers.

Mr. Shinwell is expected to fly to New York from London tomorrow.

The Ministers now hope to reach agreement by talking out the practical aspects of the problem with the help of the three Defence Ministers.

British acceptance of the principle of a German armed contingent in an Atlantic Pact force is in any case dependent on agreement to give priority of equipment to the Allied forces.

One matter which needs examination is how long it will, in fact, be before it would be practically possible to set up a German military force, even if agreement in principle were reached now, he said.

LINCOLN CRASH

Winchester, September 20.
Two were killed this afternoon when a plane on a training flight crashed in a field near here. Witnesses said that the plane hit the ground with a terrific explosion.

No further details were immediately available. The aircraft was a Lincoln belonging to the Ministry of Supply. There were only two people on board, both of whom were killed.—Reuter.

TURKEY LEFT OUT

London, September 19.
Diplomatic officials reported today that the Atlantic Council of Foreign Ministers has turned down Turkey's request to join their alliance.

Foreign Minister F. Koprulu expressed Turkey's regret at the decision in a message to the British and French Governments that the informants said.

A Foreign Office spokesman refused to comment on the reports, explaining the Atlantic Council itself would have to announce its decision.

He made it clear to questioners at a daily news conference that despite reports to the contrary, Britain did not lead the opposition to Turkey's entry into the Pact.

Britain, he said, was not the party primarily concerned in the decision.

This country, together with France, already has a pact with the Turks which binds both Western nations to go to Turkey's aid if she is attacked.

The spokesman added: "The prime cause for taking the decision was on the Atlantic Pact countries which would have to accept the new obligations involved in helping Turkey in the event of an attack."

It has been an open secret that Denmark and Norway have been unwilling to extend the commitments of the Atlantic Pact. Portugal and Italy, too, are believed to be reluctant.

Safeguarding security of free world and Asia

New York, September 19.

The Foreign Ministers of the United States, Britain and France today declared their determination to press on as speedily as possible with steps to safeguard the security of the free world and Asia.

They announced this, together with a guarantee to Western Germany, in two communiqués issued after their week-long talks here.

Their guarantee to Germany came in an assurance that they "will treat any attack against the Federal Republic of (West) Berlin from any quarter as an attack upon themselves."

Affirming their desire to welcome Germany back into the community of free nations they agreed to end the state of war with her.

At the same time they will allow her to organize a mobile police force which the Federal Government could use to ensure security on Germany's home front and deal with possible subversive activities.

A communiqué issued by the "Big Three" pledged the three nations, in conjunction with the nine other Atlantic Treaty powers, to see to it that the necessary measures to safeguard the security of the free world in Europe and Asia would be worked out and applied with the greatest possible speed.

The communiqué was separate from that issued on Germany. It said that the three Ministers were agreed that efforts of the United Nations to resist threats to peace and achieve peaceful settlements would receive their firmest support.

They decided that the International Government study group on German questions should continue its work.

Exchanges to continue

They would seek to apply these steps to "safeguard the security of the free world in Europe and Asia with the greatest possible dispatch."

The Foreign Ministers of Britain, France and the United States said that they would continue their exchanges of views during the next week.

The communiqué said: "The Foreign Ministers of France, the United Kingdom and the United States concluded their arranged meetings at New York on September 18, after having participated in the meeting of the North Atlantic Treaty Council and having consulted representatives of other governments interested in the problems before them."

"As indicated in the interim-communicé issued on September 14, they exchanged views frankly and fully in regard to a wide range of problems of common concern."

"The Ministers intend during the opening days of the General Assembly to continue their exchange of views as the occasion may arise."

"Some of the questions which they discussed will form the subject of United Nations consideration during coming weeks."

Chief concern

"The Ministers were agreed that the efforts of the United Nations to resist threats to the peace and to any peaceful settlements will receive their firmest support."

"The Ministers' chief concern during their present meeting was with urgent measures required to safeguard the security of the free world in Europe and Asia in order that peace will be maintained."

"The Ministers were agreed that this will continue to be their chief concern and that, in conjunction with other members of the North Atlantic Treaty Organization and other friendly governments, they will see to it that the necessary measures to achieve this end are worked out and applied with the greatest possible dispatch."

"In their consideration of German questions, the Ministers were greatly assisted by the report of the inter-Governmental study group which has been meeting in London during the last three months."

"The Ministers decided that the group, which was appointed at their London meeting in May, should be continued."

"The Ministers also had the advantage of the presence in New York of their three High Commissioners from Germany."

The conclusions reached by the Ministers on a large number of questions affecting Germany are stated in an annex to this communiqué."

Only Government of Germany

The full text of the Communiqué follows:

"The Foreign Ministers have reviewed the situation in Germany and the Allied relations with the Federal Republic in the light of developments since their last meeting in London in May, 1950."

"They have taken into account in their examination the views which have been expressed on recent occasions by Government of the Federal Republic."

"They and their Governments share the desire of the German people for the unification of Germany on a basis which respects the fundamental liberties."

"Despite this end, it will obviously not be realized so long as the Soviet Union continues to ignore proposals for democratic all-German elections, and to stage controlled elections such as the one to be held in the Soviet Zone on October 15."

"Pending the unification of Germany, the three Governments consider the Government of the Federal Republic as the only legitimate Government, and are therefore entitled to speak for Germany as the representative of the German people in international affairs."

"They reaffirm their desire, of which they have already given many proofs, to integrate the Federal Republic into the community of free nations."

Time here

"They are convinced that the overwhelming majority of German people want to take part in building the European Community, and strengthening its common civilization."

"It appears to them that the time has now come to take a new step towards the attainment of these aims."

"In the spirit of the new relationships which they wish to establish with the Federal Republic, the three Governments have decided, as soon as action can be taken in all three countries in accordance with their respective constitutional requirements, to take the necessary steps to terminate the state of war with Germany."

"This action will not affect the rights and status of the three powers in Germany which rest upon a different basis. It will, however, create a firmer foundation for the developing structure of peaceful and friendly relationships and will remove disabilities to which German nationals are subject."

"They will treat any attack against the Federal Republic of Berlin from any quarter as an attack upon themselves."

"The Ministers are fully agreed that the re-creation of a German national army would not serve the best interests of Germany or Europe. They also believe that this is the view of the great majority of the German people."

"The Ministers' intentions recently expressed in Germany and elsewhere in favour of German participation in an integrated force for the defence of European freedom."

Mobile police

"The question raised by the problem of the participation of the German Federal Republic in the common defence of Europe is at present the subject of study and exchange of internal security. The Foreign Ministers recognize the necessity for ensuring that the German authorities are enabled effectively to deal with possible subversive activities."

"To this effect the three Ministers have agreed to permit the establishment of mobile police formations organized on a Land provincial basis but with provisions which would enable the Federal Government to have adequate powers to make effective use of all or part of this force in order fully to meet the exigencies of the present situation."

"The High Commission and Allied forces in Germany will render such assistance as may be feasible in the rapid establishment of this force."

"The new plan in the relations between the Allies and the Federal Republic will be marked by major extensions of the authority of the Federal Government."

"To make this possible, the occupying powers are prepared to amend the Occupation Statute, while maintaining the legal basis of the occupation and the Federal Republic will be expected to undertake certain commitments and other actions consonant with its new responsibilities."

Foreign relations

"In the field of foreign affairs, the Federal Government will be authorized to establish a Ministry of Foreign Affairs, and to undertake relations with the Federal Republic."

"Pending this review, the High Commission has been instructed to remove, forthwith, all restrictions on the size, speed and number of commercial cargo ships built for export and to enter into diplomatic relations with foreign countries in all suitable cases."

"In other fields, and particularly in relation to internal economic matters, far-reaching reductions will be made in existing controls, and the present system of review of German legislation will be modified."

"In certain cases, the Allied powers will, as soon as the Federal Government has given undertakings or takes suitable action."

"The High Commission will promptly begin discussions with the Federal Government to work out the necessary agreements for such undertakings."

"The Foreign Ministers have also agreed that a review of the prohibited and limited industries' allow steel to be produced outside the present limitation where

"They recognize the fact that outright military units have been created in the Soviet Zone of occupation and this fact, together with recent events in Germany and elsewhere, have given rise to a situation of great concern."

"The Allied Governments consider that their forces in Germany have in addition to their occupation duties, also the important role of acting as security forces for the protection and defence of the free world, including the German Federal Republic and the Western sectors of Berlin."

"To make this protection more effective the Allied Governments will increase and improve their forces in Germany and will not

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Loophole stopped

Under the Atlantic Treaty, member States bound themselves to recognize an attack on the territory of any signatory power as an attack on the territory of all. The Department or on the occupation forces of any party to the treaty in Europe, or on islands under the jurisdiction of a signatory in the North Atlantic north of the Tropic of Cancer, as an attack on all.

Theoretically it might have been possible for Western Germany to be attacked without the occupation forces being attacked, though in practice such an attack would have involved the occupation forces as long as they were in Germany.

Now this theoretical loophole has been stopped and the occupation powers have specifically extended to Western Germany the same type of guarantee as that contained in the North Atlantic Pact.

In Washington, immediate Congressional comment on the Big Three announcement on Germany was favourable, with the general reaction that the decision will strengthen the Western powers.

Senator Brien McMahon (Democrat, Connecticut) said: "This is an important step towards the unification of Western Europe which is so highly desirable."

Senator Theodore Green (Democrat, Rhode Island) said: "This will strengthen the so-called allies and seems to add one more nation to the common defence."

This will facilitate the defence effort of the West.

Berlin situation

"The three Governments pay tribute to the continuing steadfastness of the people of Berlin for the valiant struggle of the city to preserve its freedom."

"They will continue to oppose aggression in any form against the people of the city and are taking steps to strengthen the Allied forces of defence."

"In view of the heavy price Berlin has had to pay to defend its freedom the Governments will continue their efforts to alleviate its economic situation."

"They have directed the High Commission to review the statement of principles concerning the relationship between the Allied Commandatura and Berlin, and to liberalise the Allied controls in the city to the maximum extent practicable."

"These decisions mark an important stage in the normalisation of the relations and should contribute towards the creation of an atmosphere of mutual confidence and understanding in Western Europe and the consolidation of the Western nations in their efforts to establish a firm basis for a future peace of Europe and the world."—Reuter.

FIRM WARNING GIVEN TO THE COMMUNISTS

London, September 19.

The decision of the three Western occupation powers to give West Germany an automatic security guarantee was interpreted in diplomatic quarters here as a firm warning to the Communist powers.

The intention of the move, it was thought here, was first to impress on the Governments East of the Iron Curtain that any attempt to turn Germany into a second Korea would be fought from the outset.

It was also thought to be intended to meet the repeated requests of the West German Federal Chancellor, Dr. Konrad Adenauer, for a more explicit statement that the occupation powers regard themselves as committed to the defence of the Federal Republic.

In the past, the Bonn Government has had to be content with an assurance that West German territory comes within the area covered by the "security umbrella" of the Atlantic Pact.

It has been given a guarantee of automatic assistance, which goes beyond that contained in the text of the Atlantic Treaty.

Loophole stopped

Under the Atlantic Treaty, member States bound themselves to recognize an attack on the territory of any signatory power as an attack on the territory of all. The Department or on the occupation forces of any party to the treaty in Europe, or on islands under the jurisdiction of a signatory in the North Atlantic north of the Tropic of Cancer, as an attack on all.

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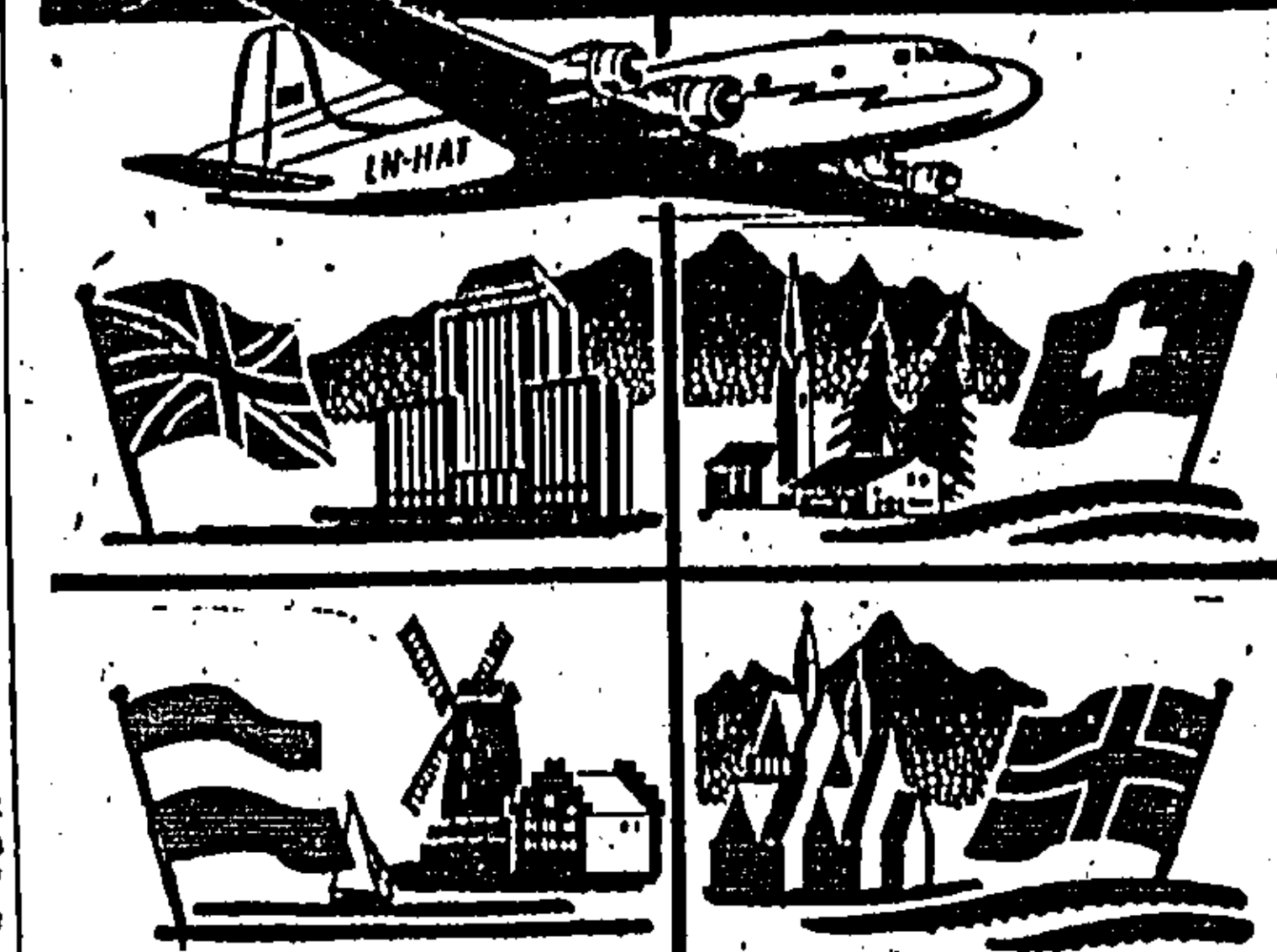
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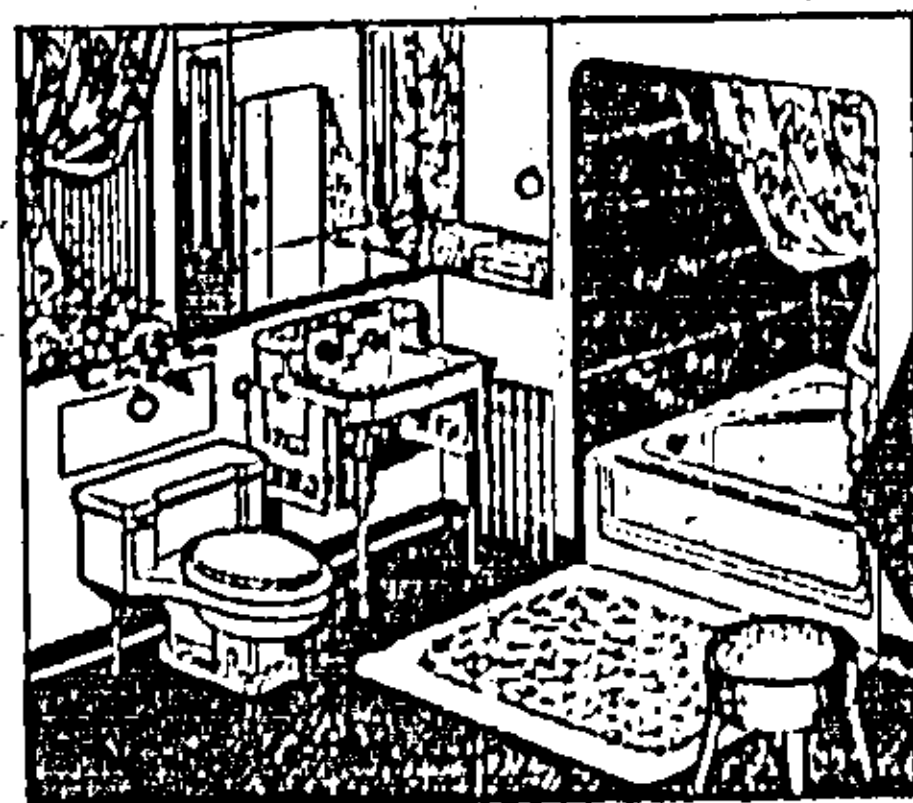
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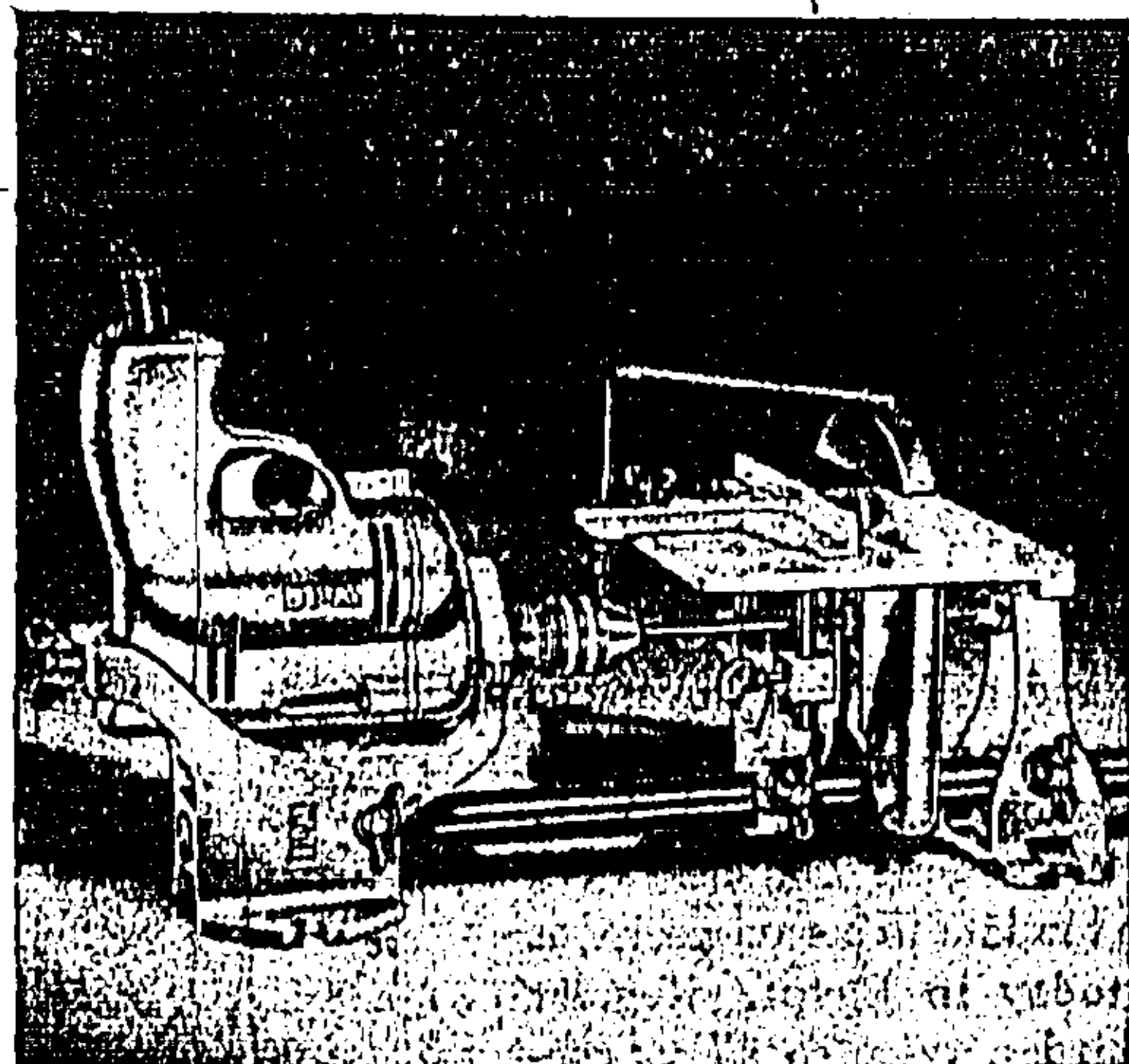
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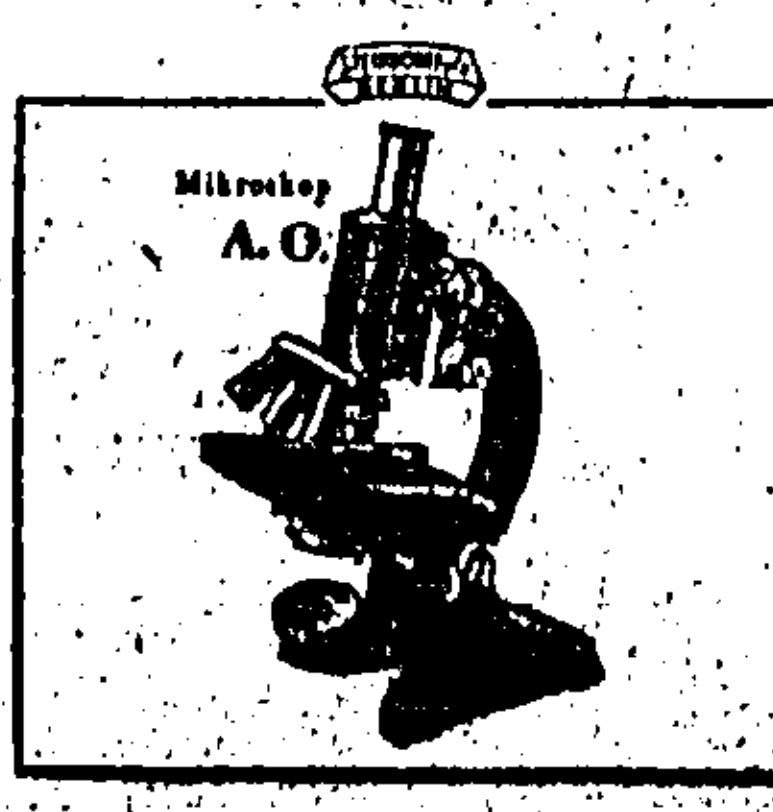
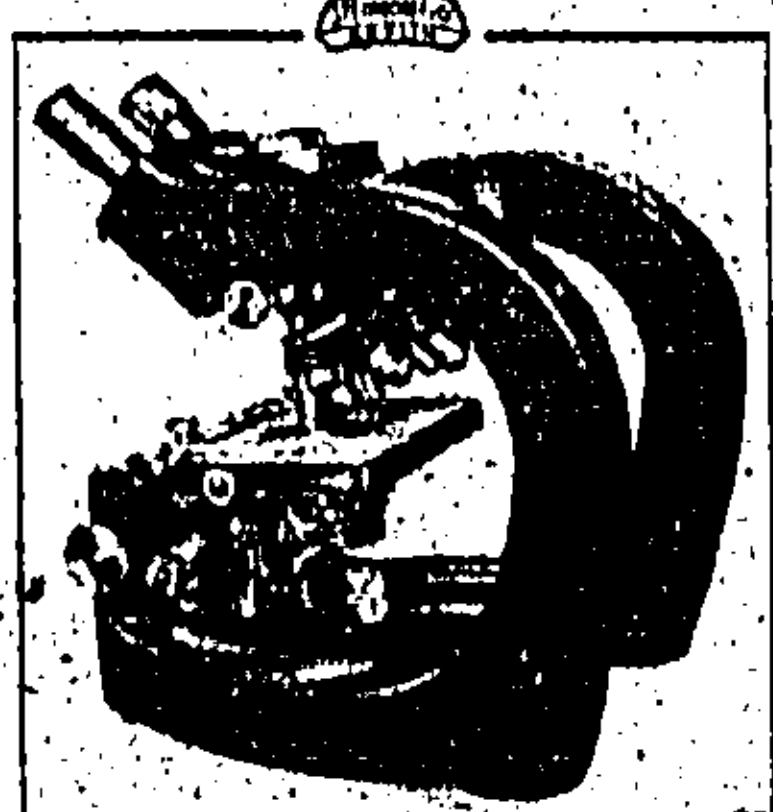
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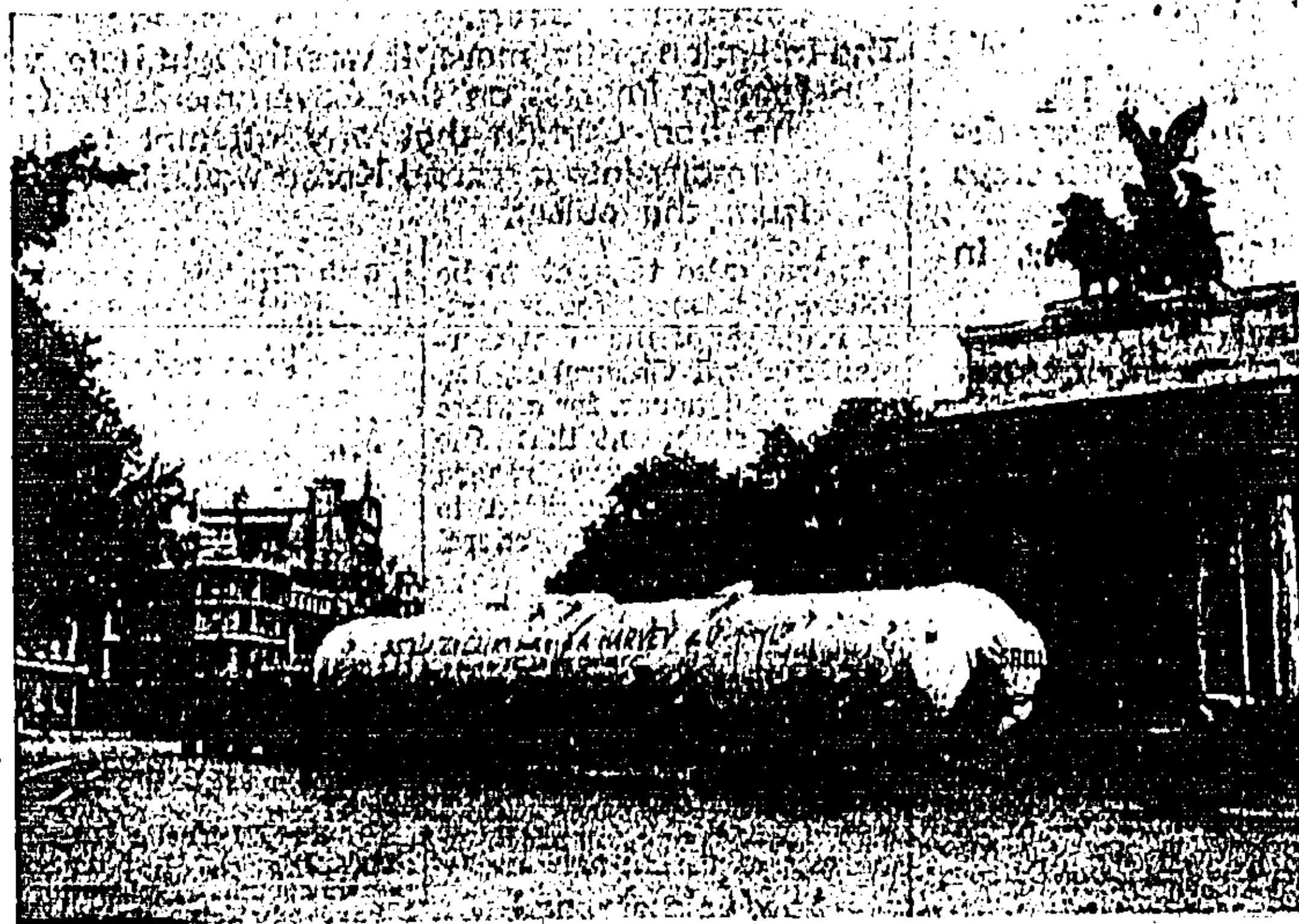
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ENGINEERING PAGE

Giant column for refinery



The 84-foot long fractionating column manufactured for Shell by Harvey & Co. Ltd. (to the order of the Lummus Company) left Greenwich recently for Shell Haven, Essex. Towed by two, and sometimes three, 20-ton tractors the column covered its three day journey at four miles per hour. It is to be used as part of the Reforming Plant on the new M.E.C. Site, for improving the quality of petrol in manufacture. The new Shell Haven Refinery is expected to come into operation in November of this year. Picture shows the column being towed past Hyde Park Corner.

Unusual feat of transport

Several weeks ago, many Londoners witnessed an unusual feat of transport in the road haulage of a giant fractionating column—84 ft. long and weighing 150 tons—through London, at the commencement of a three-day journey from the manufacturers in Greenwich to its erection site at Shell Haven, Essex.

This column which was made by Messrs. G. A. Harvey & Co. (London) Ltd., to the order of the Lummus Co. Ltd., is being erected as part of the reforming plant at Shell's new refinery and is designed for improving the quality of petrol in manufacture. So huge was this column that police authorities would allow it to be transported by road through London only on Sunday for fear of dislocating traffic. It was carried on a 32-wheel double bogey hauled by three 20-ton tractors and the average speed of this four-in-one convoy, which had an overall length of more than 100 ft., was only four miles an hour.

Three-day trip

The column reached Shell Haven after three days and work began immediately to install it on foundations which were ready to receive it.

The new refinery now being erected on this Thames Estuary site is part of Shell's U.K. refinery expansion programme which is expected to be completed in 1952. The existing refinery installation at Shell Haven has an annual capacity of 800,000 tons; the new refinery now being erected on an adjoining site will, with its twin refinery also in the course of construction at Stanlow, Cheshire, on the Manchester Ship Canal, have a combined capacity of more than 5,000,000 tons a year. This production, together with the 1,500,000 tons annual capacity of the Heysham, Lancs. refinery, will make Shell the largest refinery operator in the United Kingdom. The new refineries at Shell Haven and at Stanlow will operate mainly on crude oil from the Middle East, for which the new fleet of giant 20,000 ton tankers has been especially designed.

The Stanlow refinery came into operation in November, 1949, and production is expected to begin at Shell Haven next November.

New features of Microbe Hunter microscope

The completely new design and operational features of the Microbe Hunter make it the most advanced microscope on the market today.

The Microbe Hunter has a specially designed stand made of hollow light-metal castings. Base, arms and body tube are made of one piece, with the curved supports joined at the binocular-monocular body tube.

The binocular tube is inclined (45°) to a comfortable position, whereas the monocular eyepiece holder is arranged vertically and does not affect binocular observation.

A turn of a knob instantly changes the instrument from binocular to monocular operation. Other microscopes effect the transition from monocular to binocular viewing by changing the body tube. This is not only wasteful of time, but it is also the cause of misalignments within the instrument. The Microbe Hunter's new optical design maintains focusing accuracy and guards against wear.

Attached devices (such as photographic and filming equipment) do not affect the mechanical parts of the instrument because of the large over-all distribution of weight and the firm support given by the arched metal frame. A great advantage is the arrangement of the focusing adjustments. They are on the base of the microscope and need not carry the weight of the optical parts, which ensures further rigidity without travel or creep.

Dustproof nosepiece.

The Microbe Hunter is equipped with a dustproof, sextuple nosepiece. All objectives are immediately to hand, resulting in a further saving of time.

The coarse slide, on a short, strong block, is of "T"-shaped dovetail construction. The micrometer fine adjustment, used so successfully on other Steindorff Microscopes, is placed in front of

the coarse adjustment. Knobs operating the fine and coarse adjustments and the vertical movement of the substage are arranged on the same level. Adjustment for moving the stage and changing from monocular to binocular observation are all installed so conveniently that they may be manipulated while the observer rests his wrists on the table. Compare this with conventional microscopes where the hands must be continually raised and lowered while making adjustments.

The rigidly supported, built-in mechanical stage, 130 mm square, moves over a range of 60 mm sideways and 40 mm forward and backward. Both movements are graduated in millimeters, reading by verniers to 0.1 mm.

The design of the Microbe Hunter, with its arms pivoted at the front of the instrument, gives free access to the stage, objectives and substage, and thus affords unobstructed handling of slides and greater convenience to the user. Exposed metal parts which receive considerable wear are chromium plated.

The Microbe Hunter can be supplied with a new type spherical lamp for constant source illumination. This lamp easily fits into the regular mirror support. Thus, with one motion, the instrument is equipped with built-in lighting.

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Efficiency, production and profit are immediately increased with the installation of "Wolf" ready to hand and speedy grinding, mulling and wire scratch-brushing units.

Whatever the job—sharpening of edge tools, light fettling, removing weld flash, preparatory scratch-brushing and final buffing and polishing—these robust and reliable "Wolf" tools will pay their initial installation many times over in the Machine Shop, Garage Service Station, Tool Room, Foundry, Maintenance Department, etc.

Designed to the usual high "Wolf" standard to give years of trouble-free service with complete operational safety, all machines are insulated flash, tested at 1500 volts. Grinding spindles are mounted on ball bearings specially sealed to prevent the ingress of grinding dust and a robust switch of ample capacity is fitted in the base of each grinder.

BOILERS FOR RANGOON

Mitchell Engineering, Ltd., Peterborough, has received an order from the Rangoon Electric Tramway Co., Ltd. for a 20,000lb. boiler which is to be delivered within 18 months. This order will complete an installation of 2000 h.p. at the Rangoon Electric Tramway Co. Ltd. The firm's power plant is

New "Wolf" electric drill

"Wolf" have designed and built a Wolf Cub home constructor and electric drill as a multi-purpose tool possessing hundreds of uses.

Here is the means of doing many useful things—hundreds of home repair and construction jobs—with more speed and pleasure than ever before.

The Cub makes light work of tedious tasks—from drilling holes in all kinds of materials to sawing wood—from removing old paint and rust to polishing a table top—from turning a table leg to building a junior model ship. This is the equipment for the home which encourages creative ability and fosters enterprise.

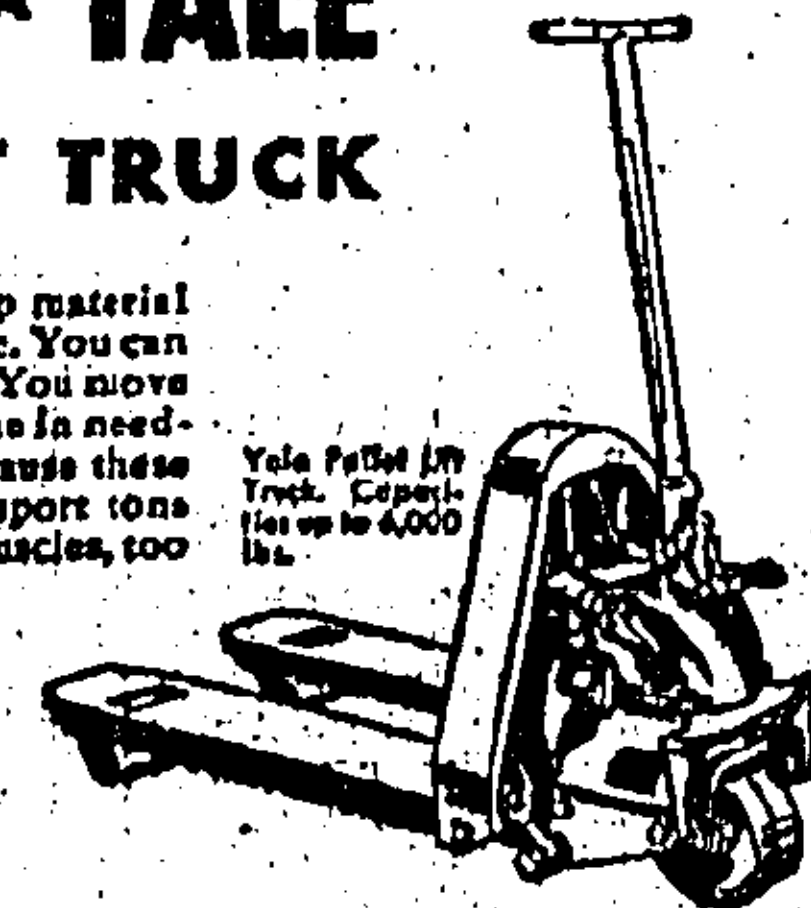
It is so simple and easy to own; for you can purchase any part or complete kits at prices well within your pocket. You can start for example, with the Wolf Cub electric drill which is also the power unit of all the kits. You may then add a clamp or a drill stand, or you can convert it into a saw or a lathe kit. Perhaps the saw kit first attracts you; if later you want to do some turning, a conversion set will add a new range of operations.

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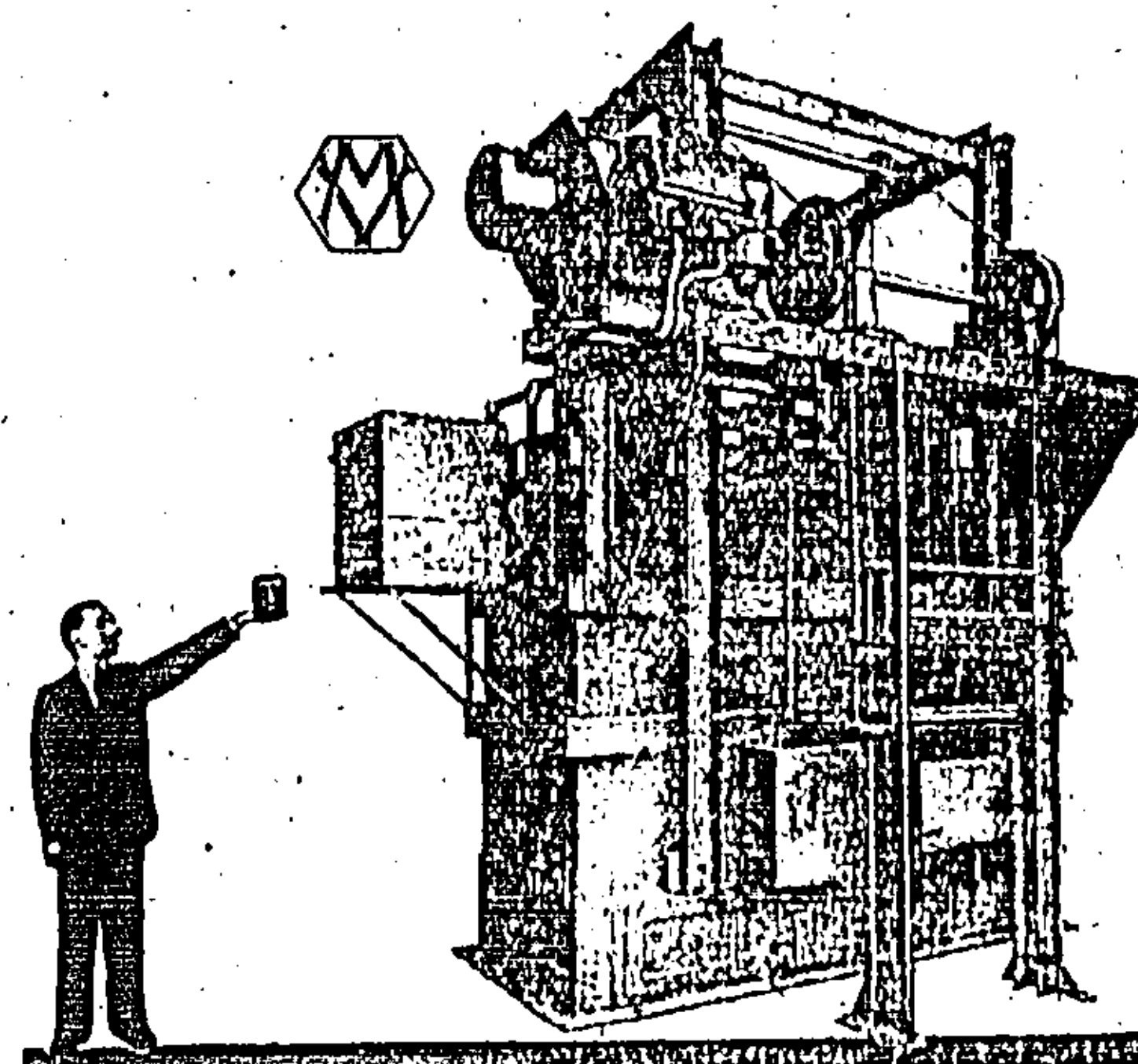
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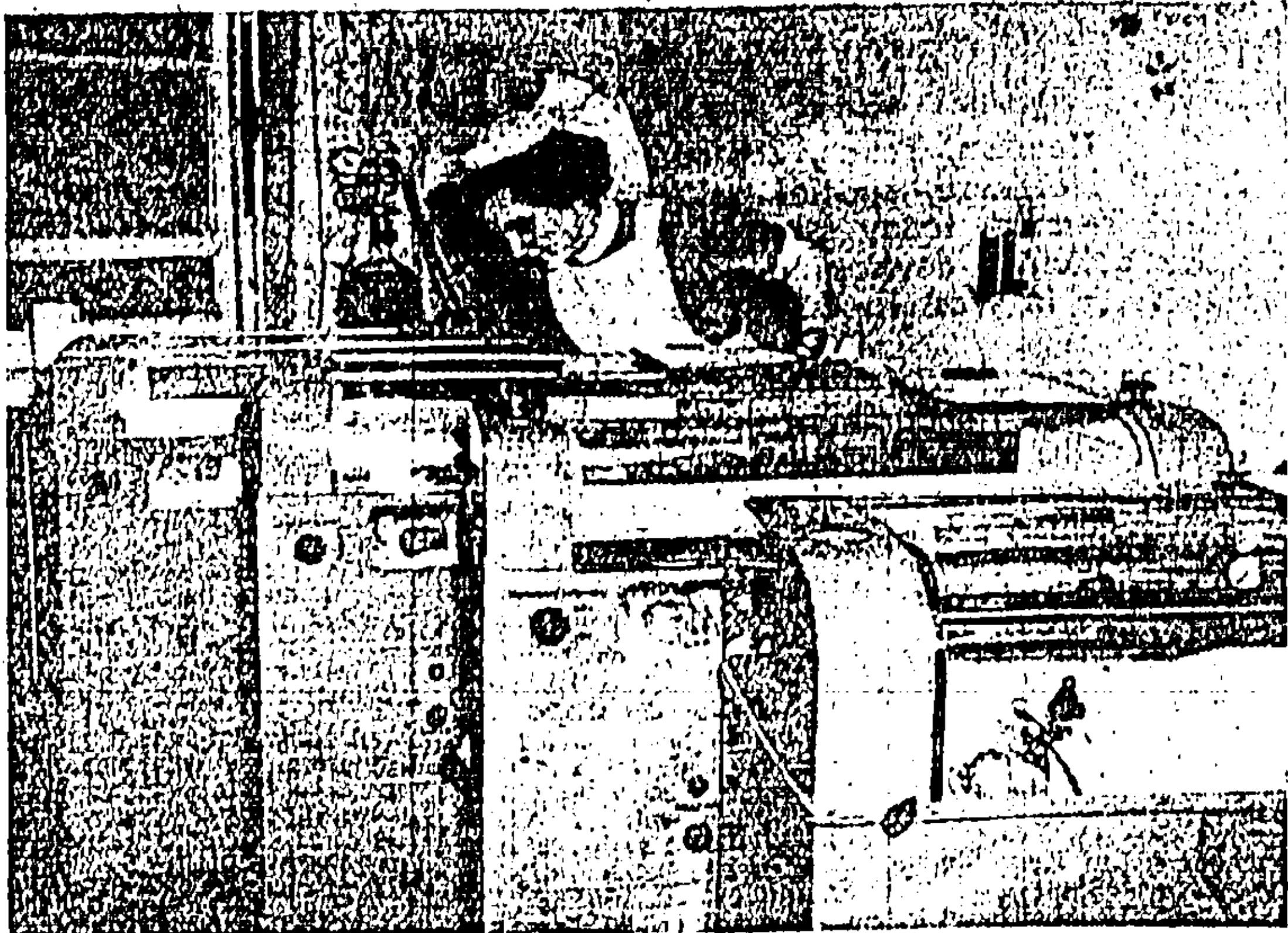
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First picture of quads



Quads—all girls—were born in Westminster Hospital, London, to 27-year-old Mrs. Elizabeth Cole, wife of a brewery engineer, David Joseph Cole, aged 31, of Kent House, Purford Street. The babies were born prematurely. They were expected in November. They were all born within an hour, and are between three and four pounds. They are doing quite well, although rather weakly, and are in new-type incubators taken to the hospital a few hours earlier. The girls have a son, David, aged five. Photo shows student nurse Janet Dalton with the quads in their special incubators, at Westminster Hospital. (AP Photo).

Three's a crowd even in prison

By John Hall

Breakfast today for 22,440 people in Britain was served at 7 a.m. under lock and key—porridge, bread and margarine, and a mug of tea—prison breakfast.

For about 16,000 it was breakfast behind bars too; they ate in their cells, some of them as they had slept—three to a cell.

It is 30 years since there were as many people in jail in this country. The figure is now twice as high as it was before the war, and it is still rising.

More required

In the law-abiding interval years the Prison Commissioners closed 25 local jails. Since the war they have reopened seven of those closed jails.

Taken over one former naval jail.

Started four new "open" prisons and two prison camps.

Opened eight new Borstal institutions, and a ninth will be opened later this month.

But cell accommodation is still inadequate—as the three-to-a-cell conditions show—and unless there is a check to the rising prison population more jails will have to be built.

It is 30 years since a new prison was built in Britain—at Camp Hill, Isle of Wight, opened in 1912.

If you ask how the country has managed, in the matter of crime, to put the clock back 30 years and more, experts will give you a variety of answers.

They will mention, lowered morals, housing difficulties, slack parents, rationing and scarcity of consumer goods, excess of new regulations, too much pampering and not enough punishment of law-breakers.

Point to ponder about new legislation is that in the last ten years nearly 30,000 new laws and regulations have come into being, and in that time the prison population has risen by 10,000—a ratio of three to one.

If you go back 30 years for comparisons the facts are blacker than the figures.

Thirty years ago the largest number of prisoners were drunks, petty pilferers, and mendicants, many of whom were sent down "without the option" of paying a fine.

Today there are few drunks, almost no tramps or beggars, and "time to pay" an optional fine is standard practice. Today the largest number of prisoners are burglars and thieves, and worst of all is the large increase in the number of young wrongdoers.

Change in strategy

War brought a crime wave, but the steepest rise has been since 1945, the end of the war in Europe.

A year ago there were indications that the wave was subsiding. Many police chiefs, including those in the London area, reported, and are still reporting, less crime, though in a few areas notably Scotland, crime is still increasing.

A change in strategy in the war on crime has resulted in more prisoners, for law-breakers are being "put away" for longer periods.

This change in strategy began with the Criminal Justice Act of 1940, the Act which expunged the word convict, abolished penal servitude and, except for offences committed in prison, the "cat" and the bird.

To give the police and Borstal authorities more time to reform and reclaim habitual wrongdoers the courts were empowered to impose preventive detention or corrective training.

Law-breakers over 30 years of age who have "records" can now

be given five to 14 years' preventive detention, and those under 30 will "roam" up to four years' corrective training.

This effect has been that young persistent offenders who might previously have "got away" with say, 12 months for a burglary can now be given up to four years' corrective training.

'Spiv complex'

There is evidence that the courts are imposing longer sentences, both by way of preventive detention and corrective training and in lieu of the fact that they can no longer order the "cat".

In the areas where crime has risen, police chiefs say the longer sentences have been responsible. They have made crime less attractive, for the confirmed criminal measures the risk in terms of the "stretch" he may get, and whether that "stretch" is called preventive detention or corrective training matters not to him.

It will be some years before the results of the new strategy can be assessed, especially its effect on young offenders, who are the main problem.

For too many a prison sentence no longer carries stigma, and there are hordes of well-meaning people who are too ready to excuse the law-breaker.

Social workers, say we are still reaping the harvest of the "spiv complex"—the quest for an easy living without scruples about the nature of it.

The prisons are full of would-be "wide boys."

As a young prisoner told a prison governor: "Yes, I'd go straight if I could get a £15-a-week job that didn't too much hard work in it."

U.S. MILITARY MISSION IN PI

Manila, September 19.

A joint U.S.-State-Defense Department Military Survey Mission opened a series of conferences with Philippine Armed Forces leaders on the island's defense needs.

The United States group headed by Mr. John Melby of the State Department and Major-General Graves S. Erskine (Marine Corps), settled down to fact-finding discussions with the Philippine Chief of Staff, Major-General M. Castadano and his aides today after a preliminary conference with President Elpidio Quirino and the National Defense Secretary, Mr. Ramon Magsaysay, on Monday.

The mission members will probably remain in the Philippines for two weeks. They came here after similar discussions with other Far Eastern democracies.

Mr. Melby declined to answer a question whether the U.S. might extend military aid in the Government drive to suppress Communist Hukbalhapa armed forces raiding in Luzon province.

—Associated Press.

BISHOP'S DEATH

Vatican City, September 20.

Monsignor Alcide Maria, titular Bishop of Eltopoli and Apostolic Nuncio in Lebanon, died last night in a home hospital. He had been ill for several months.

Monsignor Maria, born on May 24, 1887, near Piacenza, Italy, was considered in Vatican circles to be an expert in Oriental religious matters. He served as Apostolic Delegate in Paris and Geneva before being named to the Lebanon post.

—Associated Press.

SWEDEN TAKING STEPS TO COUNTER INVADERS

Sweden, neighbour to Russia and neutral in the last war, is deeply perturbed about Communist penetration. Several headlines lately have shown that she has real cause for concern.

To guard against this penetration she is taking important precautions, and is being urged, by many of her citizens to go still further.

By Ralph Hewins

Frontline Sweden is taking special precautions to prevent Communist agents from behind the Iron Curtain infiltrating into the country as discharged seamen, political refugees and "ship-jumpers."

Investigations carried out by the Swedish Security Police, prove that at least half the scores of men who have left Polish vessels in Swedish harbours during the current year on one pretext or another are in fact agents of the Soviet Union and its satellites.

It is feared that amongst the Poles are highly trained and specialised saboteurs who would remain in hiding in Sweden until war broke out.

Most of the work of the agents is, however, thought to be less ambitious—to build up the framework for a fifth column in conjunction with the very few Swedish citizens, including Communists, who would be prepared to serve as active traitors if it came to the point.

Spying on refugees

Another task of the smuggled agents is to spy on the thousands of genuine refugees from the Iron Curtain, particularly the Baltic States, Poland and the Eastern Zone of Germany, who have found asylum in Sweden.

Picked Poles are believed to act as couriers between the Communist and its adherents in Sweden. It is thought that subversion in Foreign countries is generally carried out by Soviet organisations independent of official Russian and satellite organisations abroad.

Consequently a strict watch with increased personnel has been initiated at the quays at Stockholm, Gothenburg and other Swedish ports.

The Swedish authorities are also agitating for authority to check ships' crews on arrival and departure instead of just relying on the word of each skipper as has been the practice hitherto.

Such an innovation would not be one-sided so far as Poles are concerned. The Polish harbour authorities have for years subjected visiting Swedish seamen to the strictest scrutiny and have imposed drastic regulations for going ashore. Many Swedes who have willingly or inadvertently infringed the regulations have been imprisoned.

Suspicious men

Some such tightening up of the Swedish powers seems imperative.

The police have ample proof that Polish boats plying regularly every 10 days or so to Swedish ports habitually leave suspicious men ashore and return for them a trip or two later.

What these agents actually do or with whom they collaborate is not easy to trace, for the disembarked agents are armed with false papers and identities.

When these men have done their mysterious errands they are picked up and the work appears to be carried on by fresh substitutes, provided with appropriate new forgeries.

Another innovation which the Swedish authorities want to start

is separate internment camps for different categories of refugees awaiting intercession. At present all refugees are accommodated at Gottrön, 12 miles north of Stockholm, and it is felt that their collection in one centre renders collaboration easy for false political "refugees" and simplifies their task of "acting as" genuine fugitives.

Hard to trace

But the intruders most perturbing the Swedish authorities are men who never come under surveillance at all. These men are difficult to trace, since hundreds of thousands of fugitives from Eastern Europe have been given homes here since 1939, and amongst them are plenty of helping hands for agents of a foreign Power.

Settled refugees have more over become accepted in Sweden and accordingly have access to much intelligence that would ordinarily be hard for a hostile power to assemble. It is just such material that wandering agents are expected to collect.

A further precaution advocated here is an extension of forbidden zones, and something approaching a wartime scale. At present such zones are limited as much as possible, thus pointing out to foreign agents just where to investigate.

A precaution demanded by a wise section of the anti-Communist Swedish Press is the introduction of the right to search the persons and cameras of hitherto privileged diplomatic personnel. It is considered useless to go on obtaining the recall of Communist diplomats after they have penetrated forbidden zones and taken pictures. Diplomats thus abusing their rights are simply replaced. The stable door is merely closed after the horse has bolted. The "dirty work" goes on.

Saboteurs

Chief diplomatic offenders are the Russians. The movements of two of the emptiest staffs—one in Stockholm archipelago and one on the Baltic island of Gotland—are at this very time said to be under review by the Swedish Security Police.

Czech business men have also excited much suspicion since it transpired here that they have each received detailed instructions for economic espionage and recruitment of Swedish traitors before setting out on their travels.

Already saboteurs have experimentally put the Swedish electric grid out of action for three-quarters of an hour. This was an inconvenience in place, in view of the fact that the difference between life and death for Sweden's costly defence, which is Britain's most easterly bulwark in Europe North of the Mediterranean.

MARSHALL POST APPROVED

Washington, September 19. The Senate Armed Forces Committee today approved the nomination of General George Marshall as Secretary of Defence.

Refugees trek to South

More than 100,000 destitute Chinese refugees, survivors of that summer's floods in East China, are trekking slowly Southward in a search for some way to save body and soul together. Most of them are without any resources beyond the clothes on their backs for the few pennies they were able to salvage before the flood waters inundated their homes, families and lives.

Official Communist reports admit that the figure of 100,000 is based on incomplete statistics. Shanghai reports said that 18,000 recently made their way to that city, bringing the number of flood refugees to over 25,000. In addition, 25,000 more had gone to South Kiangsu, 20,000 to Fukang and 15,000 to Southern Anhwei.

The reports spoke hopefully of establishing relief and accommodation stations in various localities, and said that publicity campaigns would be launched to "strengthen the confidence of the refugees." It was apparent, however, that little real help would be given. Some committee meetings were held at which it was decided to follow the principal of "self-salvation," which means just that.

Reports from Shanghai said most of the flood refugees were roaming the streets and sleeping out of doors. Local residents tried to obtain accommodation for them in criss-crossed, funeral parlours and family associations, but without much success. It was feared that many would die off with the first cold snap—United Press.

CATTLE DIE IN SHIP'S HOLD

London, September 18.

Forty of 400 head of cattle died today in water-logged holds on board the steamer Kennamare during a voyage from Cork, Eire, to Liverpool.

The crew described it as one of the worst crossings ever.

Mountainous seas, whipped by gales, pounded in from the Atlantic. They had to look helplessly at the cattle, which were being tossed from side to side as the ship rolled.

The animals fell on top of one another, howling piteously in their death throes.

Stevedores crossing from France and Ireland brought home holidayers' makers green and groggy after the worst crossing of their lives.

The North-West English coast was pounded by an exceptionally high tide all yesterday and workmen fought to save the £350,000 illuminations at Blackpool—from being destroyed. Still higher winds are forecast tonight.—Reuter.

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Butter Concentrate (Kam Tai Brand) is now available at all stores at controlled prices. This Butter Concentrate is in tin, and should be mixed with water or milk to produce one pound weight. Firmed in a refrigerator or icebox. It is exactly the same as fresh butter because no preservative whatsoever are used. In this it will keep for years without refrigeration and should be purchased now against future shortage.

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Camelia's mother



Mother of Egyptian screen actress Camelia Cohen, this bereaved woman weeps during the funeral service at St. Joseph's Cathedral, Cairo. More than 100,000 Camelia fans thronged Cairo's main thoroughfares to watch the funeral procession. Outside the Cathedral police used clubs and leather belts liberally to keep the throng away from the gates of the Cathedral. Camelia was one of the 55 people killed in the air crash near Cairo. (AP Photo).

YWCA ACTIVITIES

The English-Speaking Members of the Hong Kong YWCA are offering an unusually varied programme of activities for the next few months. Arrangements have been made with a local collector to view his collection of ancient Chinese ceramic works.

It will be an unusual opportunity for art lovers, and will be open to the public.

The collection may be seen on Friday afternoons only, from 5.30 p.m. for a fee of \$2 a person. The proceeds will go to the YWCA's Building Fund.

Mrs. S.F. Tso will resume her Cantonese lessons on September 25. Classes will be held on Mondays and Thursdays from 10 a.m. to 11.30 a.m. Charges for the course will be \$25 a month. Mrs. Tso is prepared to teach more advanced class for students who have taken her primary course, if there is sufficient interest.

A course in Chinese painting is being formed. A talented painter, Mr. L.F. Chen, has been engaged to teach this class, which will be held at the YWCA, once a week for a two-hour period. Students will be charged \$22 a month. There are vacancies in this class as still open. Students registering are to state the time they would prefer the class to be held and the hour will be arranged for the convenience of all.

For Chinese women who wish to improve their knowledge of spoken English, a class will be held on Tuesday and Friday evenings beginning from October 17. Conversation in small group will be featured, and student may choose whether they prefer an English or American instructor. Charge for the course will be \$50 for three months. Registration for this course, which is being arranged by Mrs. J.J. Berryman, is open from today.

Cooking classes

Chinese cooking classes, which have been popular in past seasons, will again be held. Six lessons will be given for \$25 with a small reduction for "Y" members. All those interested in attending this course should sign up as soon as possible.

A course in commercial English for businesswomen is now being held at the YWCA on Tuesdays and Fridays after work. There are still a few vacancies for students who wish to improve their knowledge of business terms and procedure. This worthwhile course is \$32 for three months, also with a slight reduction for "Y" members.

Other projects which are in preparation at present are a recitation of the "Y" well-known class in Flower Arranging; European cooking; and further lectures in "Things Chinese."

The YWCA has its central offices and activities centre on the fourth floor of the Rutton Building, Duddell Street. The English-Speaking Group, one of the many clubs within "Y" is open to women of all nationalities who are able to speak English. New members are welcome at all times, and information on current activities are mailed to all its members.

For further information on any of the classes listed above, to registration, and for "Y" membership, please see Mrs. J.J. Berryman at the YWCA, 40, Queen's Road Central.

South Africa aligned with Commonwealth

Durban, September 19.
The Prime Minister of South Africa, Dr. Daniel Malan, said here today that the people of his country would ally themselves with the Commonwealth and other like-minded nations of the world in the event of a major war.

"Anti-British and isolationist hodgeys and dead," he declared.

Opening the Congress of the Natal Nationalist Party here, Dr. Malan also said that if war came, the two white races in South Africa would stand solidly together for the first time in history. —Reuter.

SHOOTING STAR JETS OVERHAUL

New York, September 19.
Lockheed Aircraft Service, Incorporated will start work within 10 days on a United States Air Force contract for overhaul and modification of an undelivered number of Lockheed F-80 Shooting Star jet fighter planes. The work will be performed at Burbank, California.

The F-80s were the first American jets to see combat, and have been in action in Korea since the outbreak of hostilities there. —Associated Press.

HARRIMAN SAYS:

QUICK ACTION NEEDED IN EUROPEAN DEFENCE

Houston, Texas, September 19.

Mr. Averell Harriman, special assistant to President Truman, today stressed the need for quick action in developing a combined military force in Western Europe for mutual defence.

He told the annual conference of the American Federation of Labour here that a strong, free world, adequately organized for defence against aggression, could prevent another war.

"The greatest military potential of the free world, outside the United States, lay in Western Europe," he added.

"In the countries of the East, where the standard of living is so low, we can help to improve conditions and, at the same time, help to increase the production of raw materials needed for an expanding economy in the industrialized countries."

"We must continue to further the freedom of trade among nations, in the benefits of which we can all share. We must do our part in promoting a long-term programme of co-operation among nations for their mutual economic development and growth."

Must be hope

"In the free world there must be hope for a better life. Communist subversion thrives on human misery. We must help eliminate this source of the Communist threat."

Asserting that American labour was among the first to recognize the Communist threat to world freedom, Mr. Harriman paid tribute to AFL participation in United States programmes for international co-operation and defence.

He also told the AFL delegates, "You have helped develop national policies designed to assist the people of other countries in maintaining their freedom."

New cantonment for Cyprus

Nicosia, Cyprus, September 19.

A new British military cantonment with barracks, married quarters, shopping centre and other amenities is being built at Dhekelia.

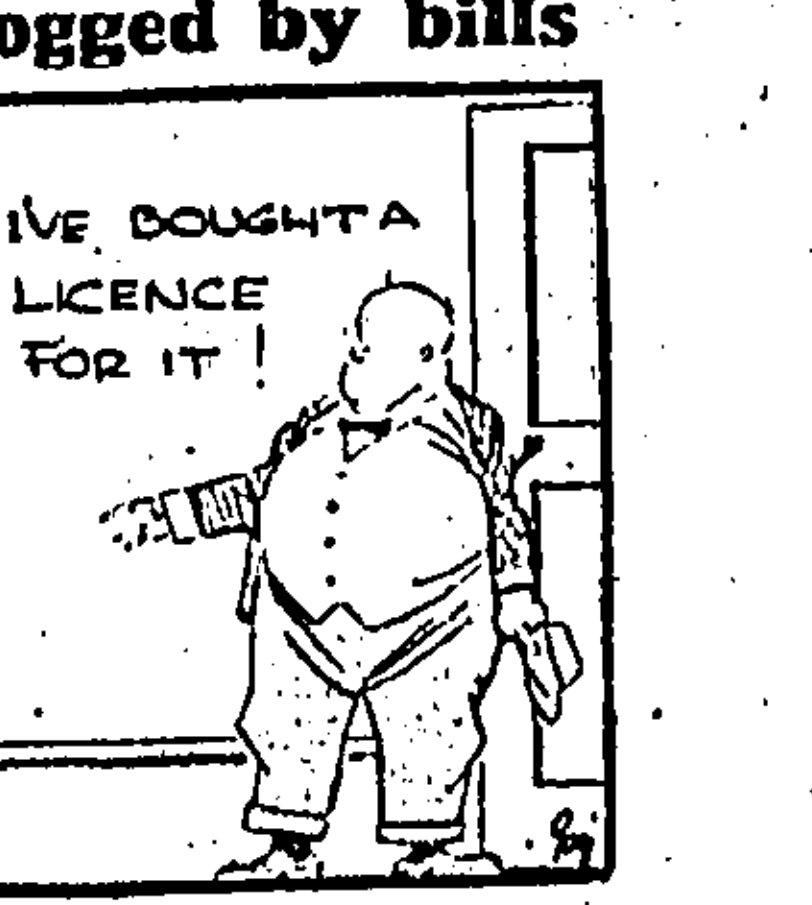
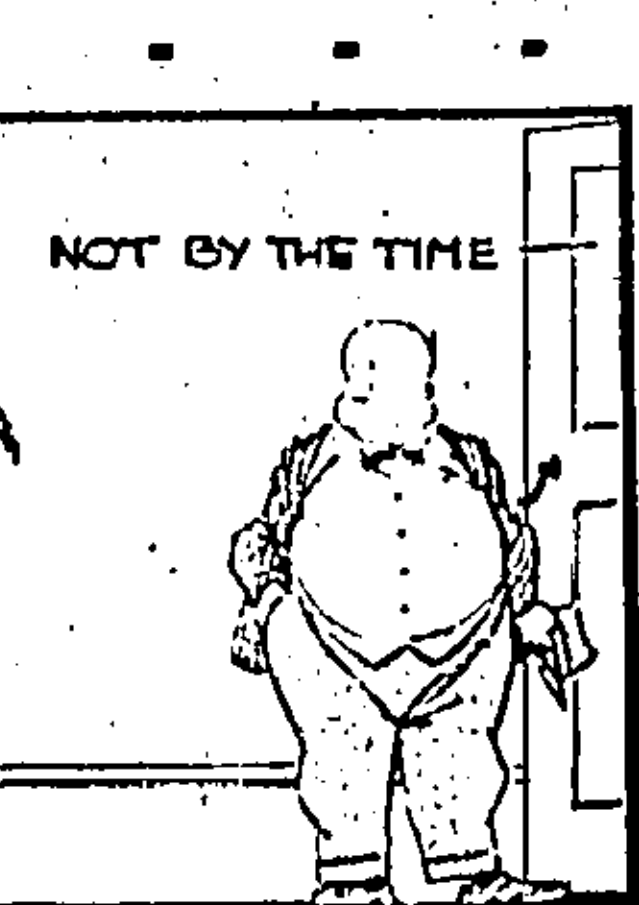
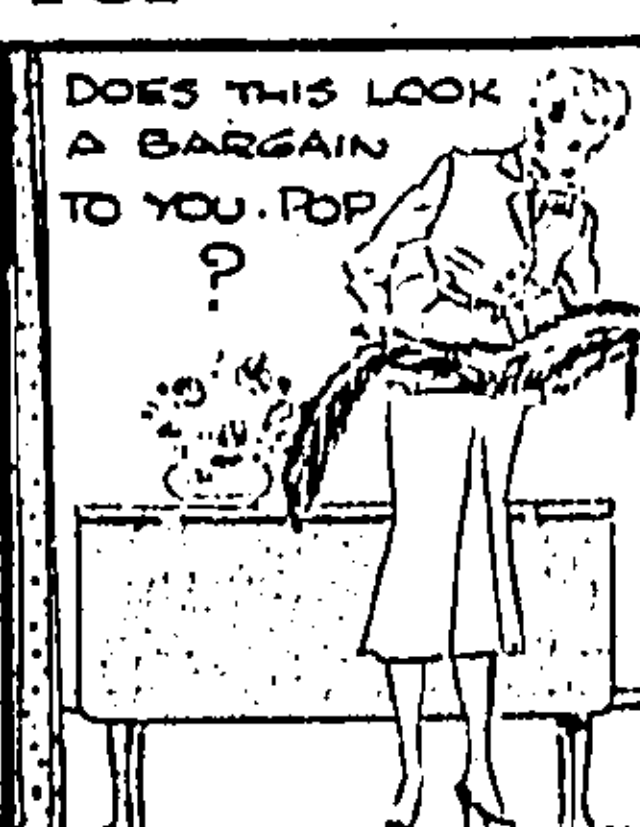
The present British garrison is about 2,000 strong, and Greek papers here have published reports recently that it will shortly be strengthened by troops from Tripoli and South Africa.

A statement from British Headquarters said today that the new garrison centre, which is to cost several million pounds, is being built as part of British policy for improving accommodation and conditions for troops in the Middle East. —Associated Press.

Communists who were using the trade unions for subversive purposes.

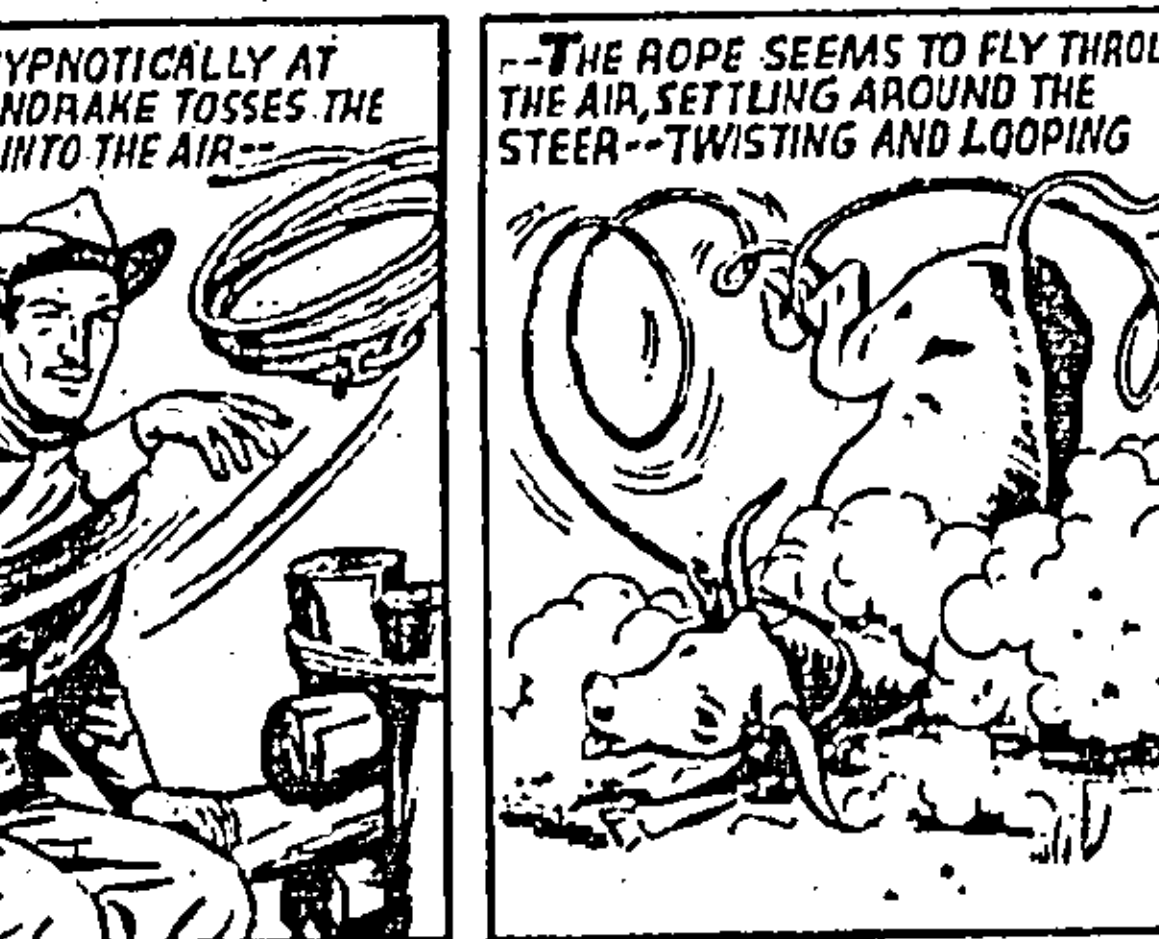
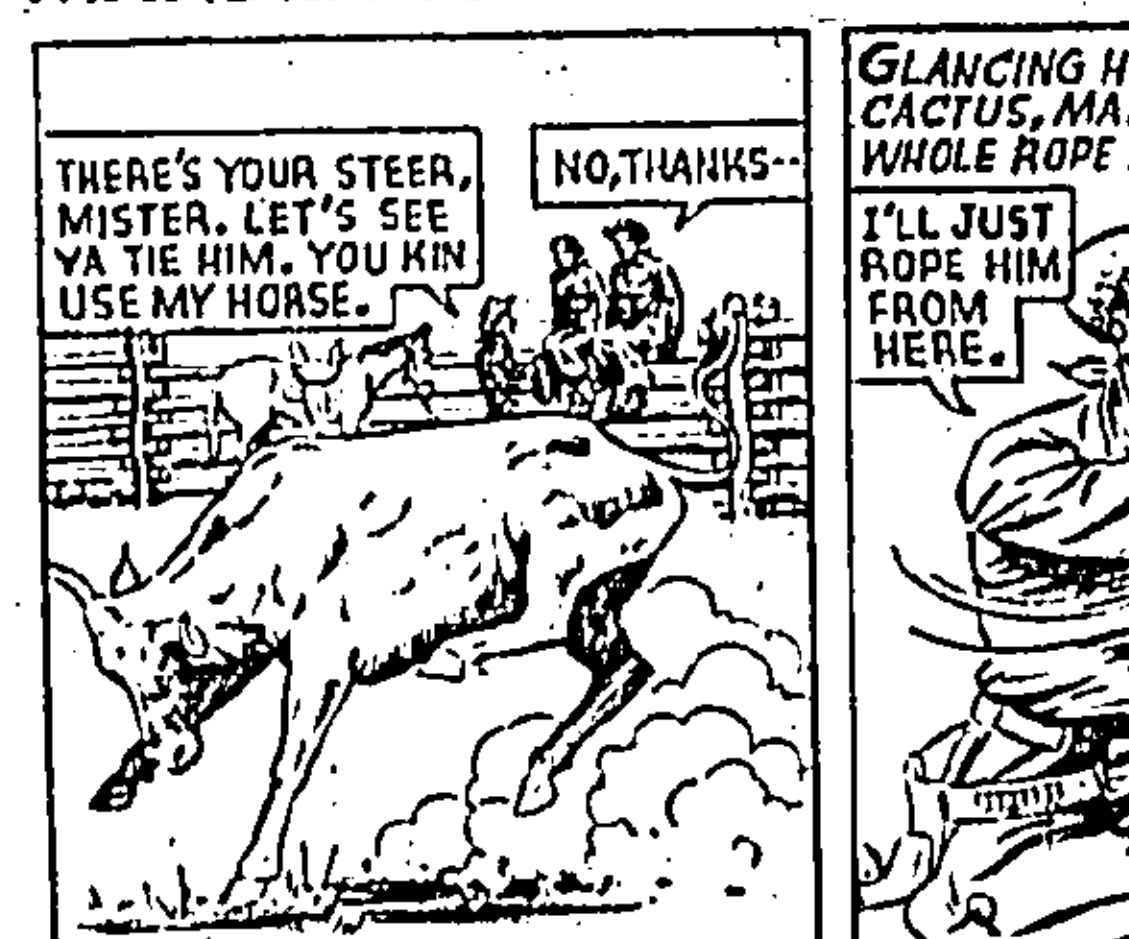
"You have helped develop national policies designed to assist the people of other countries in maintaining their freedom."

POP



Dogged by bills

MANDRAKE THE MAGICIAN



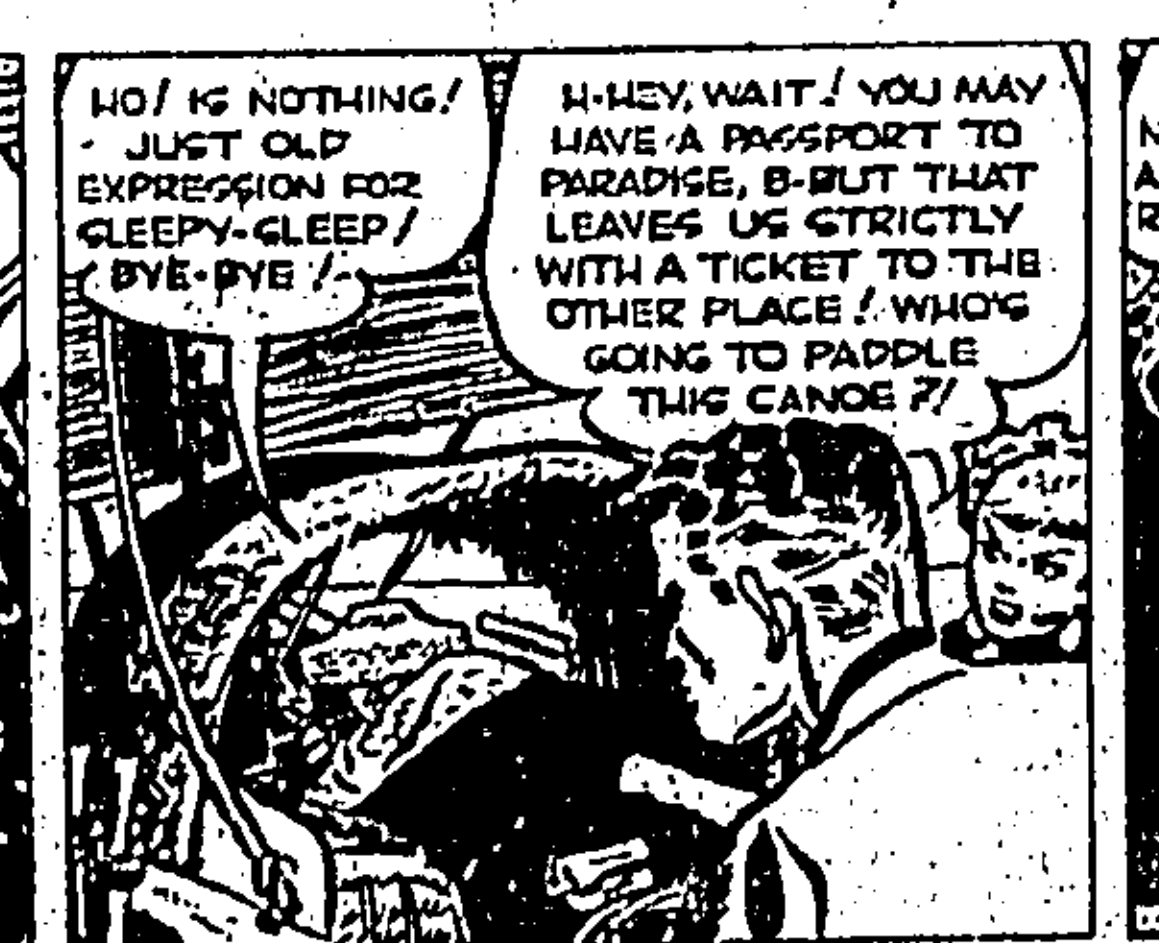
By Lee Falk and Phil Davis

RIP KIRBY



By ALEX RAYMOND

JOHNNY HAZARD



By FRANK ROBBINS

JANE



FRESH FISH PRICES

Fresh fish average prices realized at the Hong Kong Fish Wholesale Market, Kennedy Town, yesterday were—

First quality	Average	Price
Yellow Croaker	1.25	\$1.25
Mid-Gramp	1.00	1.00
Ginger Fish	1.00	1.00
Snapper	1.00	1.00
Golden Thread	1.00	1.00
Head Crab	1.00	1.00
Home Head (small)	1.00	1.00
Conquer Pike	1.00	1.00
Head New Dream	1.00	1.00
Head New Dream	1.00	1.00
Head New Dream	1.00	1.00
Head New Dream	1.00	1.00



CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

SAILINGS TO

"YCHOH"	Bangkok	5 p.m. 21st Sept.
"HUNAN"	Tientsin	5 p.m. 22nd Sept.
"FOOCHOW"	Kobe, Osaka & Nagoya	5 p.m. 24th Sept.
"SIENGKING"	Keelung	5 p.m. 24th Sept.
"PAKHOT"	Damkook	3 p.m. 28th Sept.

Sails from Custerian Wharf.

ARRIVALS FROM

"FOOCHOW"	Indonesia & Straits	22nd Sept.
"SZECHUEN"	Singapore	22nd Sept.
"SIENGKING"	Keelung	7 a.m. 23rd Sept.
"PAKHOT"	Kobe	25/26th Sept.

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SAILINGS TO

"CHIANGSHIA"	Yokohama, Shimizu, Yokohama & Kobe	4 p.m. 23rd Sept.
"TAIPING"	Sydney & Melbourne	Noon 26th Sept.
"YUNNAN"	Sydney	8th Oct.
"CHIANGSHIA"	Sydney, Melbourne & Adelaide	14th Oct.

ARRIVALS FROM

"CHIANGSHIA"	Australia, Kure & Manila	In Port
"TAIPING"	Kure	23rd Sept.
"YUNNAN"	Japan	7 a.m. 4th Oct.
"CHIANGSHIA"	Japan	8th Oct.

BLUE FUNNEL LINE

Scheduled Sailings to Europe via Aden & Port Said.

"AUTOLYCUS"	Dublin & Liverpool	25th Sept.
"CLYTONUS"	London, Holland & Hamburg	27th Sept.
"PYRRHUS"	Genoa, Marseilles, Liverpool & Glasgow	8th Oct.

ARRIVALS FROM

"ASTYANAX"	U.K. via Straits	26th Sept.
"MEMNON"	U.K. via Straits	3rd Oct.
"CALCHAS"	U.K. via Straits	10th Oct.
"PELEUS"	U.K. Rotterdam via Straits	15th Oct.
"AGAPENOR"	U.K. via Straits	20th Oct.
"ANCHISES"	U.K. via Straits	2nd Nov.

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"AGAMEMNON"	21st Sept.
"ANDAMAN"	14th Nov.

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TRUMAN BLUEPRINT FOR CIVIL DEFENCE

Washington, September 20.

U.S. policy on Spain attacked

Washington, September 20. President Truman and the State Department were criticised sharply today by columnist Constantine Brown for seeking to prevent Spain from fulfilling its role in the struggle against the evil forces of Moscow.

Writing in the "Sunday Star," Brown declared: "The State Department and White House, which alone oppose any steps to include the whole Iberian Peninsula in the forthcoming struggle for survival, placed every conceivable barrier in the way of Spain's participation."

The stated reason is that General Franco is a dictator. But so is Tito, and a Communist, to boot. They do not admit the policy of expediency as it applied to Tito should also be applied to the Communist-hating Spaniard.

"Mr. Truman has gone to greater lengths than any of his predecessors in thwarting the efforts of those who realise Spain's military support is essential to the defence of Europe," he said. "The Joint Chiefs of Staff, who were reliably reported to have urged the National Security Council that Spain be included in the defence of Western Europe, are being ignored because the State Department insists such a move would offend the Socialists in Britain and France."

Brown pointed out that Field Marshal Lord Montgomery came to Washington last winter and urged openly that Spain be associated with the common Western defence. Brown said: "He told officials in Washington he pleaded with Foreign Secretary Ernest Bevin to bury the ideological hatchet and make the same plea here. The blunt fact is that without the inclusion of Western German and Spanish manpower in the Western defence system the chances of saving Europe are, to say the least, extremely limited."—United Press.

PITMAN'S EXAMINATION

The following students of the Evening Institute's shorthand classes were successful in the Pitman's Examination held in June:

Speed, 110 w.p.m.: Cheung Fung, Pauline, 90 w.p.m.: Lam Bing-kee, David, 80 w.p.m.: Howell, Patricia, Hui, Po-lan, Lam Bing-kee, David, and Lo, Eiler, 70 w.p.m.: Yuen, Irene, 60 w.p.m.: Li, Wai-yin, Lo, Rose, Ma, Glory, Young, Agnes, 50 w.p.m.: Yuen, Irene, 50 w.p.m.: Agnes, Gaudin, Lau, Laura, Law, Yat-ming, Lee Long-chu, Ling, Po-man, Lo, Rose, Mak, Ping-kwan, Tang, Diana.

Theory, Khan, Sarminan, Lam, Florence.

INDIA'S UN DELEGATES

Lake Success, September 19. The Indian delegation to the United Nations held their first meeting here yesterday to take stock of some of the various problems on which they will have to work during the current session of the General Assembly.

After the initial general debates, the Assembly breaks up into seven committees where all proposals are first discussed. The recommendations of these committees are then debated in plenary session by the general body.—Reuter.

U.S.-Filipino talks on defence problem

Manila, September 19. The military necessities of the Philippines with special bearing on the current domestic situation involving an all-out drive against the Huk rebels were outlined to members of the United States State-Defense department's military aid mission at the first "working conference" at Camp Murphy here today.

Leaders of the 20-man survey mission, headed by Mr. John Melby, special assistant to Mr. Dean Rusk, Assistant Secretary of State for Far Eastern Affairs, and Marine Major-General Graves B. Erskine, were understood to have received confidential information on the present defence and security strength of the country and potential army resources and technical briefing on equipment, armament and disposition of troops.

Today's initial brass talks confab—which will be followed by several others during the next two weeks in a survey which is expected to lead to increased military assistance from the United States in the near future to help this country neutralise the menace of Communism—took place at the camp on the city's edge with the Philippine army top brass.

Attending were Mr. Melby, Major-General Erskine, members

The 149-page report did not name Russia specifically, but the reference was unmistakable when the report said that, for the "first time in 136 years, an enemy has the power to attack our cities in strong force and for the first time in our history that attack may come suddenly with little or no warning."

The White House explained that until the legislation was adopted, funds for the temporary agency would be supplied from the President's emergency fund.

President Truman is expected to set up the temporary agency within a week or two.

Mr. Truman sent with the report a proposed bill for establishing a permanent civil defence administration.

ARP wardens

The report called for a Federal civil defence administration, State and local organisation and millions of civilian volunteers to act as wardens, auxiliary police, fire guards and shore patrolmen.

The report, drafted by the National Security Resources Board, said such a defence post would enable the nation to recover more quickly from atom bombing and to fight back.

Properly-administered civil defence could cut casualties by 50 per cent and keep the nation's industrial power intact.

Primary emphasis would be placed on the defence of some 140 critical target areas, including all major population and industrial centres of the nation.—United Press.

AUC musicale, supper dance

The American University Club held its first musicale and supper dance at the Hong Kong Hotel last night since its inception three months ago with more than 250 members and guests attending.

Dr. C. T. Wang, the President, expressed his appreciation for the support given to club not only by American returned Chinese students but other nationals as well.

Artists of the evening were Miss Y. S. Dou (piano), Mr. James Huang (tenor), Miss Diana Huang (violin), Miss Constance Hsu (soprano), Mr. W. T. Blackstone (baritone), Mrs. W. T. Blackstone (piano), Mr. Tsan Kuo-lin (violin), Miss Linda Wu (piano).

Mr. H. S. Hudson, Vice-President, after thanking the artists, called upon Sir Sitouan Chow, who he described as the oldest graduate of an American university in the Far East, to present souvenirs to the performers.

Dr. Joseph Yu acted as master of ceremonies.

Wages claim against yacht owner

Gordon B. Ross, owner of the yacht Volador, who is being sued by members of his crew for alleged arrears of pay, was cross-examined by Mr. B. A. Bernacchi, counsel for the plaintiff crew members yesterday.

The case is being heard at the Admiralty Court, presided over by Mr. E. H. Williams, the Acting Chief Justice.

The plaintiffs are A. E. Bryant, G. B. Nesbitt, T. W. Gay and R. H. Goodwin.

In reply to Mr. Bernacchi, Ross said it was his intention to take the ship to the Western hemisphere where it would be sold. Nesbitt and Gay would receive some compensation if the ship was sold before then. He admitted he had made an agreement for Gay to get not less than US\$1,200.

As for Goodwin, Ross said it was never his intention to pay him either in transportation or money. Goodwin was working his passage to Hong Kong.

Bryant was also not receiving wages, but his position was different in that he was a member of the crew, going anywhere with the ship, working for his passage.

Ross said it was understood if the ship was sold in Hong Kong and some money was made, the crew as a whole would get a share.

He said he put into Port Bayard because the vessel was incapable of going further owing to lack of fuel and food.

The next witness was his 12-year-old son, William, who said he accompanied his father on the trip. He remembered Bryant first coming on board in September last year, and while in Canton overheard Bryant telling another man "there were days when we were making money."

Salvador, Dogoncel, who next testified, said he joined the Volador in Manila on September 21, 1948. He was to work his way to the United States. In January this year he signed a contract and joined the stewards department. He took care of the laundry, and helped the chief cook. He received no pay.

P. Estives, seaman, said he joined the Volador two years ago before she was taken over by Ross. When Ross took over the yacht he was paid one peso a day. Further hearing was then adjourned to 2.30 p.m. today.

Duties on toilet preparations

Duties payable on importation of toilet preparations and proprietary medicines shall in future be calculated at the official rate of exchange at the date of payment.

This replaces the existing practice of calculating the duty payable at a rate of exchange fixed from time to time.

Introducing the motion in Legislative Council yesterday the Attorney-General, Mr. J. B. Griffin, said members are aware that the duty payable on toilet preparations authorised to be levied under the Dutiable Commodities Ordinance 1931 is calculated in respect of commodities at the rate of 25 per cent of the f.o.b. (free on board) value.

The f.o.b. value is, of course, stated in the currency of the country of origin. Accordingly, by resolution passed by this Council on December 3, 1947, rates of exchange were specified which should be adopted for the purpose of assessment of duty in Hong Kong dollars. Consequently on devaluation of the French franc, amendment was made by a further resolution of Council on July 20, 1949.

"As to this date, however, it is considered more convenient if an attempt is laid down constant equivalent between the Hong Kong dollar and other currency be abandoned and instead, calculation be made in relation to the official rate of exchange prevailing as between Hong Kong and other currency at the time of payment of duty."

"The purpose of this resolution is to authorise, under section 4 of the Dutiable Commodities Ordinance, the application of this more convenient procedure."

The motion was seconded by the Acting Colonial Secretary, Mr. R. R. Todd, and carried unanimously.

RADIO

Radio Hong Kong broadcasts on a frequency of 845 kilocycles per second and on 522 megacycles per second in the 21 metre band.

H.K.T.
P.M.
12.30—"Hong Kong Calling"—Programme Summary.
12.35—"Pop Road" (Plano) with the Rhythmic section of the Skyrockets Orch. Melley, (ORBB)
12.45—"Light Variety."
1.15—"News, Weather Report and Announcements."
1.30—"Echoes from the Theatre."
2.00—"Close Down."
2.05—"Hong Kong Calling"—Programme Summary.
6.02—"Children's Hour"—"Said the Cat to the Dog"—By Martin Armstrong. (Episode 2) "Visitors" (HICTB)
6.30—"London Radio Melodys"—The Melodys Orch. (HICTB)
7.00—"Take it from Here"—With Joy Nichols, Dick Bentley and Jimmy Edwards. (HICTB)
7.30—"La Demit-House Française" (Studio)
8.00—"World News and News Analysis" (London Relay)
8.15—"Handstand"—Band of the Irish Guards. (HICTB)
8.45—"Radio Time"—By Bill Phillips. (Studio)
9.00—"From the Editorial" (London Relay)
9.10—"Weather Report."
9.15—"Thursday Broadcast"—A Programme of Continuous Music Arranged by Betty Brown.
9.30—"Book Talk" by Ruth Kirby. (Studio)
9.45—"Ringside"—"The Harlequin Bride" by Smetana. BBC Theatre and Chorus. (HICTB)
10.30—"Time for Music"—BBC Midland Light Orchestra. (HICTB)
11.00—"Radio News Relay" (London Relay)
11.15—"Weather Report."
11.30—"Goodnight Music".
11.35—"Goodnight Music".
11.40—"Goodnight Music".
11.45—"Close Down."

Rediffusion

A.M.
7.00—"Up With The Sun."
7.30—"Musical Clock."
7.45—"24 A. K. K. Show."
8.00—"News & Weather Forecast."
8.15—"Howie Gordon Symphonette."
8.30—"Morning Music."
8.45—"Classical."
9.00—"Morning Melody."
P.M.
12.30—"H.K. Stock Exchange."
12.45—"Time Time."
1.30—"From The Films."
1.45—"Light Variety."
1.55—"News."
2.00—"Arch. Of The Week."
2.05—"Variety Calls The Tune."
2.10—"The Tex Benke Show."
2.15—"Toujours."
2.30—"Vocally Yours."
2.45—"Music Makers."
2.55—"The Vic Damone Show."
3.00—"Children's Corner."
3.15—"The Minky Circus Show."
3.30—"Request Show."
3.45—"Men Behind the Music."
3.55—"Fred Warling and his Pennywhistles."
4.00—"For Les Bords De Seine."
4.10—"Bing Bing."
4.15—"Lullaby Lullaby."
4.30—"H.K.C. News."
4.45—"Local News."
4.55—"Concert Miniature."
5.00—"Concert Hall."
5.10—"Musical Merry Go Round."
5.15—"The Walls Live On."
5.20—"At The Opera."
5.30—"H.K.C. News."
5.45—"Local News."
5.55—"Silks and Saddles."
6.00—"Rainbow Rendezvous."
6.10—"Novelty."
6.15—"Anne Ziegler and Webster Booth."
6.30—"Stardust."
6.45—"Close Down."

ST. JOHN ORDERS

Orders by Mr. A. C. Arculli, Commissioner, St. John Ambulance Brigade, Hong Kong District, dated September 22: Order No. 38/50: Ambulance Duties Hong Kong: September 24 to 30, 5th Nam Division; October 1 to 7, Wanchai "A" Division; Ambulance Duties New Territories: September 25 to October 1, Mongkok Division; October 2 to 8, Kowloon and Tai Po Divisions.

Beach Duties Kowloon: 11.45-Mile Beach, Saturday 23 and Sunday 24, Tsau Wan and KYMCA Nursing Divisions; Tuesday 24, Tsau Wan Ambulance and KYMCA Nursing Divisions; Saturday 30 and Sunday 1, Shamshu and KYMCA Divisions; 12-Mile Beach: Unfolding Divisions under D/Supt. arrangements.

Tai Po Swimming Pool: Tai Po Divisions under D/Supt. arrangements.

Ladies' Bathing Club: Kowloon Ambulance and KYMCA Nursing Divisions

Beach Duties Hong Kong: Saturday 23, Repulse Bay, Motor Transport Division; Big Wave, Wanchai "A" Division; Shokou, Confucius Division, Sunday 24, Repulse Bay, Eastern and KYMCA Divisions; Big Wave, Chung Sing and HKYMCA Divisions; Shokou, Big Wave and South China Divisions; Tuesday 25, Repulse Bay, Central and Confucius Divisions; Big Wave, Shaikwan and Motor Transport Divisions; Shokou, Wanchai "A" and "B" Divisions; Saturday 30, Repulse Bay, Big Wave, Shokou, Big Wave, Eastern Divisions; Shokou, Chung Sing Division, Sunday 1, Repulse Bay, KYMCA and Central Divisions; Big Wave, HKYMCA and Shaikwan Divisions; Shokou, South China and Wanchai "A" Divisions.

Race Course Duties: Saturday 23, Wanchai "A" Division, Motor Transport to provide drivers.

Headquarters: The next Senior Officers meeting will be held at the Officers Mess Brigade Headquarters on Friday, September 22, at 8.15 p.m. Will all Senior Officers please attend.

Postmaster: General Duties Medical Officer for duty Sunday 24, Div. Surg. Dr. B. Y. Cheng.

Brigade Equipment Stores: Will all D/Supts. please send that all requests for equipment sent by message to the stores are accompanied by a signed letter or some identification. No stores will be issued to a person unless identity card or written request accompanied same.

Western District Kai Fong Association: The dress for Officers attending this inauguration ceremony at 8 p.m. on Sunday, September 24 will be either White Mess Dress or Civilian Evening Dress.

(Sd.) R. A. EDWARDS, S.D.S.J., Corps Supt.

NEW YORK BANK QUOTATIONS

New York, September 19.
Closing bank quotations:
Bank of America 25 3/4 bid, 27 1/4 asked.
Chase National 27 bid, 29 asked.
National City 43 1/4 bid, 45 1/4 asked.
Associated Press.

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s.s. "CORFU"	21st September	30th September
s.s. "CANTON"	10th October	20th November

Via Southampton, Port Said, Aden, Bombay, Colombo, Penang & Singapore.

HOMEWARDS	LEAVES HONGKONG	DUE LONDON
s.s. "CARTHAIGE"	16th September	25th October
s.s. "CORFU"	27th October	31st November
s.s. "CANTON"	22nd November	16th December
s.s. "CARTHAIGE"	9th December	6th January
s.s. "CORFU"	22nd December	22nd January
s.s. "CANTON"	10th January	15th February

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s.s. "SHILLONG"	16th September	London & Continent
s.s. "BOULON"	15th October	" "

HOMEWARDS	LEAVES HONGKONG	FOR
s.s. "BOULON"	2nd October	London & Continent
s.s. "SHILLONG"	26th October	" "

Via Alexandria.

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s.s. "HANGOLA"	sails 29th Oct.	from Calcutta, Hongkong & Straits, for Japan.

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s.s. "IMAILA"	due 23rd Sept.	from Persian Gulf, Karachi, Bombay, Colombo & Straits.
s.s. "IMAILA"	sails 27th Sept.	for Japan.
s.s. "HOCOTRA"	sails 30th Sept.	for Straits, Colombo & Bombay.

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s.s. "NELLORE"	sails 5th Nov.	for Australian Ports.

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CHINA MAIL

HONG KONG, THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 21, 1950.



Stanley Shield Soccer:

RAMC "A" give an impressive performance

STANLEY SHIELD SOCCER RESULTS AT A GLANCE

RAMC "A" 4, Collegiate 0.
EBO Shamshuipo 2, Dockyard "B" 1.
RAOC 3, 27th HAA RA 2.
Miniature FA "B" 2, Club "D" 0.
Cable & Wireless 0, Kwong Wah "A" 5.
Kit Chre 2, KMB "B" 0.
CAA "A" 3, Navy "C" 0.
SCAA "B" 2, Tramways "A" 0.
PCA "B" 2, Yard Police 1.

SWIMMING:

Matiuk equals record for 150 yards event

Highlight of the third day of the heats for the Colony Open Swimming Championships held at the Victoria Recreation Club yesterday was the time returned by Victor Matiuk of VRC in the 150 yards back stroke event.

In winning his heat, Matiuk registered one minute 51.8 seconds for the distance to equal the existing record established by A. V. Lopes last year.

The performance was greeted with applause from the spectators who had turned out expecting the record to be shattered.

Prior to the commencement of the heats, it was announced that as a result of a final check on the diving scores of the previous day, it was found that Ed. da Rosa was beaten out of the heats by Wong King-woon of Fortuna by one-hundredths of a point.

The finalists are, therefore, Wong Yuen, Wong Sik-hon, Chan Wai-shan and Wong King-woon, all of whom are members of the Fortuna Swimming Club.

Results

Results of the heats held yesterday are as follows:

Men's 150 yards back stroke:
Heat 1: 1. Chan Cheuk-wah (Chinese "Y"), 2. C. C. Wang (Fortuna); 3. Pau Koon-kui (Chinese "Y"). Time: 1 min. 54.8 sec.
Heat 2: 1. V. Matiuk (VRC), 2. Shuen Kam-chiu (Chinese "Y"), 3. M. D. Colloco (VRC). Time: 1 min. 51.8 sec.

(The first two in each heat qualified for the final while Colloco and Pau tied for the fifth position in the final)

Women's 50 yards free style:
Heat 1: 1. Leung Oi-mui (Chung Sing), 2. Wong Yuk-bing (Chinese "Y"), 3. J. J. Eager (VRC); 4. Fung Yee-chie (Chinese "Y"). Time: 32.4 sec.

Heat 2: 1. C. Eager (VRC), 2. Kwok Ngan-hung (Chinese "Y"), 3. Doris Batten (VRC). Time: 31.6 sec.

(C. Eager, Leung Oi-mui, Wong Yuk-bing, J. Eager qualified for the final while Fung Yee-chie and Kwok Ngan-hung tied for the fifth position in the final)

Men's 440 yards free style:
Heat 1: 1. V. Matiuk (VRC), 2. Lam Kwan-ngar (Chinese "Y"). Time: 1 min. 39 sec.

Heat 2: 1. Cheong Kin-man (Fortuna), 2. Gunner D. H. Jones (Army), 3. Lau Kam-bor (Fortuna), 4. Yip Koi (Chung Sing). Time: 8 mins. 22.4 sec.

(Cheong Kin-man, V. Matiuk, Lam Kwan-ngar, Gunner D. H. Jones qualified for the final while Lau Kam-bor and Yip Koi tied for the fifth position in the final)

Men's 4 x 50 yards free style relay:
Heat 1: 1. Chinese YMCA, 2. Eastern AA. Time: 1 min. 52.2 sec.

Heat 2: 1. Fortuna, 2. VRC "A", 3. VRC "B". Time: 1 min. 42.4 sec.

CLASSES FOR SOCCER REFEREES

Commencing Monday, September 25, and every Wednesday and Monday until October 12, a Referees Class will be held in the Hong Kong Football Association's office, Room 211, Prince's Building, Ice House Street, at 8.30 p.m.

The class is open to anyone who may wish to attend. Qualified referees are informed that at the end of this course, an examination will be held for those who may wish to sit for promotion.

SOCCER RESULT

London: September 19.
Tranmere Rovers beat Barrow by two goals to one in a Third Division, Northern, football match today—Reuter.

A total of nine matches in the Stanley Shield Seven-a-Side Charity Soccer Competition were played off yesterday.

On the Army ground at Sookunpoo, the RAMC "A" fielded a team which included Tenucci, Barber and Fairbrother.

These players gave a polished display of constructive football and the Collegiate team, composed mostly of St. Joseph's College schoolboys, found them too hard to handle and lost four goals to nil.

The schoolboys played well as they were allowed and went close to scoring several times. Their goalkeeper was inclined to leave his charge too much and this cost the Collegiate side at least two goals.

Tenucci showed that he had lost none of last year's form, his "feeding" of the forward line being a delight to watch.

Fairbrother showed that he can shoot goals as well as prevent them, while Barber blocked all attempts by the schoolboys to score.

The Engineers Stores Depot, Shamshuipo, scored a well-deserved win over the Dockyard "B" by two goals to one.

They displayed better understanding than did the Dockyard team and this was what tipped the scales in their favour when towards the end of the game both teams were "stuffed".

The concluding game at Sookunpoo between RAOC and 27 HAA RA, ended in a win for the RAOC by three goals to two.

Though the football was not of a very high standard, nevertheless the game was very exciting, as both teams were fairly evenly matched and it was not till one minute from time that RAOC managed to score the winning goal.

The 27 HAA RA had themselves to blame for being knocked out of the competition, as they conceded a goal immediately after the kick-off.

Somehow or other, their goal allowed a weak shot to pass him.

Two minutes later, almost immediately after the kick-off, the ball went between his legs and he managed to dive back in time to prevent the ball from crossing the goal-line.

However, RAOC scored again several minutes later and it appeared that it would be an easy win for the RAOC team.

Shot misjudged

The 27 HAA RA began to play inspired football and shortly before half-time, their right-winger sent in a high kick which the RAOC defence misjudged and the ball fell into the net to lessen the arrears.

In the second half exchanges were even and then in a sudden breakaway 27 HAA RA equalised.

It appeared that extra time would be necessary, but shortly before the final whistle RAOC broke through and scored their third goal to win.

Although they beat Club "D" by two clear goals in the opening game of the afternoon on the Club ground, Miniature FA "B" did not have matters entirely their own way.

Club "D" put up a great fight, with Forrow playing an outstanding game in defence.

Club "D" played a great fight, with Forrow playing an outstanding game in defence.

After a shaky start, the Cable and Wireless goalkeepers played with great confidence and the game progressed and brought off several spectacular saves.

A rude shock

In the final game of the afternoon on the Club ground, Kowloon Motor Bus "B" received a rude shock at the hands of Kit Chee, to whom they lost by two clear goals.

The busmen were rather unlucky to lose, as they enjoyed as much of the play as their opponents. The Kit Chee forwards, however, displayed better marksmanship when it came to shooting.

In the second period, the busmen attacked almost continuously and forced five corners, but they could not pierce the rock-like defence put up by the Kit Chee defenders.

At Caroline Hill, Chinese AA scored an easy victory over the Royal Navy "C" winning by three clear goals.

South China "B" were lucky to enter the next round at the expense of Tramways "A", whom they beat by two clear goals.

PCA "A" were also fortunate to win their game against Yard Police, whom they beat by the narrow margin of two goals to one.

Today's games

A further 10 games in the Competition will be played off this afternoon as follows:

Equine echo from Korea

To the memory of the horses at Gun Club Hill Barracks Riding School, sacrificed in the cause of modern Military economy—September 1950.

Great friends, on no gilt-lettered Roll of Honour will your so well-remembered names appear. Your fate was not the thunder of some battle, but just a distant echo from Korea.

How patiently you followed your tradition, that heritage by which you learnt to serve. The human race in quest of simple pleasure To benefit their health in their and nerve.

No more we'll hear the clapper of your hoofbeats Against the flagstones in your compound ring, As forth you strode past ranks of soul-less horrid, While yearning for the open spaces of Fanning.

Majestically you scorned the howling traffic, Trained by those master hands who loved you well, To carry human freight of all descriptions From Jordan Road to Kowloon's furthest dell.

In byways quiet, or few remaining spaces Not yet engulfed by crazy cult of speed, We could forget the cares of desk or office In happy solace on our favourite steed.

Your names would sometimes match your very natures, With honey playful, Frankie ever gay, Stella like thoughtful stately maiden, And Dandylike ahead would show the way.

But now, War's shadow glooms the Orient, Making free nations arm themselves for Peace; That same old question, 'Is it GUNS or BUTTER?' Has caused your daily provender to cease.

Quietly you met your doom, all unsuspecting, Your friends, not you, who suffer loss and pain, So long you bore the sign of bygone glories, You truly did not live your lives in vain.

POSTSCRIPT—
Bay Anthony, big solitary survivor, Whose name and stature speak of ancient Rome, Warmly we hope, despite your Nippon lineage, Fate brought you to a comfortable home.

HIPPOPHILE.

Week-end Softball programme

By "GRANDSTAND"

The current softball season will be in full swing after this week, when every team will have appeared at least once.

Complimentary remarks were heard from spectators regarding the uniforms worn by all teams this year, and the Association's ruling which makes it compulsory for players to appear on the diamond correctly dressed, has increased the popularity of the pastime.

This week's full card of 11 games will feature a trio of female tussles, with the usual quota of three senior league tilts.

Full programme with chief umpires and scorers follows:

Saturday
MEN'S JUNIOR LEAGUE
2.30 p.m.—St. Teresa's v. Delawares (Umpires: Umbe Moore; Scorer: Eddie Loureiro); Griffin v. South China (Umpire: Bimbi Abing; Scorer: Samuel Samy); 4 p.m. Black Hawks v. Mustangs (Umpire: Manuel Remedios; Scorer: Tony Kwok).

LADIES' LEAGUE
4 p.m. Canadians v. Pirates (Umpire: Hal Wingless; Scorer: Bimbi Abing).

Sunday
MEN'S SENIOR LEAGUE
11.30 a.m. Overseas v. P.I. Dodgers (Umpire: F. A. Ewins; Scorer: Reggie Barretto); 2.30 p.m. Madcaps v. St. Teresa's (Umpire: John Robbins; Scorer: Samuel Samy); 4 p.m. Baseballers v. Panthers (Umpire: Buster Hollands; Scorer: Manuel Nunes); 10 a.m. Pandas v. Spartans (Umpire: Cesar Xavier; Scorer: Eddie Loureiro); 1 p.m. Wildfires v. Rexes (Umpire: Tony Kwok; Scorer: Bernard Silva).

LADIES' LEAGUE
10 a.m. St. Teresa's v. White Fangs (Umpire: Y. C. Mei; Scorer: Roberto Nunes); 1 p.m. Squaws v. Clovers (Umpire: H. Moosdeen; Scorer: Hal Wingless); Umpires listed above have been nominated by Umpire-in-Chief Don Robbins and those who are unable to turn out are requested to advise Mr. Robbins as soon as possible. Tel. 39839.

Today's games
Colony Mixed Doubles 5.15 p.m.
W. J. D. Cooper and Mrs. Andrews v. Mr. Heenan and Mrs. Armstrong.
Club Men's Singles 5.15 p.m.
Dr. G. Smat v. J. V. Sellors.
Club Ladies Singles 5.15 p.m.
Mrs. Campbell v. Mrs. Muckle.
Handicap Men's Doubles 5.15 p.m.
A. D. Scholes and S/L Harris v. W. Pomeroy and D. H. Holmes.
Handicap Mixed Doubles 5.15 p.m.
P. S. McGinn and Mrs. Ayres v. I. P. Tannworth and Mrs. Getz.
Inter-Hong 5.15 p.m.
H. J. Bowden and Campbell Barclay (Jardines) v. R. A. Mead and J. J. Remedios (APC); E. H. Hallinik and R. Pronk (NTS) v. H. M. Newton and W. L. Howard (APC).

BRITAIN WELL AHEAD IN MOTOR CYCLE TRIAL
Llandrindod Wells, Wales, September 19.
After a 212-mile run over twisting mountain tracks and narrow lanes in heavy rain and mist, the British team had established a sweeping lead in the international Trophy, the major event of the international six-days' motor cycle trial which was continued today.

No marks lost

After the second day's run, the British team had lost no marks, while Austria in second place had lost 270 and Italy, who are third, had lost 670.

In the international Silver Vase event the two British teams and the Dutch team all had clean sheets and were sharing first place, while Sweden came next with two penalty marks and the Dutch "B" team, behind them, with 65 penalty marks—Reuter.

The usual weekly Whist Drive was held at the Nine Dragons Services Club on Tuesday, September 19.

The list of prize winners is as follows:

Ladies: 1st Mrs. Thompson; 2nd Mrs. Marshall.

Men: 1st L. Bar Silverer (RA); 2nd S/Sgt. Swindells (APC).

(Consolation: Mrs. Timpany; Knock-Out Whist: Winner Sgt. Thomas (RA) CPO McNeil; Runner-up L. P. Gilbert (RAMC); Cnr. Robinson (RA).)

The next weekly Whist Drive will be on Tuesday, September 20.

Nine Dragons weekly Whist Drive

The usual weekly Whist Drive was held at the Nine Dragons Services Club on Tuesday, September 19.

The list of prize winners is as follows:

Ladies: 1st Mrs. Thompson; 2nd Mrs. Marshall.

Men: 1st L. Bar Silverer (RA); 2nd S/Sgt. Swindells (APC).

(Consolation: Mrs. Timpany; Knock-Out Whist: Winner Sgt. Thomas (RA) CPO McNeil; Runner-up L. P. Gilbert (RAMC); Cnr. Robinson (RA).)

The next weekly Whist Drive will be on Tuesday, September 20.

KCC cricket trial on Saturday

The Kowloon Cricket Club will be holding its first cricket trial of the current season on Saturday, September 23.

This game, which will be an Inter-Club affair, will be played at Cox's Road and is timed to start at 2 p.m. sharp.

Immediately after this game, teams will be selected for a further trial to take place on Tuesday, September 26. Those selected to take part in this further trial will be notified later.

From the performances of the players taking part in the trials, teams to represent the Kowloon Club in the First and Second Divisions of the League will be selected.

The following are requested to attend for Saturday's trial:

"A" team: R. E. Lee, A. Zimmern, F. R. Kernan, V. C. Bond, R. A. Bell, E. C. Fincher, A. J. Abing, R. Randall, W. Pepperell, N. Hart-Baker, J. R. Luke, J. B. Huang, V. C. Seymour, E. A. J. Warner, G. R. Rossett and C. I. Stapleton.

"B" team: J. Lorion, W. M. Davidson, A. T. Lee, D. G. White, P. V. Dodge, Captain Paulker, J. V. Sellers, S. Ramechand, C. S. Ramo, S. V. Gittins, F. A. Broadbridge, L. P. Quincy, R. Thompson, Major McEwan, A. P. Weir and S. Bishop.

Umpires: Captain Bretton and F. Howarth.

Scorer: J. P. Robinson.

Nine Dragons Amateur Boxing Championships

Another six bouts in the Amateur Open Boxing Tournament organised by the Nine Dragons Services Club in connection with Service Officials took place last night.

The finals will be held on Wednesday, September 27, at the Nine Dragons Services Club, Kowloon, commencing at 8 p.m.

At the conclusion of the finals, Mr. J. F. Nicol, Officer Administering the Government, will present the prizes to the successful contestants.

Results

The following are the results of last night's bouts:

BANTAMWEIGHT
Pte. Dremman (RAOC) beat L/Bdr. McDonald (50 Med. Regt.).

Gnr. Irvine (25th Fd) beat Cpl. Lloyd (15th).

FEATHERWEIGHT
Pte. Donohue (RAOC) beat L/Bdr. Dyke (58 Med. Regt.).

W/O Charlton (58 Med. Regt.) beat L/Cpl. Mulloney (58 Fld. Sqdn. RE).

Cpl. Bell (KQSB) beat Gnr. Dunn (33rd Fd).

LIGHTHEAVY
Sgt. Deadman (Wills) beat Spr. Work (24th Fd).

Yachting notes:

Club Nautico de Macao taking part in RHKYC Opening Regatta

By "MOONRAKER"

Members of the Royal Hong Kong Yacht Club who were in Macao for the Chinese New Year will remember the delightful hospitality of the Club Nautico de Macao.

It gives me great pleasure to announce that the Royal Hong Kong Yacht Club will have the opportunity of entertaining the Club Nautico de Macao when they come to Hong Kong to take part in the opening Regatta.

Memorable year for Badminton Association

An important task will confront the Executive Committee of the Hong Kong Badminton Association next season.

It will have to consider and decide whether Hong Kong is in a position to compete in the Pacific Zone in the International "Thomas Cup" Competition for the 1951/52 season, entries for which will close on January 1, 1951.

This information is revealed in the 10th Annual Report of the Association, which will be presented at the Annual General Meeting to be held on Thursday, September 20, at 5.30 p.m.

It is also disclosed in this report that the 1949/50 season will go down in the annals of the Association as one of the most successful and memorable on record.

It has been a year marked by the affiliation of the Association to the International Badminton Federation, the innovation of the Schoolboys events in the Colony Championships, the largely increased number of players and the keen competition and general high standard of badminton in all events.

The accounts for the financial year ended August 31, show an excess of income over expenditure of \$719.93 in the year's working.

LAWN BOWLS:

KCC cause upset in First Division

Fielding several Second and Third Division players, Kowloon Cricket Club caused an upset when they defeated the local club in a First Division Lawn Bowls League match at King's Park yesterday by 15 shots, the final score being 50-43.

The slight anachronism of a first-class modern dance band and a most comprehensive buffet supper were readily overlooked by the appreciative revellers.

Between hard fought battles in which blunderbuss and water pistol was used to good effect, surplus energy was dissipated by Eighteenth Reels and other high spirited dances.

At midnight the ceremonial sharing out of boxes from the treasury chest was added to the steady mellow flow of good liquor.

At what time the last remnant of the practical forces dispersed cannot be disclosed, but as everyone knows, no good pirate (or his loot) is seen abroad after dawn.

Race results

Dinghy Team Race, Wednesday, September 13, HQ 28 Inf. Bde, v. 18 Fd. Amb.—1st Colk (1), one hour 12 minutes (2818); 2nd McLachlan (8), one hour 13 minutes (2819); 3rd Wiles (1), one hour 13 minutes 55 seconds (2818).

Scorer: HQ 28 Inf. Bde. 21 points; 18 Fd. Amb. 14 points.

Dinghy Series Race, Thursday, September 14.—1st Laufer (1), 25 minutes 50 seconds; Remainder DNF.

Dinghy Series Race, Saturday, September 16.—1st Cooper (1), 59 minutes 20 seconds; 2nd MacSweeney (8), one hour 1 minute 32 seconds; 3rd Youliff (11), one hour 4 minutes 22 seconds.

Rodding Series Race, Saturday, September 16.—1st Miss Losby (10), one hour 34 minutes 13 seconds; 2nd Brown (2), one hour 34 minutes 40 seconds; 3rd Madden (1), two hours eight minutes 40 seconds.

Dinghy Race, Sunday, September 17.—1st Miss Losby (10), one hour 34 minutes 13 seconds; 2nd Brown (2), one hour 34 minutes 40 seconds; 3rd Madden (1), two hours eight minutes 40 seconds.

The following were the results of major races played today:

Rugby League: Yorkdale Cup, Second Round: Bailly 10 Walsfield Trinity 8.

Rugby Union: Bayle 0 Rosslyn Park 9—Reuter.

PORTUGAL'S LAWN BOWLS TEAM

The following have been selected to represent Portugal in a Lawn Bowls game against India in the Gutierrez International Shield Competition.

The game will be played at the Kowloon Cricket Club on Sunday, October 1, commencing at 3.30 p.m.

J. A. Luz, C. C. Pereira, C. E. Passos, J. F. V. Ribeiro (Skip), A. Alarcoun.

TAIKOO CLUB BOWLS TEAM

Taikoo Club are again at home for a Lawn Bowls friendly match with the Hong Kong Electric Club on Saturday, September 23, at 3.30 p.m.

Thru-rinks will be played and Taikoo will be represented by: A. Steven, J. A. Smith, J. B. Barker, J. H. Kinniburgh (Skip), B. O. Baker, C. M. McLennan, R. B. Marshall, S. J. Pollock (Skip), O. H. Clayton, A. W. Lock, W. G. McKie, J. C. Chalmers (Skip).

The weekly winners in the Widdowson were: J. Nimmo, J. McMillan, L. Chadwick, Kew and J. C. Chalmers (Skip).

ALL-INDIA SOCCER TEAM DUE HERE ON NOVEMBER 1

The All-India Soccer Federation team will be arriving in Hong Kong on November 1, for a series of games in the Colony.

A telegram to this effect was received by the Hong Kong Football Association yesterday and a meeting of the Inter-Club Sub-Committee of the HKFA will be held on Monday, September 25, at the Association's office at 5.30 p.m., to discuss arrangements in connection with the visit.

According to a Reuter cable of September 13, the All-India Soccer Federation team would be visiting Hong Kong, Singapore and Burma following a tour of Ceylon during the second week of October.

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